HENNESSY'S
THREE STAR
BRANDY.
Insist upon having it.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 53,367—New Series. BOMBAY :—FRIDAY, DECEMBER 23, 1904. PRICE 4 ANNAS.

PUBLISHED MONTHLY PRICE ANNAS 8.
THE INDIAN RAILWAY
TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.
The Best and Most Complete Guide in India.
Time and Fare Tables of all Indian Railways, Steam Boats, and Daks, Places of Interest—Inland and along the Coast, Postal and Telegraphic Information, &c., &c.
COLORED MAP OF INDIA.
"Bombay Gazette" Press, Fort, Bombay.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing. 1904 Saturday, 3 P.M.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with.	Tons.
24th Dec	PERSIA	7951		
31st ,,	CALEDONIA	7558	MOLDAVIA	9900
1905.				
7th Jan.	ARABIA	7903		
14th ,,	ARCADIA	6603	VICTORIA	6982
21st ,,	ORIENTAL	5294		
28th ,,	CALEDONIA	7558	HIMALAYA	6893
4th Feb.	EGYPT	7919		
11th ,,	ARCADIA	6603	INDIA	7911
18th ,,	CALEDONIA	7558		
25th ,,	PERSIA	7951	BRITANNIA	6525
4th Mar.	MACEDONIA	10512		
11th ,,	ARCADIA	6603	MONGOLIA	9505
18th ,,	ARABIA	7903		
25th ,,	PENINSULAR	5294	OCEANA	6518
1st April	PERSIA	7951		
8th ,,	ARCADIA	6603	MARMORA	10509
15th ,,	EGYPT	7919		
22nd ,,	PENINSULAR	5294	CHINA	7912
29th ,,	CALEDONIA	7558		
6th May	ARCADIA	6603	MOLDAVIA	9500
13th ,,	MACEDONIA	10512		

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.
Passengers for Brindisi transhipped at Port Said.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON the day previous to sailing, and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 A.M. on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with Port of Destination.

Tenders leave the Ballard Pier on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place between 12 and 12-30 o'clock P.M. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on Board the Mail Steamer unless so examined, and conveyed thence in the Company's Steam Barges. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of passengers cannot go on Board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits, China, and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

Cargo Steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals call at ports en route.

W. C. SYMES,
Acting Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 18th October, 1904.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

GRINDLAY GROOM & CO.,
BOMBAY.

PASSENGERS booked without charge, and on Favourable Terms. Berths carefully selected.
SLEEPING CAR and CONTINENTAL RAILWAY TICKETS procured.
RAILWAY OFFICIALS and MISSIONARIES booked at Reduced Rates.
PASSAGES booked to ENGLAND via JAPAN and AMERICA by the Canadian Pacific, Occidental and Oriental and Pacific Mail Routes.
HANDBOOK giving Details of Fares, &c., and List of Sailings by all Lines sent free on application.
PASSENGERS met on arrival.
BAGGAGE shipped and cleared and Insurance effected covering all risks.
PACKAGES cleared or shipped.
CIRCULAR NOTES, BANK NOTES, DRAFTS and SOVEREIGNS at current rates.

Calcutta Agents.—GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON AGENTS.—GRINDLAY & Co.

COMPAGNIE DES
MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY,
ARMAND BEHIC	6,635	Guionnet	28th Jan. 1905.
VILLE de la CIOTAT	6,639	Fiaschi	23rd Feb 1905.
YARRA	4,255	X.	23rd March 1905.
NERA	5,807	Chevalier	20th April 1905.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's at Reduced Fares. This arrangement will prove, in some cases, of special advantage to Passengers on three months' privilege leave.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT,
AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessel.	Tons.	Captain.	To Sail on or about
YARRA	4,255	X.	6th Jan. 1905.
NERA	5,807	Chevalier	3rd Feb. 1905.

For further Particulars apply to
P. de BURE, Agent.
New Oriental Bank Buildings, 57, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA
FLORIO AND RUBATTINO UNITED
COMPANIES.

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct or BRINDISI and VENICE,
(transhipping at PORT SAID).

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
R. RUBATTINO	4,650	M. Saporiti	14th Jan. 1905.
D. BALDUINO	4,651	O. Cinepa	15th Feb. 1905.
R. RUBATTINO	4,650	M. Saporiti	15th Mar. 1905.

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE AND BEER.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.
Single tickets	Rs. 600	Rs. 350	Rs. 165
Return tickets available 2 years	,, 900	,, 525	

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application. Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples or Genoa with the Company's weekly service. 1st Class Rs. 815; 2nd Class, Rs. 625. Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break their journey at any port en route.

BOMBAY TO SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
CAPRI	6,000	G. Belsito	17th Jan. 1905.
ISCHIA	6,000	D. Morgantini	17th Feb. 1905.
CAPRI	6,000	G. Belsito	17th Mar. 1905.

Excellent accommodation. SALOON Fares to SINGAPORE Rs. 155, and to HONGKONG Rs. 220.

F. CROCCO, Agent.
Esplanade Road, No. 27.

NOTICE.

SUBSCRIBERS who have hitherto been SUPPLIED with the "Bombay Gazette" through the Cosmopolitan Library, can obtain it by applying to Messrs. VINCENT & CO., 19, Hornby Road, 3rd Floor, Fort, or the "Bombay Gazette" Head Office.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.
Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR KARACHI DIRECT.

T. S. "Lhasa," 2,171 tons, on FRIDAY, the 23rd December, from the Victoria Dock Wall No. 14 Shed, on arrival of the English Mail.

FOR CUTCH MANDVIE AND KARACHI.

S. S. "Dumra," 1,700 tons, on MONDAY, 26th December, from the Victoria Dock, Wall No. 14 Shed, at 10 A.M.

FOR KATHIAWAR COAST, AND KARACHI.

S. S. "Vita," 1,000 tons, on TUESDAY, the 27th December, at 10 a.m., from the Victoria Dock, Wall No 14 Shed, sailing at Veraval, Mangrol, Porebunder, Cutch Mundvie and Karachi.

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "Goalpara," 2,000 tons, on WEDNESDAY, the 28th December, from the Victoria Dock Wall No. 14 Shed, at 10 a. m., calling at Karachi, Gwadur, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Dubai, Lingah, Bahrein, and Bushire.

FOR KARACHI, MUSCAT, BUSHIRE, MAHOMMERAH, KOWEIT AND BUSREH.

S. S. "Dwarka," 2,000 tons, on THURSDAY, 29th December, from the Victoria Dock, Wall No. 14 Shed, at 8 a.m.

FOR KARACHI, PORBUNDER, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, BEIRA DELAGOA BAY AND DURBAN.

S. S. "Nowshera," 3,000 tons, on or about 27th December.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA

S. S. "Bhundara," 2,800 tons, on or about 31st December.

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO., Agents.
Bombay, 22nd December, 1904.

KING, KING & CO.,

BANKERS and EAST INDIA AGENTS, BOMBAY.

PASSAGES ENGAGED and best available berths secured at lowest rates obtainable by P. and O. and all other Steamers, free of charge of Commission.

Latest List of Sailings, Fares and Handbook of information furnished by return of post on application.

SPECIAL REDUCED FARES for Railway Officials, Missionaries and Family Parties obtained.

Special attention paid to the grouping of Passengers travelling 2nd Class by P. and O.

Every assistance rendered to Passengers on arrival in Bombay. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and Shipped.

Special Agents of the Firm meet all Steamers at Brindisi and Marseilles.

Packages of every description received for Despatch as Cargo to Messrs. HENRY S. KING & Co., London, or Messrs. KING BAILLIE and Co., Liverpool.

Freight and Marine Insurance at the Lowest Rates. Quotations furnished on application.

KING HAMILTON & Co.,
Calcutta.
HENRY S. KING & Co., London.

STEAM.
CALCUTTA TO AUSTRALIAN PORTS.
BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

PASSENGER Steamers are despatched from Calcutta direct to Adelaide, Melbourne, Sydney, and Brisbane, returning via Torres Straits booking Cargo and Passengers through to all ports in Queensland and New Zealand with liberty to call at Singapore and Batavia.

For Freight, Passage, or other Particulars, apply to
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.
Bombay, 15th December, 1904.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

BOMBAY TO TRIESTE VIA ADEN, SUEZ, & PORT SAID.
DIRECT LINE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on
IMPERATRIX G. Ghezzo		4,194	1st Jan, 1905.
IMPERATOR.. F. Mosca		4,119	1st Feb. 1905.
IMPERATRIX G. Ghezzo		4,194	1st March 1905.
IMPERATOR ..F. Mosca		4,119	1st Apr. 1905.

PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 600	Rs. 325	Rs. 150

Takes Passengers to East African ports with transhipment at Aden.

ORDINARY LINE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about
† MARIA VALERIE	P. Berberovich	4,247	25th Dec. 1904
* † GISELA	G. Damlanovich	4,260	27th Jan. 1905
* † CHINA	S. Tomanovich	6,000	23rd Feb. 1905
AUSTRIA	R. Colledani	7,588	29th Mar. 1905

† Will call at Fiume. * Will call at Karachi.

PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE.

	Saloon.	Deck.
TO TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 400	Rs. 150

RETURN TICKETS TO TRIESTE AND VENICE AVAILABLE FOR ANY PERIOD WITHIN TWO YEARS.

1st Class, Rs. 900. 2nd Class Rs. 488, Saloon Rs. 600

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON
1st and 2nd Class Single and Return Tickets are issued Via Trieste, the St. Gothards and other Routes

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE MESSAGERIES MARITIMES CO

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Austrian Lloyd, and the Return Voyage by the Messageries Maritimes Co. at reduced fares

Passengers to VENICE tranship at TRIESTE to another steamer of the Company which takes about 6 hours to cross the Gulf.

STEAM TO JAPAN VIA COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA AND KOBE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about
PERSIA	P. Craglietto	5,895	27th Dec. 1904.

For further particulars regarding Passages, Apply to
E. SCARPA, Agent-General,
Sassoon House, 54, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

DEUTSCHE OST AFRIKA LINIE.
(GERMAN EAST AFRICA LINE.)
BOMBAY—AFRICA.

THE following Steamers will SAIL—

Steamers.	Tons.	Capt.	To sail.
S. S. SULTAN	2084	Burmeister	29th Dec 1904.
,, SOMALI	2655	Volkertsen	16th Jan. 1905.

Taking Passengers and Cargo for MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, and all Eastern and Southern Ports of AFRICA up to CAPE TOWN.

For Rates and Particulars apply to
A. STRANDES,
Agent,
4, Medows Street, Bombay, 15th December, 1904.

A. M. DOMINICK & CO.,

4, BRUCE LANE, FORT, SOUTH OF ST. THOMAS' CATHEDRAL.

IMPORTERS OF

ITALIAN, FRENCH, GERMAN, GREECIAN, TURKISH PROVISION OILMANSTORES

of best Manufacture, Delicious and Rich Cream Cheese.

GRUEYERE, PARMESSAN, BALKANISE, CATSCAVALL, STILTON, DOUBLE GLOUCESTER, etc.

ANCHOVIES FILETS AND ANTIPASTE
ANCHOVIES SALTED (in bulk by pounds.)
FINEST OLIVE OIL in Bottles and in Tins.
PURE WINE VINEGAR.
SAUSAGES MILAN in Skins, SAUSAGES MORTADELLAS.
MACARONI ASSORTED, VERMICELLI, SOUP PASTE, RICE
OLIVES CALAMATA in Oil.
OLIVES Green and Black (in bulk by pounds.)
DRY BEANS, PEAS, LENTILS, BROAD BEANS, etc.
WINES CHIANTI (real Florence in flasks) VERMOUTH ITALIAN.
BEER FINEST PILSENER "The Crown Brand."
PRICES VERY MODERATE. A TRIAL SOLICITED.

XMAS SEASON! XMAS SEASON!!

HAVE you seen PHILLIPS & CO.'S Establishment? If not you should pay them a visit and see their Full Display of Xmas Goods generally, PHOTO FRAMES, HARDWARE, TOYS, DOLLS, SWEETS, NUTS OF ALL KINDS, CRACKERS, CHINESE LANTERNS, XMAS CARDS, MUSCATEL RAISINS, FIGS, White's Celebrated Christmas HAMS, BACON, and CHEESE. NEW STOCKS OF FANCY and HARDWARE GOODS.

ABUNDANT SUPPLIES OF EVERYTHING.
PRICES THE LOWEST IN BOMBAY.

N.B.—Look out for the Bran Pie for the Youngsters on Saturday, X'mas Eve, the 24th.

PHILLIPS & CO., LD.,
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

SMOKE

BAHADUR

CIGARS

THEY HAVE

NO

EQUALS.

McDOWELL & CO. LD.

MADRAS.

THE ITALIAN STORES.
C. COLONNELLO, SON & CO.

STEVEDORES AND PURVEYORS TO THE NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO AND RUBATTINO, BOMBAY, AND THE ITALIAN ROYAL MARINE, RUSSIAN AND ARGENTINE MEN-O'-WAR.

105, MEDOW'S STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

GRUYERE, PARMESAN and GORGONZOLA CHEESE.
PURE and GENUINE, LUCCA OIL of the OLIVES for TABLE and CULINARY Purpose.
PURE ITALIAN WINE VINEGAR.
MILAN SAUSAGES in SKIN (Italian). ANCHOVIES SALTED (loose). BLACK and GREEN OLIVES (loose). All kinds of French, Italian and German Stores.
Largest Importers of MACARONI, VERMICELLI and SOUP PASTES ASSORTED CONSIGNMENTS arriving here every Month. PRICES REDUCED for the Season only from the 15th October to 31st December, 1904, a Box of 10 lbs. at Rs. 2-8 and loose at 5 ans. per lb. Fancy Shaped MACARONI prepared with EGGS, a speciality and novelty.
MASTICA DE CHIO, VERMOUTH (French and Italian), CHIANTI, BARBERA, CAPRI LACRIMA CHRISTI, MARSALA., CHERRY and BLACKBERRY BRANDY, BENEDICTINE and CHARTREUSE. WALNUTS, ALMONDS and HAZELNUTS, NAPLES FIGS, MUSCATEL RAISINS and CHESTNUTS, LENTILLES, BEANS, white and Red.
Attention is drawn to our celebrated GRIGNOLINO CLARET as a Speciality and a thoroughly Genuine article,—Only Rs. 10 per Doz. Bottles.

EXHIBITION

THIS MONTH AND AFTER.

A JOURNEY TO BOMBAY,
SHOULD INCLUDE A VISIT
TO OUR ESTABLISHMENT,
43 ESPLANADE ROAD.

DO NOT FORGET, RAILWAY RETURN TICKETS FOR XMAS HOLIDAYS.

CHRISTMAS TRADE ON THE MOVE
STOCK UP TO CONCERT PITCH:
NOVELTIES IN JEWELLERY.
NOVELTIES IN CLOCKS & WATCHES,
NOVELTIES IN CASED SILVERWARE.
NOVELTIES HERE,
NOVELTIES THERE.
NOVELTIES EVERYWHERE.
AT

MARCKS & Co., LTD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.
OPPOSITE UNIVERSITY CLOCK TOWER,
43, ESPLANADE ROAD.

"BOMBAY GAZETTE" EXHIBITION COUPON.

FREE TICKET TO INDUSTRIAL 1904 EXHIBITION.
CUT THIS OUT.

NAME OF COUPON HOLDER.

Holders of thirty Coupons will receive a FREE ENTRANCE (one day) Ticket to Exhibition on application to
Box No. 1483N., "Bombay Gazette,"
where Coupons may be sent superscribed "Exhibition"
Names of those entitled to Tickets will be published every morning in the "Bombay Gazette."

Note Instructions carefully. Write your name legibly in space for SIGNATURE.

'XMAS
AND
NEW YEAR
PRESENTS.

WE HAVE RECEIVED FROM
LONDON AND THE CONTINENT
A VARIED ASSORTMENT OF SELECT AND USEFUL
SMOKERS' REQUISITES
OF THE
BEST MANUFACTURE AND WORKMANSHIP,
MOST SUITABLE FOR PRESENTATION
DURING THE SEASON.

TH. VAFIADIS & CO.,
20, ESPLANADE ROAD.

GOOD NILGIRI COFFEE.

DIRECT FROM THE CURING WORKS.

TRADE S. & CO. MARK

30 lbs. Small Coffee delivered free at any Railway Station between Coimbatore and Bombay	Rs.	11	a. 14
3 1-lb. tins Finest Ground Coffee, Red Ensign label, delivered free of all charges at any address in India—V. P. Post		3	0
6 1-lb. tins do. do. do.		5	10

FOR FULL PARTICULARS OF WHOLE and GROUND COFFEE and TEAS APPLY TO T. STANES & CO.
COFFEE WORKS, COIMBATORE.

"PIVERFELL"
(ANTI-MALARIAL PILLS)
SAFEST AND SUREST.
Sole Agents :—F. S. MADON & Co.,
170, Shaik Memon Street, Bombay.
BOWMAN'S

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

SINGER CO.
REMOVING
TO
HORNBY ROAD.

CHATRE'S INDIAN CIRCUS.

Revisits Bombay after 3 years.

CHANGE OF PROGRAMME.

TO-NIGHT

Performance commences 9 P.M.

LOCATION, OPPOSITE ELPHINSTONE HIGH SCHOOL, DHOBI TALAO.

Full of Novelties from China, Japan, and America.

MISS AWDA'S

BICYCLE FEAT ON WIRE.

TRAINED LIONS, TIGERS, ELEPHANTS, DOGS, and RUSSIAN CAMEL.

INDIAN PARROT FIRES A GUN.

Skilful and Daring NATIVE and FOREIGN ACROBATS.

BOX PLAN at Messrs. SEYMOUR DOVE & CO., Fort, where seats can be booked till 5 p.m. All other seats at the Circus Camp.

ADMISSION AS USUAL.

N. B.—MATINEE ON SATURDAY and SUNDAY AFTERNOON, 3-30 P.M., when School-boys will be admitted HALF-RATE.

B. B. AND C. I. RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

IN CONSEQUENCE of the CHRISTMAS HOLIDAYS, the Cheap "Week End" Intermediate and THIRD CLASS RETURN TICKETS, issued on FRIDAY or SATURDAY, the 23rd and 24th December, 1904, will be available for completion of the return journey by NOON (i.e 12 o'clock) of TUESDAY the 3rd January 1905.

C. CROMMELIN,
General Traffic Manager.

General Traffic Manager's Office, Bombay, 22nd December, 1904.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

FOR FOOD SUPPLY TO MUNICIPAL CATTLE.

SEALED TENDERS for the SUPPLY of following articles for one year from 1st March, 1905 to 28th February, 1906 are invited by the Municipal Commissioner on the subjoined conditions to which the attention of intending tenderers is specially drawn. The tenders will be received by the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay upto 2 P. M on MONDAY the 16th January, 1905.

Tender No. 1 for Ooreed, Bran, Gram, Oil Cakes, Matra Rice, Barley, and Salt for the Municipal Bullocks, Horses and Mules.

Tender No 2 for Hay, Green Grass, Rice straw, and Lucerne grass, Kervi grass, Guinea grass, and Vegetables for Municipal Bullocks, heifers and Cows to be supplied in Bombay.

Tender No. 3 for Hay, Lucerne Grass and Rice Straw for Cattle Sheep and Goats at the Municipal Slaughter Houses at Bandora.

Tenderers have the option of tendering for all the above supplies (items 1, 2 and 3) or for any one or more of them. It is however necessary that separate tenders be submitted for the supplies comprised under tender No. 1. tender No. 2 and tender No 3.

Alternative rates for the supply of Ooreed (1) as per sample to be inspected in the office of the Executive Health Officer and (2) of the quality known as Rangoon Ooreed should be distinctly specified in the tender.

Printed forms of tenders and conditions of Contract &c. can be obtained on payment of rupee one for each form of tender at the office of the Executive Health Officer.

A deposit of Rs 1,500 in case of item 1, of Rs. 1,500 in case of item 2 and of Rs 500 in case of item 3 must be paid into the Chief Accountant's office at the time of lodging the tenders which will be forfeited in case of withdrawal of tender or of refusal to sign the contract.

Successful tenderers must pay full stamp duty on their respective contracts and the charges, if any, for executing them. The successful tenderer or tenderers will be required to deposit in cash or securities only 2 per cent of the total contract amount. As a further security for the fulfilment of the contract reductions will be made at the rate of 5 per cent up to a limit of 10 per cent on the contract amount from the fortnightly bills to be paid as hereinafter mentioned and these reductions will be added to the original deposits and will be subject to the same conditions and restrictions as regards the original deposits. The securities if paid in cash will bear no interest but will be at the request of the successful tenderer be invested in Government or other securities from time to time on conditions to be ascertained from the Chief Accountant.

Payments for supplies received will be made fortnightly on receipt of properly certified bills. The first fortnightly payment will be made after the 2nd fortnightly supply is received in March 1905 and thereafter every fortnight and the payment due for the supplies made during the first fortnight of the contract will be held as security for the due fulfilment of the contract and will be subject to the same conditions as the deposit of 2 per cent. of the contract amount and the 5 per cent. reductions made from the fortnightly bills.

It will be optional with the successful tenderers to keep a reserved stock of ooreed &c. on hand but they will not be bound in any way to keep a received stock sufficient to last for any particular period.

The supplies to be made of the different articles specified above must be all of the first quality according to sealed sample open to inspection in the office of the Executive Health Officer except in regard to Rangoon Ooreed of which a sample of the quality to be supplied should be forwarded with the tenders.

Tenderers must distinctly understand that the terms as regards the deposits &c stipulated in the tender forms will not be allowed to be altered either before or after the acceptance of the tenders on the grounds of former precedents or for any other reason.

The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender or tenders and reserves the right before accepting tenders of revising each of the rates in the successful tenders as may appear to be exceptionally high.

W. L. HARVEY,
Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay.

Municipal Offices Bombay, December 19-5.

THE ARMY AND NAVY CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY, LIMITED,

Of 105, Victoria Street, Westminster, London, S. W.

THE BOMBAY and CALCUTTA DEPOTS of the SOCIETY will be CLOSED on MONDAY, the 26th instant, 'XMAS HOLIDAY.

NOTICE.

DURING my temporary ABSENCE from Bombay, Captain J. E. METCALFE will act for me as Marine Surveyor.

J. B. MACFADYEN.

THE SVADESHI MILLS Co., Ld.

RE-DEBENTURE LOAN OF 1896.

NOTICE is hereby given that of the subscribed portion of the above DEBENTURES the following bearing the numbers hereunder given have been drawn for payment under the provisions for that purpose endorsed upon the debentures and the same will be paid off at the Company's Office, Victoria Buildings, Fort, on and after the 30th day of December, 1904,

The numbers are:—

9, 10, 15, 18, 28, 33, 56, 57, 63, 72, 77, 85, 93, 90, 110, 133, 162, 166, 174, 179, 182, 185, 200, 207, 212, 217, 241, 245, 257, 257, 264, 270, 275, 284, 288, 308, 332, 342, 347, 362, 395, 397, 414, 423, 440, 442, 460, 465, 474, 478, 481, 484, 488, 508, 609, 622, 517, 558, 587, 588, 595, 622, 623, 633, 638, 647, 689, 698, 705, 724, 733, 737, 738, 752, 775, 797, 814, 819, 814, 821, 829, 843, 841, 884, 887, 871, 872, 877.

TATA AND SONS AGENTS,
The Svadeshi Mills Co. Ld.

DIABETES of any STAGE and STANDING will be cured by our specific. S. SUBBA RAO Esq., Bombay, writes:—"Having seen an Advertisement in the "Bombay Gazette," I tried your specific for

DIABETES.

By God's blessing and your medicine I am perfectly cured."

Price Rs. 3. For detailed account of TREATMENT and TESTIMONIALS please address

J. C. MOOKERJEE & Co.,
THE VICTORIA CHEMICAL WORKS, RANAGHAT, (BENGAL.)

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

WARREN'S GRAND CIRCUS
AND MENAGERIE.

OF HIGHLY EDUCATED WILD ANIMALS.

The greatest CIRCUS Organization ever having visited Bombay.

OPENING NIGHT.

TO-NIGHT FRIDAY 23RD DECEMBER.

THE GRANDEST AND BEST TENTED SHOW EVER PROJECTED.

All new with costliest Equipment Procurable.

The only Circus in the East with its Menagerie of 11 Huge Forest-Bred Lions, Tigers, Leopards, Bears, Dogs, a magnificient steed of Horses and Poines and

THE ONLY PERFORMING ZEBRAS IN THE WORLD.

The greatest of all Wild Animal Acts.

JOHN CLEMPERT.

THE HAND CUFF KING and PRINCE of POLICE BAFFLERS.

A CHALLENGE.—J Clempert challenges the Police and Public for Rs. 1,000, to fasten him in regulation handcuffs and chains, that he cannot escape from. Bring your own handcuffs and Chains.

MISS IDA STOODLEY.

HAUTE ECOLE RIDER.

THE FOUR Miss ELLIOTTS.'

Marvellous Lady Acrobats and Juglers.

GUS LE DIAL.

In his comic tumbling and Pot Pouri Act.

ROMAH DEPPS and TONIO.

The greatest Horizontal Bar Performers.

Miss NORA.

With her 20 Wonderful Performing Cockatoos.

GEORGE LOVETT.

The Human Crocodile.

GENERAL MITE.

The smallest Trotting Pony in the World.

RHEINGOLD and SULTAN,

The Two forest-bred Lions introduced by Miss DONAL.

MERRY LITTLE BENHAM.

Prince of Equestrienne Humourists.

The above Artists will appear in conjunction with the Greatest Circus Company of Riders, Leapers, Acrobats, Aerialists, Clowns, Dumies, etc, etc.

There is no show anywhere where the management of which is more zealous in providing COMFORTABLE SEATS and ACCOMMODATION for its PATRONS.

Mr. GEO. WARREN, begs to announce to his patrons that notwithstanding the great expense attached to the importation of this great orgánization there will be no advance on the usual prices of admission.

MATINEES EVERY WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY.

Box (to hold 6)	Rs. 20	Second Circle	Rs. 2
Single Seat in box	4	Carpet gallery	1
Dress Circle	3	Fitfor natives only	Rs. 8

Box plan now open at SEYMOUR DOVE and Co.'s.

FIRST GRAND MATINEE.
CHRISTMAS EVE.
SATURDAY 24TH DEC., at 4 P.M.

Children Half Price to all parts, except Gallery.

L. FAULKENER WILLIS.
Representative.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO per Austrian Lloyd's S. S. "PERSIA," from TRIESTE and INTERMEDIATE PORTS, via Karachi are hereby informed of the Vessel's arrival, and REQUESTED TO TAKE IMMEDIATE DELIVERY of their GOODS landed at the Victoria Dock, No. 8 Berth.

The Company's Surveyor, Captain MACFADYEN, will attend every morning to survey Damages, and all Claims in this respect must be adjusted within seven days after the discharge of the Cargo, otherwise they will not be entertained.

No surveys can be allowed after the seven days, or on Goods removed from the Landing Shed.

E. SCARPA,
Agent-General, Austrian Lloyd's S. N. Co.

BAI SAKARBAI DINSHAW PETIT.

HOSPITAL FOR ANIMALS.

NOTICE is hereby given that SEALED TENDERS for the SUPPLY of HAY of the best quality for the use of Horses and Cattle in the above named Hospital, will be received by the undersigned, on or before WEDNESDAY, the 28th instant.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned, daily between 1 and 3 P.M.

MANECKSHAW D. DOCTOR,
Secretary and Treasurer.

"Apollo House," Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay 7th December, 1904.

THE INDIAN NATIONAL CONGRESS.

INDUSTRIAL AND AGRICULTURAL EXHIBITION, BOMBAY 1904.

THE BOMBAY INDUSTRIAL and AGRICULTURAL EXHIBITION. Open every day including SUNDAYS from 8 to 11-30 P.M. Admission Re. 1 Family Coupon Books of 20 Tickets for Rs. 10.

The Committee have decided not to sell any more non-transferable Coupon Books of Rs 10 Rs. 15 and Rs. 20.

Water Chute Ride Charge reduced to 8 annas

Tram Cars available till 11-30 P.M

VITHALDAS D. THAKERSEY,
Chairman
Exhibition Committee.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS for the SUPPLY of WOOD suitable for the CREMATION of dead bodies at the Hindu Burning grounds at Haines Road, Mahim and Tank Bunder for one year from 1st March, 1905 to 28th February 1906 will be received by the Municipal Commissioner up to 2 P M on THURSDAY the 19th January, 1905.

2 Tenderers have the option of tendering for supplies at all of the above Cemeteries or for supply at one or more of them.

3. Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 200 for the supply at each Cemetery which will be forfeited in case of withdrawal of tender or of refusal to sign the contract. The successful tenderer will be required to pay the full stamp duty on his contract and the charges for executing it and such further deposit as with the Rs. 200 deposited with the tender will make up ten per cent on the amount of the contract. The security deposit if paid in cash will bear no interest.

4. Further particulars can be obtained on application to the Health officer.

5. The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender. Each tender must be accompanied by a sample of wood.

W. L. HARVEY,
Municipal Commissioner, for the City of Bombay.
Municipal Commissioner's Office, Bombay, 22nd Dec., 1904.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR HOLIDAYS.

BETWEEN 15th December, 1904 and 15th JANUARY, 1905, the Undersigned will be glad to issue TICKETS to KARACHI and BACK at the following rates:—

First Class Return..... Rs. 60.
Second Class Return..... Rs. 30.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents, B.I.S.N. Co., Ld.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVTS.

Only Advertisements for Clerks, Servants, &c., Houses to Let, and Goods for Sale or Wanted, are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only.) Three lines, per insertion. One Rupee. Every additional line, Eight Annas. REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid.

ENGLISH-MADE Electro-Plated Presentation Table Lamps, Artistic but not obtrusive, Fitted with globes and chimnies or lace shades, holders and chimnies, From Rs. 18 to Rs. 95 each.—MARCKS & Co., Ld., Jewellers, &c., Bombay and Poona.

MAHABLESHWAR DAK.—Most comfortable Phaeton and Tonga Daks ready laid between Wathar and Mahableshwar at very moderate rates. Apply to BURJORJEE PEROSHAW, Deplomaed Dak Supplier to T. E. The Governor and Com.-in-Chief, 153, Main Street Poona.

ANY ENGLISH YOUNG LADY willing to teach a native gentleman at her own residence please apply Box 1709 D., Advt. Dept., "Bombay Gazette."

WANTED a PRACTICAL WEAVING MASTER having long experience for a Local Mill, Liberal Salary according to merits. Apply "A. B. C." Stating terms and qualifications care of this paper.

WANTED PERSONS, desirous to learn Commercial Correspondence and Precise Writing, arrange to hours with an experienced gentleman. Apply to Box "No. 1234 A" Advt. Dept., "Bombay Gazette."

WANTED by an EXPERIENCED GRADUATE Students going up for Matric, P. E. or B. A. Examinations to be coached up in English, Mathematics and general subjects. Special Class for select pupils. Apply to Box "No 1234 A." Advt. Dept. "Bombay Gazette."

CLEARANCE SALE OF CYCLES.—A limited number of first grade "Premier" and other high class machines are offered at specially favourable sale prices during Dec. Fully detailed particulars on application.—W. H. THORNS & Co., 13, Horaby Row, Bombay.

BOMBAY EXHIBITION.—Machinery Section. See Our EXHIBITS of the "Service," "the Railway," "the Shikari, the Domestic" "the Club" and the "Field Service" SODA WATER MACHINES, etc. THE SIRDAR CARBONIC GAS COMPANY, LIMITED, Ghorupdeo, Bombay.

BOMBAY EXHIBITION.—Visitors to Bombay Exhibition should not fail to see the beautiful Photographs of Local Indian Scenery, Ancient Architecture and High Class Portraiture, all executed at RAJA DESEN DAYAL'S ART PHOTOGRAPHIC SALON Nippon Buildings, Hornby Road, Bombay.

HAMILTON HOTEL, KHANDALLA, (Open throughout the year). This HOTEL is most eesantly situated. Excellent Accommodation. TERMS MODERATE.—J. F. LOBO & SONS, Proprietors.

IN CONSTANT USE FOR 10 YEARS.—Mrs. M. Blyth, Colaba, says:—Singer's Family Machines had been in constant use for 10 years, for both heavy and light work, and only cost me few annas for trifying repairs.

REPORTS, Petitions, Memorials, Business Announcements, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., printed with neatness and promptitude and at lowest rates. Special terms for large contracts. Apply to the Manager, "Bombay Gazette," Steam Press.

BACK NUMBERS of THE BOMBAY GAZETTE Daily, the Weekly, and the Weekly Mail addition, when available, are supplied on the following terms:—Seven days from date of issue, 4 annas; 8 to 30 days from date of issue, 8 annas; 30 days to one year, 1 rupee; and of older dates than one year from Rs. 5 per copy according to numbers available. Reference charge one Rupee.

AULD SCOTTIE.—The St. Andrew's Day Dinner WHISKY. For Sale at all Wine Merchants.

FORMS OF POWER OF ATTORNEY, Neatly printed. Price 8 Annas. Can be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

CHESTER BRAND HIGH GRADE of AMERICAN 125° Fire Test Oil. Imported by STANDARD OIL Co. of New York, Sold at their Godowns, Mazagaon.

WM. HUTCHINSON & Co., East India Merchants and Agents, undertake all Agency business, 1, Trafalgar Building, Charing Cross, London.

GENUINE AMERICAN SNOW FLAKE OIL, 150° sold by STANDARD OIL Co., of New York, at their Godowns, at Mazagon, and by Messrs. Kemp and Co., Ld., and Messrs. Phillips and Co., Ld., at Rs. 6-0-0 per case, at Bombay; and by Mr. J. C. Bhut, at Rs. 6-1-3 per case, at Bandora.

OVERLAND SUMMARY, PUBLISHED Weekly on the Departure of English Mail, 48 Pages of the "Pall Mall Budget" size, containing all the information of the previous week, carefully arranged. Army Orders, &c. Indian Subscription, Rs. 12 per year, free of Postage; English Subscription Rs. 15 per year including Postage.

FOR SALE.—OLD MAGAZINES, of various dates, Macmillan's, The National Review, Calcutta Review &c., &c. Apply C. C. care of "Bombay Gazette."

FOR SALE.—A TIBETAN-ENGLISH DICTIONARY, with Sanskrit Synonyms, by Sarat Chandra Das, Rai Bahadur, C.I.E. Revised and Edited under the orders of the Government of Bengal by Graham Sandberg, B. A., and A. William Heyde. Apply "Q." care of "Bombay Gazette."

THE INDIAN RAILWAY GUIDE.—An indispensable Book for Travellers in India and the East. Contains the special time and Fare Tables of all the Indian Railway Companies, the Steamer Route to India and the Eastern Seas, and other useful information. Price 8 Annas. Coloured Map of India revised from Official Sources. To be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office and all Booksellers and Railway Termini.

ELECTRO PLATING in Silver, Nickel, Gold, and Bronze, of finest finish and most durable quality, undertaken by THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC COMPANY, Electrical Engineers and Platers in ordinary to His Excellency the Governor of Bombay.

TO PRINTERS.—FOR SALE a CROWN FOLIO TREADLE MACHINE (by Harrold of London) in fairly good condition. For particulars apply to the SUPERINTENDENT "Bombay Gazette," Bombay.

MESSRS. OLIVER & Co.—Only Respectable and Trustworth Servants of all denominations supplied. The original and only firm that supplies thoroughly efficient and reliable High Class Domestic Servants, Patronized by the Officers of the services, Army and Navy as well as the Leading Clubs and Hotels. Especially First-Class Goanese and Mahomedan Servants, for whom we guarantee. Fee. Bombay, Rs. 2, and Mofussil Rs. 3 for each servant.—No. 4, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay. Established, 1878.

BOMBAY GAZETTE BI-WEEKLY edition.—Issued on Wednesday and Saturday, giving all the News and Telegrams up to date. Subscription per Annum, Rs. 12; Half-yearly Rs. 6; Quarterly Rs. 3, to subscribers in Bombay: Rs. 15 to the Mofussil.

E. DUCKETT & Co.,
MONUMENTALISTS
OF POONA AND CAMBAMA.
"BOOKLET" & "COMPLETE"
NEW MEMORIAL DESIGN BOOK NOW ON HAND.

Specialists in Monumental Work for India

ADDRESS: EAST STREET, POONA.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE-NEZ.

DURING the Hot Steamy Weather when your Glasses persist in falling off your nose, a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense, will be found a great boon.

They are self adjusting
There is nothing to break
They are always Horizontal
They are the acme of comfort and very strong
No slipping off the Nose.

Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting:—
Nickel Rs. 3-8. Gold Rs. 35.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

ELGIN MILLS COMPANY, CAWNPORE.

			Rs.	A.	
CAVALRY JHARANS unhemmed	22" by 22"	.....	1	8	Per doz.
KITCHEN MOPS ,,	21" by 21"	.....	1	10	,,
GLASS DUSTERS (very soft) hemmed	30" by 30"	.....	3	0	,,
DOOSOOTIE ,,	36" by 36"	.....	3	8	,,
FINE RED & BLUE	25" by 26"	.....	1	12	,,
STABLE DUSTERS No. 68 very strong, hemmed, doosooti plain	27" by 27"	.....	2	8	,,
Do. 2nd quality, unhemmed	22" by 22"	.....	1	0	,,
DRILL DUSTERS Blue and Red striped 26" square hemmed	26" by 26"	.....	3	0	,,
"SPECIAL" DOOSOOTIE DUSTERS red striped and bordered	28" by 28"	.....	2	4	,,
Red Bordered	28" by 28"	.....	2	4	,,
,, and checked	23" by 28"	.....	2	6	,,

SAMPLES ON APPLICATION.

Agents:—Messrs. SAMUEL FITZE & Co., Ld.,
CALCUTTA and BOMBAY.

X'MAS 1904.
AND
NEW YEAR 1905.

PLAIN
ORNAMENTED
CHOCOLATE

X'MAS CAKES

ALMOND PASTE.
ASSORTED
SMALL CAKES.

ORDERS NOW REGISTERED.

ENTIRE NEW STOCK.

'XMAS AND NEW YEAR CARDS.

LATEST DESIGNS

AT MODERATE PRICES.

MORENAS & CO:,
64, MEDOWS STREET, FORT.

'XMAS 1904.
MONGINI BROTHERS
NOW REGISTER ORDERS FOR
'XMAS CAKES.

			Rs.	a.	
'Xmas Cakes Artistically Decorated, plain Icing	...		1	0	per lb.
Do.	do.	Chocolate Iced	1	4	,,
Do.	do.	Almond Iced	1	8	,,

'XMAS BOXES containing 'XMAS CAKE, SWEETS, CHOCOLATES, CRACKERS, Etc., Etc., from Rs. 10.

SEND FOR OUR PRICE LIST AND 'XMAS LIST POST FREE TO ANY ADDRESS.

MONGINI BROTHERS,
MANUFACTURING CONFECTIONERS AND CATERERS,
25-27, CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY.

THE HOTEL CONTINENTAL,
Nos. 9, 10, 11 & 12, CHOWRINGHEE ROAD, CALCUTTA.

THIS FIRST CLASS FAMILY HOTEL, situated in the healthiest and most fashionable European quarter of the City, commanding a splendid view of the Maidan, fitted with every convenience and comfort, maintains, as it has always done, a high class reputation for its cuisine.

The TABLE D'HOTE is reserved for Hotel residents and their guests only.

The RESTAURANT A LA CARTE and PRIVATE TIFFIN and DINING ROOMS receive special attention.

A large LADIES' PAVILION has been constructed with the object of affording additional comfort to Ladies and their friends, where they can enjoy their afternoon Tea or Ices and Light Refreshments in quietude. Visitors are kindly requested not to smoke in the drawing-room on any account.

GUEST NIGHTS: Every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY. ORCHESTRA in attendance.

No Public Bar kept.

F. A. BOSCOLO, Managing Proprietor.

FOR SALE, WANTED, &c.

Daily or thrice a week.—First Three Insertions Four Annas per line (Re. 2 per inch); Fourth and onward Two Annas (Re. 1 per inch); Twice or Once a week: First Three Insertions Four Annas per line (Rs. 3 per inch), Fourth and onward Three Annas per line (Rs. 1-8 per inch) Minimum Charge Rs. 2.

CHEAP PERFUMERY STORES.

A SPLENDID opportunity for Ladies and Gentlemen. Our stock of perfumery will be sold VERY CHEAP to make room for a fresh Consignment expected shortly. A large fresh and varied stock of Soaps, Toilet Requisits, Eau-de-Cologne of well-known Manufacturers such as Piesse Leubin, Colgate, Atkinson, &c., &c., is always available.

MANECKJI SORABJI PATEL,
Parsee Bazaar Street, Fort.

PRATT'S MOTOR-CAR SPIRIT.

DEODORISED NAPTHA OR GASOLINE.

BEST for Motor-Cars, Bicycles, and Tricycles; also for Napth Lamps.

Owners of Motor-Cars, &c., should insist on getting this and no other. Can be obtained from all leading dealers in Motor Cars. Imported by

STANDARD OIL CO. of New York,
31, Hornby Road, Bombay.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
No. 7, MARINE STREET.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 23rd inst at 2 p. m. Messrs CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the corner of Church Gate Street, Fort, the following fancy goods such as fancy glassware, pateware machine and terra-cotta ware clocks, lamps, rolled gold jewellery, binoculars, etc The above is now on view.

SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY ON DELISLE ROAD, NEAR CHINCHPOOGLY.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 23rd instant, at 4 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. Will sell by Public Auction on the premises by order of the mortgagees and on account and at the risk of the mortgagors, Lalji Dewey and Govindji Lalji, in pursuance of the power of sale given in the Indenture of mortgage, dated the 29th day of June, 1903, the following land & property viz:—

All that piece of ground together with the messuage, dwelling house or range of building standing thereon, situate near Chinchpoogli, in the registration sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 1,961 square yards or thereabouts, and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under old Nos. 200 and 200, new No. 13723, old survey Nos 409 and 410 and new survey No. 4-3141 and assessed by the Assessors and Collector of Municipal Taxes under E Ward Nos. 7115, 7116, and 7117 and street Nos. 53-61 1 and 2 and bounded on the east by the batty ground of Muncherjee Framjee Cama, on the west by the Delisle Road, now called Delisle Road, on the north partly by the property of John Miller, partly by the property of Nagoo Trimbuk, partly by the property of Tarabai Goukar Bun, partly by the property of Rukhmabai, wife of Mukoo Ramjee, partly by the property of Kurson Khutree and partly by the property of Khoja Mahomed, and on the south by the property of Tejpal Khetsy.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to Messrs. Kanga and Patell, attorneys to the mortgagee at their office in Century Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, or to the Undersigned.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

On MONDAY, the 26th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms a quantity of grey, white and coloured piece-goods and the following:—

Furniture such as tables, chairs, sofas, dressing wash-hand and writing-table wardrobe, cots, chests-of-drawers cupboards, bedstead, double decker Wheeler's safe on stand.

1 real Chubb's safe 24 by 18 by 18 inches on stand.
1 American 7 octave cottage organ, in good order
1 Folding half-plate Ray Camera for hand or stand, rapid rectilinear lens, five double dark slides strips 1.
1 Level or stand, 1 Camera or stand in good order
1 Cigarette box.

AT 2 P.M.

Several gent's and ladies' bicycles by different makers.
1 Beeston Humber gent's X frame bicycle.
1 English built rubber-tyred light victoria.
1 light dogcart.
1 Hungarian plated single harness.
And many other carriages and horses which may be offered

BONA-FIDE SALE.

On WEDNESDAY the 28th inst at 2 p m Messrs Crawford and Co are instructed to sell by Public Auction at No 17 Waudby Road esplanade (Top floor) opposite the Gymkhana the valuable and handsome teakwood household furniture glass ware and crockery, Hongkong cane furniture, 6 drawing astronomical telescope, on rosewood stand 4 feet high, over 4 feet local length, aperture 3 1-2 inches with finder, rack motion azimuth and altitude tangent screw motion, hooks, joint handles, four astronomical eye pieces, power 70, 110, 150, 175, time, day eye pieces, two cases dingy and Hand for terrestrial purposes and the sea, boat fitting in good rose wood case cost Rs120, Medical Spanner battery in walnut box, hook fastening bichromate bottle battery, primary and secondary currents, pair of batteries and accessories, English refrigerator ice box, oil-pictures, bead chicks, fancy curtains, table an 1 hanging K. O lamps, nearly new, china Matting etc, the property of J M Foster Esq.

Catalogues will be published & the property will be on view 3 days before the sale.

BONA FIDE SALE.

Under instructions from the legal heirs and representatives of the late Bhai Jivanji Esq., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at his residence opposite the 7th Tramway Terminus, Grant Road, on SUNDAY the 25th Proximo at 1 p.m., valuable open carved Blackwood household furniture, rich chandeliers, valuable English clocks, a very large and rare collection of ivory, dresden, bronze, brass, marble, opal cut glass and table Ornaments, Bronze statues, musical boxes, etc.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view 4 days before the sale.

CRAWFORD & CO.

Bombay, 23rd December, 1904.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No. 24, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF A LARGE CORRUGATED IRON SHED.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 23rd instant, at 3-30 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co., will sell by Public Auction at Tank Bunder, by order of Messrs. Killick, Nixon & Co. and on account and risk of the concerned—

1 large corrugated iron shed, 85ft. long by 77ft. broad.

The shed is in good order and is made of teakwood and corrugated iron sheets.

AUCTION SALE OF TENTS.

Under instructions from the Ordnance Officer in charge Bombay Ammunition Depot, Messrs. BENNETT & Co., will, THIS DAY FRIDAY, the 23rd instant, at 3 p.m., sell by Public Auction at the Castle Park, Arsenal, Fort, behind the Town Hall.

2 double pole Field Officer's I. P. complete tents, nearly new in very good order.

Now on view.

TO-MORROW SATURDAY, the 24th instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs BENNETT & Co., will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, a quantity of fancy and coloured piece-goods etc.,

By order of the concerned and on account and risk of the concerned—

10 casks of 40 gallons each Dickinson's graphite lubricating oil.

AT 1-30 P.M.

1 handsome strong glass fronted miniature brougham, in very good order.
1 handsome strong phaeton office shigram, in very good order.
1 hands me set one hand victoria in very good order.
1 Bay Arab, quiet in harness and saddle.
1 Grey pony quiet in harness.

BENNETT & CO.

Bombay, 1st December, 1904.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

CLUB BLEND
WHISKY.

A FIRST CLASS BRAND AT A MODERATE PRICE,

WELL WORTH A TRIAL.

Of all dealers, or of

ALDRIDGE, SALMON & Co, LD., BOMBAY
SOLE AGENTS.

WAR NEWS.

THE *BOMBAY GAZETTE* EVENING SUPPLEMENT may be had at the Office of the *Bombay Gazette* by Non-subscribers to the Daily Edition, every Evening at 5 o'clock, on payment of a Monthly Subscription of ONE RUPEE.

Digitized by the financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 June, 2017

THE ORGANS OF RESPIRATION.

HARVEY'S
ACONITE POWDERS,

FOR COUGH, CHRONIC COUGH, TOUCHED WIND, BROKEN WIND, ROARING, AND OTHER DISEASES OF THE RESPIRATORY ORGANS.

Rs. 1-14 per Box of Six Powders, Rs. 7-8 per Quarto of Four Boxes.

HARVEY'S ACONITE POWDERS are a well-known remedy for those diseases of the Respiratory Organs of Horses (heretofore considered incurable), known as Chronic Cough, Broken Wind, Thick Wind, Hay Asthma, Noisy Respiration (Roaring, &c.), and other affections of the air passages and lungs; and also for Hoose in Cattle, all of which they either entirely remove, or promptly alleviate in incurable cases.

SOLE AGENTS:—THOMSON & TAYLOR,
BOMBAY, POONA, AND KIRKEE.

YOUR NEEDS
FOR
CHRISTMAS
FULLY SUPPLIED
BY THE
AUSTRALIAN STORES.

HAMS, BACON, BUTTER, CHEESE,
LARD, DRIPPING, TINNED MEATS,
FRUITS IN SYPUP, JAMS,
FISH, SAUSAGES, &c.

'XMAS CAKES,

PUDDINGS,

MINCEMEAT, CRACKERS,

CONFECTIONARY, CRYSTALLIZED FRUITS, CONTINENTAL DELICACIES,
AND
HIGH CLASS PROVISIONS OF ALL KINDS
AT SPECIAL PRICES.
WRITE FOR PRICE LIST.

THOMPSON, THOMAS & Co.,
THE AUSTRALIAN STORES,
HORNBY ROAD, BOMBAY.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE steamer Auchencrag, 2541 tons, Captain R Reid, will sail to-day for Calcutta in ballast.

THE steamer Ethelynne, 3068 tons, Captain J W Drake, sailed yesterday for Hull, with a general cargo.

THE steamer T R Thompson, 2261 tons, Captain J Garrick arrived in harbour yesterday from Elba in ballast.

The steamer Director, 3,168 tons, Captain H. Rickerstaff, arrived in harbour on the 21st instant from Beira, 10th December in ballast.

THE steamer Oriel, 2175 tons, Captain G Maddrell, arrived in harbour yesterday from Mauritius with a cargo of sugar and 11 deck passengers.

The steamer Maros, 4,451 tons, Captain R. V. Kelway, arrived in harbour on Wednesday evening from Cardiff 5th November, with a cargo of coal.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Goalpara, 1353 tons, Captain A E G Tipper arrived in harbour yesterday from the Persian Gulf via Karachi, with a general cargo and passengers.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Lhasa, 941 tons, Captain W H Rothwell, arrived in harbour yesterday from Karachi via Cutch Mandvi, with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Mr Gaskell, Mr Vine, Col Glennie, Mr Hoggard, Mr Peerdas, Mr Choolhay Mrs Cowajee and daughter, Mr A R Tyabhoy; Mr Rodrigues Mr Dubash, Mr C R Dubash, Mr G B Captain, Mr Nana, Mr A Yusually, Mr Curseji, Misses Braganza, and 503 deck.

ARRIVALS.

Dec.	Vessel.	Commander	From
21	Director s	Bickerstaff...	Beira Dec 10
22	Maros s	Kelway	Cardiff Nov 5
	Lhasa s.....	Rothwell...	Karachi Dec 20
	RIMS Investikator	Deming	Bushire Dec 11
	T R Thompson s..	Garrick	Kl a Nov 29
	Oriel s	Maddrell....	Mauritius Dec 12
	Goalpara s	Tipper	Persian Gulf

DEPARTURES.

Dec.	Vessel	Commander.	Destination
22	Madura s.....	Cutbush	Persian Gulf
	Shahnoor s	Davidson	Jeddah
	Ethelwynne s.....	Drake.....	Hull

The steamer Auchencrag, Reid for Calcutta obtained her port clearance yesterday.

The following vessels entered for loading yesterday:—

Steamer Maria Valeria for Trieste &c
" Director for Liverpool &c
" Persia for China &c
" T R Thompson for Portsaid
" Goalpara for Persian Gulf

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

Dec.	Vessel.	From
15	Bullmouth	Batoum
17	Pongola.....	Calcutta
18	Clan Matheson.....	Galle
1	Muttra	London
19	Gracchus	Melbourne
16	Barenfels.....	Antwerp
20	Bharata.....	Rangoon
23	Clan Urquhart	Liverpool

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Shaw arrived in London on the evening of the 20th instant.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Macdougall left at Liverpool for Colombo, Madras and Calcutta on the morning of the 21st instant.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Chattan left at Suez for Colombo, Madras and Calcutta on the morning of the 20th instant.

ADEN, DEC. 22.

The P and O Co's steamer Arcadia with the homeward Mails of the 17th instant arrived here at 5 a.m. to-day.

SUEZ, DEC. 22.

The P and O Co's steamer Britannia with outward Mails of the 16th instant left here at 7-30 a.m. to-day.

WHAT is probably the dearest printed book in the world, at any rate, the most costly that has ever been sold in England, will once again come into the market. The great Latin Psalter of Fust and Schoeffer of 1459 is the second psalter used from the press of the inventors of printing, and the third or fourth printed book with a date. It is supposed that only twenty copies were printed, all at the expense of the Carthusian monastery of St. James, outside Mainz. This copy was discovered in the library of Count Wilhelm von Westerholt-Gysenberg, in the castle of Frienthun, into which it appears to have been transferred on the dissolution of the monastery in 1781. When the Syston Park library was sold in 1884, the Psalter realised the unparalleled sum of £ 4,950.

BEAUTY AND HYGIENE.

For health, beauty and luxury, use the "Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap," which lady Constance Howard writes is "pleasant to use and whitens and softens the Skin." Also Testimonials from Countess Bathurst, Lady White, Viscountess Exmouth, Lady Dorothy Nevill and many others. Delicately perfumed. Warning—When buying the Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap, see that the name and figure head of "Albion" are on the wrapper. Sold by all hemists, Grocers &c

HIGH COURT.—DEC. 23.

Before the Hon'ble the Chief Justice and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice BATCHELOR.
At 3 p. m.
For Consent Decree.

1365—Payne and Co—Hallimabai widow vs Jamboobai widow—Mulla and M
For Judgment.

1353—Little and Co—The G I P Railway Co vs Kessawjee Iswr—Smethan B and N

1844—E F Nicholson—The Collector of Bombay vs Jacob Issac David—Ardeshir H D and Co
Motions.

Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice B TYABJI.
Uncontested Chambers.
For Judgment on Motion at 3 p. m,

175-92—Jamsetjee and R—Motilal Hurgowordas vs Maha derao Kashinath
Suits for hearing and final disposal.
Long Causes.

752-04—Captain and V—Chapsey Purbut and another vs Messrs Gill and Co—Wadia G and Co—Part heard
Contested Chambers.

Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice RUSSELL,
For Consent Decree.

698 and 810-92—Little and Co—Damodhur Hemmondas and and another vs Dhamanmai Laichand and others—Matubhai J and M
Suits for hearing and final disposal.
Long Causes.

627-04—Tyabjee D and Co—Chaturbhooj Jewandas and others vs Krishnarao Pandurang and othrs—S B Noble

456-04—Matubhai J and M—Ramjee Bhugwan and others vs Morrarjee Mohunjee—Tyabjee D and Co—Part heard.

646-04—Tyabji D and Co—Harakhchund Pitamber and others vs Dhokalbhai Pandurung and another—Mirza and M

631-04—Tyabjee D and Co—Luchmi Narayen Pachuram and another vs Jamnadas Hurdayal and others—Wadia and Co.

717-04—Craigie L and B—Narotham Morarjee Gokaldas vs Munchubai Balgovindas—F P Pavri.

715-04—in person—Jamnadas Purshotam vs Hormusjee Sorabjee Mehta and another—K D Shroff

546-04—Kanga and P—Coovercai widow vs Ardeshir Eduljee Kerkurria—Edgelow G and W.

284-03—Ardeshir H D and Co—Waghji Gopaljee and others vs Meghjee Gopal and others—Tyabjee D and Co.

287-03—Kanga and P—Hardatrai Mendram and another vs Guwelbai widow and another—Edgelow G and W.

Before the Hon'ble Mr Justice CHANDAVARKAR,
For Judgment.

502-04—Jehangir and S—Ramabai widow vs Ramchander Vithul Shringurpure—Khunderao S and L

267-03—Ardeshir H D and Co—Abdul Haji Abdul Rehiman Shirazi vs Hajibibi widow and others—Captain and V
For exparte decree against the Defts other than the 2nd defendant

738-24—Edgelow G and W—Rustomjee Nowrojee Mathobhoy vs Khimjee Hearjee Kayani and others—Muljee and D

384-04—Captain and V—Fakirchand and others vs Doolub Govindjee and others—Madhavjee V

117-04—Bhaishanker K and G—The Advocate-General vs Bai Sudha Alias Moghibai—Madhevji V

103-04—Bicknell M and R—Dinshaw M Puntahkey and other vs Khatri Sale Mahomed Jaffer Rangari—Little and Co

465-04—Payne and Co—Vallee Mahomed Hoosein vs Vuzsonjee Veljjee and Co—Madhavji V

20-01—Payne and Co—Shamjee Kandojee vs Chimnaji Sadashiv and other—F P Pavri and Maganlal J and G

138-03—M B Chothia—Vajibai widow vs—Socnabai widow—Payne and Co

74-04—Tyabji D and Co—Maneckbai widow vs Bai Amrat widow—Edgelow G and W.

255-04—Pestonji R and K—Hirjibhoy Meneckji Sethna vs Dataram Ramkrishna Korgaykar

365-01—Daphtary and F—Tokersey Shamji and others vs The Lord Reay Mills Company Limited—Matubhai J and M and Dikshit D and S

723-04—Wadia G and Co—Abdulla Khakibhoy Readymoney vs Mahomed Hajee Sulleman and others—Natubhai J and M and Smetham B and N

YET another of the great houses of Bengal, says the "Pioneer" is to be divided against itself by a legal duel. It is six years since the late Maharaja of Darbhanga passed away, but on Thursday last, a suit was lodged in the Court of the Subordinate Judge of Mozufferpore by his two widows against the present Maharaja for the recovery of the whole of the properties known as the Darbhanga estate. The elder Maharani claims to sit on the "gadi" and to be invested with the exclusive possession of the special Raj properties, while the two widows claim a life interest jointly in all the properties belonging to the estate. The plaint sets out that the late Maharaja died in a state of separation from his brother, and that the latters succession to the Darbhanga estate was not legalised by family custom, adoption, or in any other way. Judged by the value of the properties at stake, the case just instituted must be one of the heaviest ever brought into an Indian law court.

The Bath for Tender Feet.

Eminent Physicians strongly recommend the addition of a little Condy's Fluid to the Daily Bath or Foot Bath. (See Medical Reports in Book on bottle).

Tired, Tender or Aching Feet are instantly relieved and all trace of Odour immediately disappears.

Condy's Fluid is sold by all Chemists. Beware of substitutes, all of which are inferior in composition and strength. Insist on having "Condy's Fluid."

FROM TO-DAY

RUDGE
WHITWORTH
BICYCLES

WILL BE SOLD AT

Rs. 165

FOR CASH ONLY.

J. A. KIRKBRIDE & CO.,
60, TAMARIND LANE.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

LONDON, DEC. 21.

SECURITIES—

2 1-2 per cent. Consols	88 1-4	=	+ 1-16
2 do. Reales	97 1-2	=	unchanged
3 1-2 do. Indian Sterling Loan	105 1-4	=	do
3 1-2 per cent, Indian Enfaced Rupee Paper	85 11-16	=	do

SILVER—

Spot in London	28 1-8	=	do
2 months hence	27 5-8	=	+ 1-16
Spot in New York	61 1-8	=	+ 1-8

EXCHANGES—

Paris cheques	25'16 1-2	=	+ 1-2
Berlin	20'37 3-4	=	+ 1-2
New York Demand	4'87 1-8	=	— 1-4

DISCOUNTS—

Bank of England	3 per cent	=	unchanged
3 months' sight Bank Bills	2 7-8 per cent	=	do
" " " Fine Trade Bills	2 7-8 per cent	=	do
6 months' sight Fine Trade Bills	3 1-4 per cent	=	do
6 months' sight Ordinary Trade Bills	3 3-8 per cent	=	do

BULLION—

Day to day loans	2 5-8 per cent	=	
7 day market loans	2 3-4 per cent	=	— 1-8

At the Periodical biddings for Council Bills for Rs. 71,00,000

Rs. 32'20	were allotted to	Calcutta
Rs. 15'40	do	Bombay
Rs. 6'00	do	Madras

At Is. 4 1-16d.

Minimum rate received 29 per cent. Average rate 16'06
Telegraphic Transfers—

Rs. 8'00	were allotted to	Calcutta.
Rs. 9'20	do	Bombay
Rs. nil	do	Madras

At Is. 4 3-32d

Minimum rate received 29 per cent. Average rate 16'09
Total amount sold during the week Rs. 81,40,000
Amount to be allotted next week Rs. 80,00,000
Extra allotments nil

SUGAR—
German granulated 1st marks 15 13-16, N.-D., sellers dull

LINSEED—
Linseed Bold 34 A. M, sellers steady

COFFEE—
Coffee in New York, 8 7-8

In Liverpool.—Cotton Market closed quiet. East Indian quiet, Manchester quiet. Total sales 7,000. Spot 4'08—5. Egyptian F. G. F. Brown 7 3-8—3-16. Sold on speculation and for Export 1,000. Imports 37,000. Futures closed steady.

Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb
3-97	4'01
—5	—4

Feb.-Mch.	Mch-Apl.	Apl-May.
4'05	4'09	4'12
—4	—4	—4

May-June	June-July	July-Aug.
4'13	4'17	4'19
—4	—5	—5

Aug.-Sept. 4'19 —5

Receipts at U S Ports	45,000
Do. last year	52,000
Exports to Great Britain	3,000
Do. do Continent	10,000

In New York—

Spot	7'60 —10
Futures, month of December	7'22 +6
Do. do. March	7'45 +6

In New Orleans—

Spot	7 3-16 — 1 8
Futures, month of March	7'34 + 6
Do. do. June	7'50 + 5

Tone at close steady.

Arrivals of Cotton, Wheat and Seeds into Bombay, for the 24 hours ending at 6 p. m., on Wednesday, 21st December, 1904:—

Cotton	7,488 bales.
Wheat	31,828 cwts.
Linseed	6,123 "
Rape, Red Mustard	9,074 "
Gingellyseed	17,438 "
Poppyseed	417 "
Groundnuts	427 "
Castorseed	nil "
Rice	11,230 "
Myrabolams	2,275 "
Cottonseed	11,353 "
Mowrasseed	845 "
Gram	2,122 "
Jowar	5,253 "
Maize	359 "

BOMBAY, DEC. 22.

Exchange—Tone quiet but steady.

Bank T. T.	Is 4 1-16d.
Bank Demand	Is. 4 3-32d.
Credit Bills 8 Months' Sight	D. A. Is. 4 9-32d.
Do 6 dc do	Is. 4 13-32d.
French Francs 3 do do	170 3-4
Marks 3 do do	138 1-2
Hongkong 30 Days' Sight	136 1-2
Shanghai 30 do do	193
Japan 30 do do	148 nom.

GOVERNMENT PAPER—3 1-2 per cent. Tone unsettled.

Cash	98'2
1st Settlement 5th January	98'0
2nd do 1st February	97'15

Money Market,—Tone easy.

BANK RATE,—

Bank of England since 21st April	3 per cent.
Bank of Bombay do 20th October	5 do
Bank of Bengal do 10th November	6 do
Bank of Madras do 6th July	4 do

SEEDS—

	Rs. a. p.
Linseed.—Tone quiet. Ready	5 8 6
Rapeseed.—Tone quiet. Brown Cawnpore, Ready.	5 2
Yellow Cawnpore, Ready	5 12
Yellow Guzerat, Ready	5 13
Poppyseed.—Tone quiet. Ready	5 10 0
Castorseed—Tone steady. Ready	25 1-2

GINGELLYSEED,—Tone steady.

Howree Khandesh	Rs. 36 1-2 36 3-4
15 per cent Mixed	Rs. 36 1-4
25 per cent "	Rs. 35 1-2
50 per cent "	Rs. 34 1-4
Black Kutnee	Rs. 32

LIVERPOOL, OPENING TELEGRAM.

Tone—	quiet.
Estimated sales bales	7,000
Imports do.	37,000

Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.
3'98	4'02	4'06
+1	+1	+1
Mar.-April	April.-May	May-June.
4'10	4'13	4'16
+1	+1	+1
June-July	July.-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.
4'18	4'20	4'20
+1	+1	+1

COTTON.—The market is very quiet to-day with but little enquiry from buyers either ready or forward. Dealers are covering their previous sales and Export houses are selling.

Official quotations of the Bombay Cotton Trade Association, Limited:—

Bengal (H.-G.) (By. terms)	174	164	...	25 Dec.
Bengal (H.G.) (By. terms)	171	161	...	25 Jan.
Oomravatee description (M.G.)	180	174	...	25 do
Khandeish (M.-G.)	...	...	178 172	25 Dec.
Do. do.	...	...	175 169	25 Jan.
Khangaum fair staple (M-G)	182	176	...	do. do.
Karanja do. do. do.				
Akola do. do. do.				
Dhamangaum Poolgaum (M-G)	183	177	...	25 Jan.
Do.	185	179	...	25 Jan.
Broach (M.-G.)	216	...	206	15/25 Mar.
Jalgaon (M. G.) ...	...	180	174	25 Dec.
Do. (M.-G.) ...	...	177	171	25 Jan.
Bengal (M. G.) ...	...	182	172	... 25 Dec.
Do.		175	165	... 25 Jan.
Sind-Punjab ...	...	182	172	... 25 Dec.
Do.		175	165	... 25 Jan.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcements of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM Notices (which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender) is Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional lines CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

BARTLETT—Dec 14, at Mirpur Khas, the wife of P Bartlett, Loco. Foreman, J and B Railway, of a son.
WALKER—Dec 16, at Jubalpur, the wife of the Rev E Walker, (C M S), of a daughter.
LAWRENCE—Dec 18, at Dilkusha, Lucknow, the wife of Major Hugh Lawrence, 2nd East Surrey Regiment, of a daughter.
ROGERS—Dec 12, at 16 Alipore, the wife of G Kenyon Rogers, of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

PEDDIE—MAXWELL—Dec 17, at St Paul's Church, Asansol, by the Rev G Macnochie. Graham Peddie, District Traffic Superintendent, East Indian Railway, to Marguerite White, younger daughter of the late Andrew Maxwell, of Lanark, Scotland.
BARRON—BASHFORD—Nov 30, at St Peter's Fort William, by the Rev Canon Luckman, MA, Captain W E Barron, R E, youngest son of the late Colonel W Barron, Bengal Staff Corps, to Gladys, younger daughter of Mr T Bashford, Calcutta.

PURE BLOOD.
KEMP'S
"CLOVERINE."
RED CLOVER BLOOD MIXTURE,

A Compound Elixir of Trifolium with Iodide of Potassium.

An excellent preparation for cleansing the Blood from all impurties such as Salt, Rheum, Acne, Boils, Scrofula, Hives, Ulcers, Pimples, Erysipelas, Syphilis, Rheumatism, Itch, Climatic Eruptions, and other diseases in which the System requires cleansing.

Endorsed by the Entire Medical Profession, who place this combination at the head of all preparations for purifying the Blood.

Price, Rs. 1-4 per bottle.

PREPARED ONLY BY
KEMP & CO., LD.,
HIS EXCELLENCY'S CHEMISTS,
BOMBAY.

BOMBAY

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 6h. 29m. Sun sets, 5h. 29m. High water, 11-18m., Low water, 5-32m., 5-17a.
P. and O. s. s. Arabia, with English Mails of 9th inst., due to arrive at daylight.
Arrival of Sir Henry Cotton, Sir William and Miss Wedderburn, Apollo Bunder, 7-30 a. m.
Khatau Makanjee Spinning and Weaving Company, Oriental Buildings, 4 p. m.
Warren s Circus, opening night, 9 p.m.
Chatre's Indian Circus, Esplanade 9 p.m,
Bombay Industrial Exhibition, 3 to 11 p. m.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for the Straits Settlements, China, and Japan per s.s. "Mazagon" will be closed at the General Post Office at 7 p.m.. to-day.

AUCTION SALE OF THE LORD REAY MILLS.—Yesterday afternoon the postponed auction sale of the Lord Reay Mills was held at Messrs. Sorabjee Cowasjee and Co's auction rooms, in Medows Street. The bid commenced with rupees four lakhs, rising up to Rs. 5,05,000 when the mill was knocked down to Mr. Mansookbhai Bhagubhai of Ahmedabad.

BHOWNAGAR NOTES.—We have experienced severe cold for the past few days, writes our Bhownagar correspondent. A cold wind sweeps over the town making us very uncomfortable. H. H. the Maharaja, of Bhownagar in his shooting expedition last week, shot eight splendid bucks. The antlers varied in heighs from 23 inches to 34. Hitherto no clue has been obtained to the perpetrators of the theft of a necklace and a box containing valuables from a temple of the Jain community here.

THE B.S.P.C.A.—During the month of November last, 3 horses and 2 bullocks were sent to the Pinjrapole as being unfit for work, at the instance of the Agents of the Bombay Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, with the permission of the Presidency Magistrates and with the consent of the owners; while 12 horses and 64 bullocks were sent to the Bai Sakarbai Dinsha Petit Hospital for Animals at Parel for curative treatment during the last month. 245 offenders were fined for cruelty to their animals, 3 cartmen were fined for overloading their carts and 21 offenders were warned, and discharged by the Magistrates.

A DEFAMATION CASE AMICABLY SETTLED.—The case in which Khan Saheb David Solomon and Abraham Solomon were charged with having defamed Aaron Reuben Pezarkar by publishing two handbills containing statements defamatory to him, was amicably settled on Wednesday last before Mr. P. H. Dastur, at the Mazagon Police Court. The facts of the case, which had been going on for some months past, have been reported. The settlement was due to a suggestion from the Court. In accordance with the terms of the settlement, the accused expressed their regret to the complainant and withdrew such statements injurious to his character and reputation as they were respectively responsible for.

TEN YEARS IN JAIL.—Before Mr. P. H. Dastur at the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday, Gafoor Dawood, a Mahomedan, was charged with stealing a watch and chain valued at Rs. 12, belonging to one Abdul Rahiman Subhan, also a Mahomedan. It appears that at 1 o'clock yesterday morning the complainant was standing in front of the Mahim Durga when the accused pulled out the watch and chain from the pocket of his coat and gave them to his comrade, who bolted with them. The complainant arrested the accused and made him over to the police. It was subsequently ascertained that the accused had been in jail twelve times and had spent about ten years of his life in jail. On the last occasion he was sentenced by Mr. D. B. Binning, the then Acting Chief Presidency Magistrate to two years' rigorous imprisonment and to receive twelve stripes. This time, the Magistrate committed him to take his trial at the next Criminal Sessions of the Bombay High Court.

STRUGGLE IN SURAT STREET.—At the Margue, yesterday, Mr. P. Byrne, Coroner for Bombay conducted an inquest, relative to the death of Vithoo Suntoo, a Hindu, cart driver aged about thirty years. The evidence showed that on Wednesday afternoon the deceased and one Oomer Salley Mahomed, a Mahomedan cart driver, were driving their respective carts to a godown in Surat Street. There were four rows of carts in the street, which was nearly blocked up. Oomer had his cart in the last row and he attempted to get his cart in front of deceased's cart, which was in the third row. The deceased who had a right of precedence, resented this and an altercation ensued between them. They got down from their carts and caught each other by the throat at the same time. They struggled together, both giving blows violently to each other with their clenched fists. In the midest of the scuffle, the deceased fell down and became unconscious. The police arrived on the scene and conveyed the deceased to the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital, where on arrival he was found to be dead. Oomer was then taken in police custody. Dr. Powell, Coroner's Surgeon, who made an autopsy of the deceased's body stated that the spleen which was diseased and enlarged, was ruptured and that death was due to internal haemorrhage from the ruptured spleen. No great force would have been necessary to cause this injury. A kick or a blow of the fist would be sufficient to produce the injury. The jury returned a verdict of causing grievous hurt against Gomer Salley Mahomed.

THE TABLES TURNED.—At the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday, before Mr. P. H. Dastur, Inspector Hassan charged Raisey Dewsey, a grain dealer, of Curry Road, with possessing four forged currency notes for Rs. 10 each. The evidence adduced on behalf of the prosecution went to show that the accused bore a grudge against one Nursey Ookerda, a grain dealer, who owed some money to the accused. On the morning of the 3rd instant, the accused went to Nursey at his shop and asked for his money. Nursey told him to call later on in the evening, but the accused declined to leave the place and demanded to be paid at once. Nursey's brother Dewsey who was then in the shop caught the accused by his hand and put him out. The accused then left the place remarking he would "see them." The accused it was alleged, then went straight to the police at the Lalwady Police Station and producing four forged currency notes for Rs. 10 each, informed them that the notes were given to him by Nursey who owed him some money. The police arrested Nursey searched his shop but nothing was found. Nursey was charged with using forged currency notes before Mr. Dastur, but the charge was found to be false and he was acquitted. The Court further ordered the accused to be proceeded against for preferring a false charge against Nursey. The accused denied having in his possession the forged notes. The Magistrate held a prima facie case proved and committed the accused to take his trial at the next Criminal Sessions of the Bombay High Court.

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION RESULT.

(Concluded from page 6)

Bidi Shamsii K.	Mujumdar S. V.
Chikodi Pandit R.	Pachapur H. B.
Dambr Narayan H.	Patvardhan P. N.
Deshpande S. R.	Patvardham Ramchandra J
Gadre Vishnu K.	Patvekar Ganesh N
Hadappagol H. M.	Periapatam Subbarao
Herl kar N. S.	Phatak Vasudev
Hulkoti R. Y.	Shirgao Sakharam V
Inamdar G. R.	Tamboikar Shakharam B
Jere, Vishnu R.	Tembe Dattatraya D
Katdare Krishnaji R.	Tembe Narayan A
Kelkar Ganesh H.	Tilve Vaman M
Khanolkar B. Y.	Torgal Hanmant S
Kirloskar N. R.	

KANARESE.

Batni Subrao G	Hiregowda Kallanagowda B
Coelho Vesantius P	Kalsur Venktesh N
Deshpande Laxman N	Karnad Raghunath K
Gurlahesur Dattatraya N	Mangsoli Solabappa S
Haldipoor Nilkanth N	Nadgir Ganesh S
Hallepnaver Laxman G	Shahapurkar Venkatesh B

MARATHI.

Nadkarni Ramchandra P	Natekar Sadashiv D

KARACHI CENTRE

PERSIAN

Advani Bhopatrai D	Jhangia Gokaldas P
Advani Dharmdas T	Kairo Tulsidas D
Advani Hiranand B	Kepahi Tirthdas J
Advani Meghram M	Keswani Lokoomal D
Advani Hijhumal G	Khatanmalani Jethanand H
Advani Tilumaid M	Khilnany Fatehchand K
Advani Vishinsing S	Khubchandani Chainrai V
Ahuja Hotchand K	Khyber Lilaram J
Ahuja Mulchand D	Kirpalani Dharamdas P
Bagichavala F N	Kulsreth Kashmirilal B
Bajra Vishvambharnath G	Kunanani Mulchand A
Bakhru Dayaldas R	Kureshi Abdul R H M
Balani Lilaram J	Makhijani Gulabrai T
Balani Mangharam V	Malkani Gopaldas G
Baluch Kafirdadkhan G	Mansukhani Jagatrai S
Bhatia Hiranand M	Mariwalla Dharamdas T
Bhatnani Chimandal K	Masand Mengharaj U
Bhavnani Hiranand A	Mirani Ratansai M
Bijlani Ghandiram A	Mirchandani Khubchand B
Bijlani Harbax Isardas	Mirchandani Kishinchand M
Bijlani Jethanand N	Mirchandani Hyuer G
Bijlani Kheraimal H	Motwani Chimandas D
Bolakani Lupidaram T	Navani Keswdnas B
Butani Pahlajrai V	Navani Khemchand B
Chandwani Tejumal B	Nichani Dolatram K
Dalwani Virumal U	Punwani Kundanmal P
Dudani Udhasing W	Punwani Kundanmal K
Gagiani Verhomal D	Purswani Rupchand R
Gajra Tamchand D	Radhakishnani Hassaram L
Gera Jethanand T	Ramchandani Ranjitsing V
Ghandhi Gobindram M	Ratesar Gopaldas K
Ghandhy Shawakshaw P	Sagrani Ghoitram D
Giddani Hassomal M	Sahajwala Kishinchand K
Gidvani Hassomal T	Sajjani Tuljaram J
Gidvani Lakhimal I	Shahani Mahatabsin S
Gidvani Pahlajrai S	Shahani Tarachand K
Gidvani Pritamdas J	Shahdadpuri Jeshanmal K
Gidvani Sahijram H	Shaikh Karimbaksh K
Hotchand Ramchand P	Shivdasani Bhera S
Gulrajani Jiwairam K	Shivdasani Jhamatmal B
Gulrajani Rewachand T	Shivdasani Ramchand R
Gulrajani Thanwardas G	Sidiki Azzulah Fateh M
Gurshani Hardasmal T	Sidiki Noor Mahmood R
Gurshani Hanmmal H	Sipahimalani Kodumal T
Harajpalani Ludharam S	Tekchandani Hotechand
Harisinghani Gokindram J	Thadani Sarananand H
Hemrajani Shewaram H	Thadani Tahiram G
Himpowani Chandumal N	Thairani Chandumal C
Hingorani Nanikram S	Vaghva Dwarkadas G
Hiranandani Vishindas S	Vaswani Bhagvandas H
Isani Ghulam M M U	Vaswani Lohumal L
Isani Ghulam S M U	Vaswani Pershdas G
Jagtiani Gopaldas F	Vaziram Hemansing G
Joswani Sugnomal H	Wadhvani Dalpatrai B
Jothmalani Vishindas S	Wadhvani Fatehchand T
Jhangiani Gianchand H	Zabiti Mahomed Shafi M

SINDHI.

Advani Lokumal N	Matrani Dipchand N
Bhavinani Bulchand B	Meerchandani Sobraj G
Bulnani Mangharam N	Ramchandani Chadidram M
Idnani Bulchand M	Ramchandani Sitaldas T
Idnani Mangharam D	Thadhani Hotchan W
Kirpalani Shevaram J	Vatvani Alimchand

LATIN.

Castellino Charles	Gorwale Maneckji D
D'Abreo Joseph N	Lobo Angelo
Dadina Muni B	Murphy Terence
Delima Archibald	Remedios Mathias A
D'Souza Cajetan T	Young Graham U
Fernandes Francis C	Zurarte Augustine L

GUJARATI.

Asar Hansraj S	Vaishnav Keshavlal R

SANSKRIT.

KARACHI CENTRE.

FRENCH.

Strip Alice Elien	Vas Matilda

BOMBAY CENTRE.

SANSKRIT.

Powar Gajanam B
POONA CENTRE.
Deshpande Bhagwan B

PRESENTATION TO A PARSEE IN HONGKONG.

PARSEE CHARITY FUNDS.

IN recognition of the services rendered by Mr. Framjee H. Arjanee, as trustee and hon. secretary of their Charity Funds for the last six years, a large gathering of the members of the Parsee Community of Hongkong and Canton assembled at the Parsee Club House, Hongkong, on Dec 3rd, and presented him with a handsome urn made of solid silver, with two silver trays, silver glasses and other minor accessories. Mr. H. N. Mody, the leader of the Parsee community of South China, presided, and read the following telegram from the Parsee community of Canton:—"H. N. Mody, President Parsee community, Hongkong. Please inform meeting to-day we one and all heartily join in presentation to our esteemed secretary, Arjanee, wishing him bon voyage.—Canton, (Anjuman community.")

REUTER'S correspondent telegraphs from Chefoo (Nov. 28th):—General Kuropatkin has acquired a new 20 horse-power automobile, with which he is enabled to rush at high speed from one place to another along the Russian line, which is 25 miles long. M. Ravoir an automobile expert, who has reached here from Mukden, states that he spent three week with General Kuropatkin, who wished to secure 20 motor-cars, specially constructed to carry ammunition speedily in case of emergency. These cars will only be used in winter, when the Manchurian roads are excellent. The Chinese now regard General Kuropatkin and his motor-car with superstitious awe, believing the latter to be an atrociously powerful specimen of the "foreign devil."

ADVICE TO MOTHERS!—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth! Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain and the little cherub awakes as bright as a button. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winlow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere

PLAGUE PROPAGATION BY RAT FLEAS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—The article "A New Theory of Plague" in the "Friend of India" of December 15th, 1904, raises a question of great, I might say, of paramount importance. During the first year of the plague in Bombay, I lived on Malabar Hill, and was appointed a special plague constable for the inspection of the houses in my district. Previous to this appointment my experience of the plague had been very serious. My Maratha coachmen died. As I engaged others in their places, I had in all eight of these with their families attacked, out of whom six died. These lived in rooms with masonry walls, and cow-dunged earth floors. The Surati house servants had better accommodation. Their rooms had clean masonry floors. None of these were attacked, but the all ran away to their villages leaving us without a single servant. But masonry floors gave no immunity from the plague. I remember in my experience, as special plague constable, one range of six rooms, entirely detached by 100 feet from other rooms in the compound. This range had masonry floors, a high masonry plinth and masonry walls, and yet because

TO ALL
AND SUNDRY
A HAPPY CHRISTMAS
TO THE
CHILDREN
A JOLLY CHRISTMAS
TO THOSE
WHO VALUE COMFORT
A GENIAL TIME
which can be ensured by wearing the PURE WOOL materials made at the sign of the RED TAMARIND and GUARANTEED by the

"LAIMLI" TREE.
TRADE MARK

FLANNELS,	PUTTIES,
TWEEDS,	CARDIGANS,
KNITTING YARN.	GLOVES,
GREATCOAT CLOTHS	SERGES,
JERSEYS,	BERLIN WOOL,
SWEATERS,	HORSE CLOTHING,
BROADCLOTHS,	NUMDAHS,
RUGS	BALACLAVAS,
BLANKETS,	SOCKS,
Etc., Etc.,	Etc.

Patterns on application to
DEPT. G.,
CAWNPORE
WOOLLEN MILLS
CO., LTD.,
CAWNPORE.

S. ROSE & CO.,
FORT,
BOMBAY.

PHONO RECORDS.
NEW STOCK JUST IN.
DISC RECORDS.
NEW SELECTION EVERY MAIL.
MANDOLINES.
FINEST SELECTION IN INDIA.
GUITARS.
GUARANTEED SPANISH MAKE.
VIOLINS.
MODELS OF THE FAMOUS MASTERS.
FORT, BOMBAY.
S. ROSE & CO.

CHURCH SERVICES.
THE following CHURCH SERVICES, BOOK of COMMON PRAYER, BIBLES, &c., Artistically bound in SOLID STERLING SILVER and specially adapted for PRIZES or CHRISTMAS PRESENTS, are offered for sale:—

		Rs.	As.
Prayer Book	Cherub Bijou	2	4
Do.	do.	7	0
Do.	Oak	9	0
Do.	Gothic Bijou	11	0
Do.	Lily Ruby	17	0
Do.	Lily Gothic	21	0
Do.	Cherub Oblong	21	0
Do.	Cherub Bourgeois	23	0
Do.	Lily Bourgeoise	24	0
Do.	Gothic Ruby	30	0
Do.	Cherub Gothic Oblong	32	0
Do.	Lily (long primer)	33	0
Do.	Gothic (long primer)	50	0
Do.	Gothic Bourgeois	40	0
Bible	Cherub minion / Bible 24 mo.	36	0

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
JEWELLERS and WATCHMAKERS,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

INDIAN NATIONAL CONGRESS.
TWENTIETH SESSION, 1904.
THE 26TH, 27TH & 28TH, DECEMBER, CONGRESS PAVILION, THE CRESCENT

RATES OF ADMISSION TICKETS.
WHOLE SESSION.
FOR BLOCKS A & B. ROWS 1 to 3.
BLOCKS C & D. ROWS 1 to 4.
Rs. 10. Reserved.

FOR BLOCKS C & D ROWS 5 to 9.
" BLOCKS E & F. ROWS 1 to 9.
Rs. 5. Reserved.

DAILY ADMISSION.
Rs. 2. FIRST DAY. Unreserved Seats.
Re. 1. EACH Succeeding Day.

LADIES' TICKETS.
BLOCK G.
Rs. 2. For the whole Sessions. Reserved.
ANNAS 8. PER DAY. Unreserved.

Apply at the Rooms of the Bombay Presidency Association, Apollo Bunder, Fort, on or after the 15th Instant, and also at the Pavilion, the Crescent, after the 20th December.
PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA,
Chairman.
Bombay, 15th December 1904.

PIANOS FOR INDIA.
ALL HIGH GRADE INSTRUMENTS,
CARL RONISCH PIANOS.
SCHIEDMAYER PIANOS.
BECHSTEIN PIANOS.
WINKELMANN PIANOS.
and other first class makers.
Pianos made for other countries are not suitable for the Indian Climate. See our list of Instruments made specially for India.
SOUNDY & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY.

HAVE YOU TRIED
SPENCER'S
"CATAMARAN" CIGAR?
IF NOT
You have something more to enjoy in smoking one of the
MOST FRAGRANT,
FREE DRAWING
AND
SATISFYING
CIGARS you have ever known.
NO. 1.
Boxes of 50, Rs. 2-0 per box.
SPENCER & CO., LD.,
CHURCH GATE STREET,
BOMBAY.

Guarantees Against Embezzlement.
INDIAN GUARANTEE ASSOCIATION.
HEAD OFFICE, ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY
Funds in Government Securities only and remain in India.
THE Association provides Security for the Intromission and Fidelity of Persons in situations of Trust and Responsibility.
For Prospectuses and Proposal Forms apply to
R. PATERSON BROWN,
Secretary.

THOS. COOK AND SON.,
BANKERS AND AGENTS,
BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, RANGOON.
Current and Deposit Accounts opened.
Pay and Pensions collected.
Drafts and Cable Transfers issued.
Shares bought and sold; Dividends realised
Insurances effected; Premiums paid.
Agency Business undertaken.
Rules of Business on application.

VICTORIA AERATED WATERS.
ESTABLISHED 1882.
PROPRIETOR: J. CONNELL
OUR carts deliver regularly to any part of Bombay and Bandra.
Try our SODA, it is the best.
H. M. S. "ECLIPSE"
BOMBAY,
30th March, 1899.
MR. JAMES CONNELL of the Victoria Hotel, Prince's Dock, has SUPPLIED AERATED WATERS of all sorts to this ship during our stay at Bombay. I had previously been informed privately that Mr. Connell's Factory was the BEST in the City, but before recommending the use of his Aerated Waters on Board, I went over his Establishment, and was so satisfied with everything, that I can with confidence advise Medical Officers of H. M. Ships to deal with him.
CHARLES JAMES,
Fleet Surgeon.

READY FOR SALE.
USEFUL INSTRUCTION.
(in matters Religious, Moral, and other)
in THREE Volumes of about 1,600 Pages, demi 8vo. size,
(FOR ALL COMMUNITIES)
BY
MOTILAL M. MUNSHI, B. A. LL. B.
Pleader High Court, Appellate Side, Bombay.
PRICE Rs. 7 (SEVEN). POSTAGE EXTRA.
TO BE HAD FROM
THE "GUJARATI" OFFICE,
Opposite the Town Hall, Fort, Bombay.

DEXTER H. DAVISON, D.D.S.,
AMERICAN DENTAL SURGEON,
TAJ MAHAL HOTEL,
NEXT KEMP AND CO.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications intended for publication in our columns must be addressed to THE EDITOR and not to any individual member of the staff.

The Bombay Gazette

FRIDAY, DEC. 23, 1904.

CHURCHES AND THE LAW.

THE Very Reverend William Mair D.D., ex-Moderator of the Church of Scotland, strives in the new number of "Blackwood", to set down some things about the relation between Churches and the law, which "could not fail if they were more generally known than they are." He is led to his remarks by recent ecclesiastical experiences in Scotland which have yet to develope. In the forefront, says Dr. Mair, we are face to face with the fact that the law courts cannot make any distinction between a Church and associations generally, unless the distinction has been made by State law, the obvious reason being that what is not in law cannot be acted upon as law by the Courts. If therefore, he holds, no such distinction is made by the law, the affairs of that Church are judged as if it were an ordinary association. But if law has made a distinction in regard to any Church, its affairs are judged by the terms of law specially applicable to itself so far as they go. The Church of England and the Church of Scotland are the only two in Britain that are in this position. Dr. Mair does not discuss whether it is better or worse for a Church to be unrecognised by the State except as an ordinary association. For, he believes that if religious teachers would entirely cease from war on this subject and strive after the best possible combination of the good that is in both systems, "the blessing of heaven would be upon us all, and our desert places would begin to rejoice and blossom as the rose—even before such a combination was attained, if only we are striving after it in peace and faith and love, and giving effect to it so far as existing conditions, now and from time to time, make it possible."

Discussing the subject of the Union of the Churches, Dr. Mair reminds his readers that they have grown up amid their divisions and are so used to them that their real character in the light of reason and Christianity, is not seen and felt in ordinary circumstances. The present extraordinary conditions, he thinks, should rouse the churches to action. Their divisions have had an increasingly bad effect on multitudes of the people; the present extreme and painful outcome of them, he says, is extending and intensifying that evil. Young men, who will soon be in charge and the younger part of the present generation look upon the ostensible causes of the divisions with a very different eye, and estimate them by very different standard from those of earlier days, and Churches, harping upon them still, are rapidly losing the confidence and falling in the estimation of many classes. The ex-Moderator finds it impossible to believe that the Great Ruler of this world's affairs would have allowed an event of such a character and magnitude as has taken place to come upon the Churches except for some great purpose; and it would seem to him to be in the line of a great purpose that the Churches should all be awakened to look, not only on their own things but on the things of others also, and to attempt something which would raise the whole of them and Christianity itself, in the esteem of all men. Bodies generally, says Dr. Mair, and above all Churches, when they have long held some principle in a framework or setting of their own, come to regard its very existence as bound up with this particular setting and to imagine that, if the setting be removed, the principle must go with it. The Christian Churches, he maintains, must get rid of this most obstructive misconception. In the Presbyterian general assembly, some time ago, he took occasion to say that he hoped the time was not distant when all the Churches together would go to Parliament for a great, patriotic, statesmanlike measure. He is of that mind more than ever now, but that, he thinks, will take longer time to prepare than the Churches dare continue in their present relations. He urges that meantime there shall be combination, believing that opportunity and a loud call have been presented, and that all are face to face with a great responsibility which, if neglected, will entail suffering to the cause they ought to live for. It is a commendable appeal which the ex-Moderator makes to Presbyterians, and one which they would do well to listen to and to strive to rise to.

THE ORENBURG-TASHKENT RAILWAY.

A correspondent of "Le Memorial Diplomatique," writing from St. Petersburg on the 22nd of November, observes that in the midst of the sad events now passing, the completion of a colossal work has been scarcely noticed, that is the railway line from Orenburg to Tashkent which in importance is only second to the Trans-Siberian line. Up to now Tashkent, almost at the gates of Afghanistan, had a garrison of 10,000 men composed of the 2nd Corps d'Armee of Turkistan, which could only be reinforced from the 1st corps d'Armee stationed at Askabad. Reinforcements from the Caucasus, could only get there by crossing the Caspian Sea in steamers which take twenty hours going from Baku to Krasnovadsk, the terminus of the line that, passing by Askabad, Merv, Bokhara and Samarcand reaches Andijan on the borders of Chinese Turkistan. From Merv a branch line goes to Kenschk, situated at the very gate of Afghanistan and from Kojent, a line branches off to Tashkent. This railway, Krasnovadsk-Andijan, passing as it does through a desert tract in which want of water might at any moment paralyse the train traffic, will henceforth only play a secondary part. Troops can now be sent even from the Caucasus, by rail via Baritzin and the Volga, to Tashkent, while the great military centres of Odessa, Simperopol, Kiev, Kharkoff and Moscow, will be only fifteen days' distant by rail from that town. There were three routes considered and much hesitation as to which of them should be adopted, but that following in great part the existing caravan route from Orenburg was the one selected, the line crosses the Ural, and reaches Ilensk on the Ilek, the left affluent of the Ural. From there it goes to Aktionbinsk, to Kazalinsk near the mouth of the Syr-Daria, then up the valley of the Syr-Daria to Perovsk and thence across the steppe in a straight line to Tashkent.

This new line will subserve equally the economic development of these regions. The cultivation of cotton is extending considerably in Benkara and Ferghana, and the perfection of the methods employed have succeeded in producing a valuable variety. The wine and fruits of Samarcand will find an outlet, although the very limited favor that the wines of the Crimea and the Caucasus enjoy in Russia, renders this somewhat doubtful. The rapid completion of the line is due to Prince Khilkoff, minister of roads and communications. In September 1900, only fifteen kilometres of the line starting from Orenburg were built, and the immense iron bridge which was to be flung across the Ural had not left the workshops of Tula; in October 1904, the line was completely finished. Tashkent is a large native town with no fewer than 150,000 inhabitants, besides 10,000 Russians. Orenburg is less important really. Though it is the seat of a Government admirably situated on the confines of Europe and Asia, the town displays, in spite of its 60,000 inhabitants, little activity of its own. The productions of the region are insignificant but caravans bring to Orenburg the silks of Samarcand and Khiva and the marvellous carpets of Bokhara, and take back in exchange articles of iron or steel, corn and sugar. But the camels, these ships of the desert, will soon disappear before the all-powerful locomotive. With regard to speed in the transit, the progress made is quite as remarkable. By the old caravan route which is that taken by the present railway it required nineteen days in a tarentass to reach Orenburg, the same journey will, from July 1905, when the line will be open to traffic, be made in four days and from Orenburg a seventy-two hours' journey brings the traveller to St. Petersburg.

IMPERIAL DEFENCE.

THE "Standard," explaining the Naval and Military changes recently decided upon, tells us that one improvement will follow the lines which have been advocated by distinguished officers in this country on numerous occasions. It is the withdrawal of Regular battalions from the small coaling stations and the placing of these ports in the hands of the local defence forces, with primary protection from the Navy at sea. The Mediterranean garrisons are to remain as at present constituted, but the battalions will be withdrawn from St. Helena, Barbadoes, Bermuda, Halifax, Ceylon, Singapore, Jamaica, and Mauritius. The detachments of the Royal Garrison Artillery and Royal Engineers will remain to work the guns, mines, and search-lights, but the Navy's responsibility will be increased, as these coaling stations exist for the benefit of the Fleet. Additional responsibility will be placed on the local defence forces in conformity with the policy of making Dependencies as self-contained as possible. The Corps that will be affected in this way include the West India Regiment, and fortress and submarine mining companies, the Bermuda Artillery and Engineers, the Canadian Forces, the Ceylon-Mauritius Battallion and Submarine Miners, the Chinese Regiment, and the Hong-Kong and Singapore native troops. Details of military distribution are given, and we are informed that in pursuance of Admiralty reforms, third-class cruisers and all old vessels are to be replaced by modern craft. The Mediterranean Fleet will in future have two Vice and two Rear Admirals in the chief commands. The Cruiser Squadron, in First and Second Divisions, will become a Vice-Admiral's command. The ships of the King Edward class will replace the Duncan type in the Mediterranean, and the latter vessels will be attached to the Home Fleet, which will be strengthened in view of the development of Naval power in North Europe. All these Fleets will be made homogeneous, and the commands will furnish four Cruiser Squadrons of great speed, with a range of area stretching West to the American coast. Submarines will be used for harbour defence. Inconsistently with these re-arrangements, reduced expenditure is promised. But economy and efficiency in the matter of Imperial defence are scarcely compatible.

INLAND NAVIGATION IN CHINA.

MR. HAUSSER, the British Consul at Amoy in an interesting report, dealing with British merchandise and inland navigation in China, writes that under inland steam navigation rules in 1903, there were entered and cleared 9,320 launches of a total tonnage of 276,890, as compared with 10,171 entrances and clearances and 285,336 tons in 1902 and in this traffic British launches are more than holding their own. Competition on these short inland runs is very keen, giving rise to frequent disputes, collision, &c. There being no European carried on board any of these launches, these disputes are very difficult to adjust, but are seldom brought into Court. In other cases, the launch employes are not infrequently attacked and molested "en route" merely because they happen to belong to some rival village with which there is a standing feud. The Tung-An villagers are notorious for their lawlessness, and the local magistrate is quite powerless to deal with them. In the Chinchew district also cases of piracy are of frequent occurrence, and the Chinese Commander-in-Chief openly admits his inability to cope with this evil with the antiquated and worn-out launches at his disposal. One of the worst cases reported was the pirating of a large junk laden with kerosine oil and flour, the greater portion of which was, however, recovered from the offending villagers with somewhat unusual celerity. Many of the trading launches are habitually overcrowded and are run in a most haphazard fashion. One native launch plying to Chinchew, a coast voyage of about 100 miles, is provided with neither compass nor boat, and her entire life-saving equipment consists merely of a few life-buoys. On a subject of more immediate interest to British traders, Mr. Hausser refers to the letters of enquiry he has received respecting all sorts of impossible articles of import, for which there is only a very limited or no demand at all.

THE HEALTH OF THE CITY.

THE indication of an epidemic of small-pox shown in the health statistics of the city last week, on which we commented, is this week still further indicated, twenty-five fatal cases having been recorded during the seven days ended on Tuesday. An increase of six fatal cases in one week rather points to a recurrence of the epidemic which created such a scare about five years ago. But if proper measures are taken by the Health Department to prevent the epidemic getting out of hand, we may reasonably look forward to the city being freed from the disease in a short time. The plague figures are unfortunately showing a tendency to rise, and for the week ended on Tuesday one hundred and two deaths were recorded as against seventy-two the previous week and seventy-six the week before. The total mortality for the week is 148 in excess of that of the corresponding period a year ago, but 125 less than for the same period two years ago. The number of deaths from phthisis and other respiratory diseases was 232 being a decrease of eight on the figures of the previous week. The recorded birth-rate has shown a large advance, the figures this week being 507 against 458 last week.

The Royal Indian Marine surveying steamer Investigator, Commander T. H. Heming, R.N., arrived in harbour yesterday from Bushire, which port she left on the 11th inst. and called at Muscat en route. During the voyage she experienced very strong N. E. Monsoon with rough sea.

SANCTION has been received to a series of important measures of sanitation the aim of which is to convert Mian Mir if possible into a healthy station.

THE news of the Rev. Dr. Miller is not quite so good as his friends would wish. The acute stage of the illness is past, but there is great weakness, and progress towards recovery is slow.

THE engine attached to the up mail train to Mandaly on Thursday was derailed, with a bogie third class carriage, through running over a buffalo between Deiku and Pyuntaza.

NUMISMATISTS in this country may be interested to learn that a fairly large number of gold coins, known as "Bokhara Tillas of Mir Haidar, C Type," are available for sale at the Calcutta Mint.

THE negotiations between the East Indian Railway and the Indian Mining Association for the establishment of depots on the Railway for the retail sale of coal have been renewed, and promise a successful issue.

THE authorities are evidently determined to make the journey of the Amir's son to Calcutta as comfortable as possible. At Bharwari, a few stations up the line from Allahabad, a halt is to be made for two hours on Christmas morning and breakfast will be provided for the Shahzada and his suite—a matter of some 400 persons all told. The arrangements are in the hands of Mr. Percy Harrison, the Collector of Allahabad, and no pains have been spared to make the short halt at Bharwari a very agreeable break in what must under any circumstances be a somewhat trying journey.

THE total number of deaths registered in Bombay, during the week ending December 20th was 729, giving a death-rate of 48·85 per annum per thousand as against 38·93 the corresponding period of last year, and 55·90 the average over the past five years. Of the total number 49 died from fevers; 102, plague; 25, small-pox; 3, measles; 1, cholera; 4, leprosy; 67, phthisis; 47, diseases of the nervous system; 165, affections of the respiratory organs; 47, diarrhœa; 19, dysentery; 32, still-born; 103, old age and debility; 11, accidents and violence. The classified list of deaths shows:—Jain, 20; Brahmin, 21; Lingaet, 3; Bhattia, 7; Hindu of other caste, 354; Hindu low caste, 93; Musalman, 178; Parsee, 14; Jew, 3; Native Christian, 31; Eurasian, 1; European, 2; Negro-African, 2; Buddhist, 0; other and unknown castes, 0. The total number of births was 507 as against 461 the corresponding period of last year, and 342 the average over the past five years.

IT has been decided to appoint a Committee of Indian gentlemen, under the presidency of Rai Bahadur G. N. Chakravati Sahib, Inspector of Schools, to advise the Government of the United Provinces as to what methods of advancing female education are practicable in these Provinces. The Committee will not summon witnesses nor record evidence nor go on tour but its proceedings will be of an informal character and consist mainly of personal inquiries by the individual members. As an indication of the lines on which advice is needed, it is laid down that there appears to be room for two distinct systems (a) the school system, whether day or boarding, and (b) the peripatetic governess system. The Committee will advise the Government for what classes, in what way, and to what extent, either system can be advantageously developed. The extent to which private effort may be relied upon, the character and conditions of inspection, the curriculum, the separate education of Hindu and Mahomedan girls, the better training of teachers, the methods of recruiting and training peripatetic governesses, how and to what extent the co-operation of Indian ladies can be enlisted: these and other questions require careful consideration. With regard to the upper classes Government is advised that no system will be acceptable which does not provide for religious teaching and in which the management is not in the hands of Indian gentlemen who are co-religionists of the pupils.

THE editor of the "Indian Student," a newly started educational monthly in the United Provinces, announces that the magazine will "give methods of answering examination questions systematically, and therefore without waste of time." These technical directions are perhaps necessary, but they should be used with great caution and very sparingly. Students all over the world are already too fond of "tips" for examinations, and should not be encouraged. Some crafts in educational journalism get swamped by carrying too large a cargo of this kind. It is better to turn out a man than a B. A., and it is better still that all the B. A.'s should be men. To teach the teachers, to encourage them to set a high ideal before the students, is a necessary work. It is to be hoped also that the "Indian Student" will have some papers on manners. An Oriental boy is naturally polite, but he suffers from halting between two standards, both excellent in their way—his home standard, and the English standard. Sometimes he contrives to bring the worst part of his home manners to school, and also to pick up the worst part of English manners. He can easily learn two or more languages, but apparently he cannot learn two sets of manners. This proves that moral training is much more difficult than intellectual. Of course many Indian students have excellent manners, but those who are unsatisfactory bring discredit upon the whole mass. The magazine might well give hints to students as to behaviour under varying circumstances. The first number gives excellent promise of doing valuable work.

EVERY KIND OF READING.

UP FROM THE SLUMS by Owen Kildare (George Bell and Sons) This clever autobiography does for the New York slums, what Arthur Morrison has so graphically done for the nether part of London. It is the frankest laying bare of a character that had nothing to recommend it, but that had been formed by the most cruel of circumstances. A man who lived to the age of thirty without any softening influence whatever, having been remorselessly flung on the world at seven years of age to sink or swim, and that in the worst locality in New York, in the Bowery, frankly describes the life he led. He was callous from having never had any love at any stage of his growth; he bore his hardships as matters of course, quite indispensable pendants to existence. It is not a pleasant story that Owen Kildare tells, but it reads like the undecorated, naked truth up to the moment when his regeneration begins. It is extremely difficult to believe that one so steeped in all the wicked habits of the Bowery, whose standard of morality is that of its purlieus should in a few minutes feel the impulse that drove him to seek a higher ideal, to find it and remain true to it. This happened when he heard a few words fall from the lips of a simple school-teacher who chanced to venture near his haunts. The contrast between his new life and the old when he shrank from no deed, however wicked, is vast. His conversion was complete. He seems never to have relapsed and to have been able to point a moral in his lectures to the Young Men's Christian Associations where he was asked to speak. Owen Kildare's story bears the stamp of reality, and hardly belongs to the world of fiction.

THE CHILDREN OF ENDURANCE by Lucas Cleeve (George Bell and Sons.) This story is one of a Jewish family in London and of one member in particular, Raphael, who represents the aspirations and the highest ideals of the enthusiastic sons of Israel. The doubts and difficulties that assailed this zealous Jew are finely expressed, his affection for a beautiful Gentile, and hers for him, make them both tremble on the edge of the precipice of renunciation of their different beliefs, but Raphael proves the staunchest disciple of his creed. The contrast between the earnestness of the men selected here as exponents of the Jewish faith and hopes, and the lukewarmness if not worse of the worldly minded fashionable people, the writer chooses as typical of the Gentiles, is distinctly in favor of the former. Hermione Castlemere, even when most anxious to influence Raphael, her lover, can adduce no thing heroic with which to attract his soul to her religion. Raphael, ardent and enthusiastic, gives many cogent reasons for the faith that was in him and convinces Hermione that even for her love he cannot renounce his allegiance to its dictates. The first scene in the story, a Christmas party at the Von Ritters, places in strong relief the incongruity of relations in some sections of London society. The description of a visit to Oberammergau where Raphael meets Hermione after he had made clear to her his religious views and the impossibility of reconciling therewith a union between them, is very fine, analysing as it does the feelings of both these young people and practically stating the case for Christianity and Judaism. Lucas Cleeve writes with pride of the position of the latter in the annals of the world.

SOME LOVES AND A LIFE by Mrs. Campbell Praed (George Bell and Sons) A decidedly uncomfortable story of the morbid and beautiful wife of a South African millionaire. She has neither affection or sympathy for her very rough husband. Being delicate and threatened with consumption she goes to a Continental health resort with friends, and there falls in love in the most outrageous fashion with the English Chaplain who is represented as a most ascetic being. Mrs. Van Rennen had contracted the morphia habit though she thought she had full control of it and of herself. The first bond of sympathy formed with the Rev. Hugo St. Mellion was when he divined her use of the morphia needle and makes her give over to him the whole paraphernalia with a promise that she will not have recourse to it again without asking his permission. The craving for excitement, however, was not quelled, and she satisfied it by yielding to the fascination Hugo St. Mellion exercised over her. She soon forgot everything else but her passion. As a warning of the evil effects of morphia, and of a total absence of self-control or sense of duty and responsibility, this story may fulfil a purpose, but constant reference to the remarkable beauty of Mrs. Van Rennen, and to her husband's boorish behaviour suggests that there exist many excuses for her unprincipled conduct. It is not a pleasant thing to contemplate a young married woman, however beautiful and badly mated, forgot her wifely duty, her two children, her honour and her dignity as a woman, for the sake of an infatuation which she deliberately allowed to obtain possession of her. The book is not what can be called profitable reading, though Hugo St. Mellion does pull himself together, and Mrs. Van Rennen is deserted by her lovers.

ORRAIN by S. Levett-Yeats (Methuen) is a stirring tale of the time of Henry II of France. The Edict of Fontainebleau was put in force with great rigour according to the strength of those who wished to apply it to their weaker brethren. In the middle of the sixteenth century men were bigots in France as well as elsewhere and the victory was to the strong or the artful. Here two brothers have quarrelled a outrance and though it was entirely the fault of the elder, who is all a French noble ought not to be, the younger is keen to fight to the end. Their enmity lasted for years and they had ample opportunity for displaying it. There are all kinds of encounters for King and Country. There are wild melees, stratagems and the fiercest single combats; and much charming love-making, but little peaceful life. The story is most interesting and well written.

DIALSTONE LANE, by W. W. Jacobs (George Bell and Sons) is a book to read if a laugh is wanted; it is full of joyous irresponsible fun. There are no problems of any kind to be elaborately elucidated but the humor of every situation is exploited in the gayest fashion and the story in it runs on with a true and lively swing. To a reader crushed under the burdens of real life, it will give some hours' respite and relief, for the gloomiest fatalist must forget his woes while he follows the diverting follies of W. W. Jacob's characters. It is refreshing to feel that this entertaining writer has not lost his cunning art of amusing his readers, and it is apparently accomplished with entire ease, for there is no labour-ed effort perceptible. A book to enjoy and then to lend far and wide to sympathetic friends is "Dialstone Lane."

THE IMPERIAL GUIDE TO INDIA (John Murray) is the title of what purport to be a reliable guide to our Eastern Empire, at a reasonable price, six shillings net cash. The binding is distinctive in brown linen with a red block of colour bearing the name on the cover. The places most worthy of attention in India, Ceylon, Kashmir and Burma, are indicated, with illustrations (from photos by Messrs. Bourne and Shepherd) giving the tourist an idea of what can be seen at each town. An excellent map including all the countries to which the "Guide" applies is in a pocket in the cover, while, bound in with the text in their proper places are maps of Rangoon, Delhi, Karachi, Shrinagar, Lahore, Lucknow, Agra, Cawnpore, Allahabad, Calcutta, Madras and Bombay, with their environs. The best authorities have been consulted and what was best in all of them have been taken as suggestions for the perfecting of this very handy book. Routes and the probable expenses thereof are sufficiently detailed for the tourist. There are general descriptions of Indian scenery in the various presidencies, information on the principal race divisions, with coloured illustrations. Notes and pictures of the most striking animals and birds to be met with, postal and telegraphic information, facts about the coinage, something about the Government of the country, in fact quite as much in a succinct form as will interest and instruct the intelligent tourist as he journeys through the land. At the end is an appendix with a list of circular tours affording a fine choice of itineraries, and a most useful selection of Hindustani words and phrases, though the traveller is advised to provide himself with a good Hindustani Manual of the simpler sort, as well as an English-speaking servant. This concise Guide is an admirable one and does the publishers great credit. It is not an easy task to supply a hand-book to so huge a tract of country as that here mapped out, but the house of Murray has done it well.

PORT ARTHUR SIEGE.

MORE POSITIONS CAPTURED

MANCHURIA OPERATIONS.

JAPANESE AT SINGAPORE.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, DEC. 21.

Reuter's correspondent with the besiegers at Port Arthur says that the capture of the North Fort facilitates the general assault on the Western half of the Eastern Fort ridge.

The Japanese now hold five out of seven of the guarding forts.

Reuter (Tokio) says that six more guns, making a total of thirteen, were captured at North Fort.

The Manchurian head-quarters report that the Russian Infantry attacks on various points yesterday were repulsed.

St. Petersburg telegrams state that General Kuropatkin reports that during a series of reconnaissances yesterday, the Japanese were driven out of their entrenchments in a wood near the Shaho Railway bridge, and the Russians occupied the entrenchments.

LONDON, DEC. 22.

The Japanese have captured some important positions in Pigeon Bay.

Mr. S. Hayashi, Consul for Japan in Bombay, received the following telegram on Wednesday night from his Government :—

The Port Arthur Army reports : Our booty at the North Fort of Tunkikwanshan is four quick-firers, whereof two are usable, four machine guns, (all usable) and five field guns which are under examination, besides rifles, shells, ammunition, grenades, etc.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, DEC. 22.

Five colliers are at Delegoa Bay awaiting orders

Two Japanese converted cruisers are cruising off Singapore.

LATER.

Reuter (Singapore) wires that two Japanese cruisers called there this morning and left at noon. They report that two Japanese battleships, two first and two second class cruisers and twelve destroyers are near by steaming West.

THE NORTH SEA INCIDENT.

Reported Bribing of Fishermen.

A RUSSIAN DISCLAIMER.

LONDON, DEC 21.

The Russian Embassy denies all knowledge of any attempts to suborn the Hull fishermen.

LONDON, DEC. 22.

According to the newspapers it has been ascertained that the Russian agents mentioned in yesterdays' telegram are two of the better class of English seafaring men, named Walsh and Bennett.

Being interviewed, they admitted they were in Russian employ and got four statements confirming that there were torpedo-boats among the trawlers. These statements were signed before the Russian Consul.

They denied there was any bribery. They only compensated the informants for loss of time.

The Consul, who is also an Englishman, being interviewed, said he anticipated an official statement would be issued shortly. It was only his duty to take statements.

NORTH SEA COMMISSION.

Austrian Representative Elected.

SITTINGS ADJOURNED.

The North Sea Inquiry Commission has elected the Austrian Admiral Spaun as fifth Commissioner.

The Commission has adjourned till the 9th January.

AGITATION IN RUSSIA.

Tsar Holds a Council.

THE ZEMSTVOS SNUBBED.

It is semi-officially announced that a Council presided over by the Tsar was held on Tuesday to discuss the political situation of the country. The Council was continued yesterday.

The Tsar has characterized as presumptuous the action of the President of the Zemstvos of Chernigov in submitting a petition affecting the questions of State administration, the matters of State being no concern of the Zemstvos.

LAW AGAINST AMERICAN COMBINES.

President Roosevelt's Action.

LONDON, DEC. 22.

President Roosevelt sends to the Congress the report of the Commissioner of Corporations declaring that owing to a divergence in the State laws, the present regulation of Trusts is vicious, ineffective and anarchical. It proposes that Trusts engaging in inter-State commerce should be required to have a revocable federal license.

MOTOR CARS for hire. Driving taught. Repairs any make of car, effected. Palmer Cord Tyres E. I. C. Plugs and Price's Lubricants for sale.—E. J LEE, 8, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

THE FOREIGN ENLISTMENT ACT.

Admiralty Communication.

LONDON DEC. 21.

In connection with the Yarrow's letter published on the 3rd inst., the Admiralty has now issued a communication pointing out that the Admiralty has no jurisdiction for the enforcement of the Foreign Enlistment Act and that representations of owners and ship-builders should be addressed to the Foreign Office and not to the Admiralty

OBITUARY.

The death is announced of Admiral Sir Erasmus Ommaney.

INDIA AND AFGHANISTAN.

KABUL AND CALCUTTA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, DEC, 22.

The members of the British Mission at Kabul are comfortably housed in quarters provided by the Amir.

Sirdar Inayat Ullah Khan is staying as the guest of Colonel Deane in the official residence of the Chief Commissioner. He leaves by special train for Calcutta to-morrow afternoon.

LATER.

A squadron of the 2nd Prince of Wales Cavalry will escort Sirdar Inayat Ullah Khan to Hastings House, Calcutta, on his arrival here next Monday. The Sirdar will receive a salute of 21 guns.

BOXING AT CALCUTTA.

A COMING CONTEST.

A twenty-round fight with six ounce gloves takes place in Calcutta, next Monday, between Sergeant Smith who claims to be the Champion of India and C. St. Clair described as Middle Weight Champion of Brooklyn, New York, and Heavy Weight Champion of the Far East and Burma. The General Officer Commanding has given his patronage to the contest. The advertised stakes are ten thousand rupees.

THE INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

SIR B. FRANKLIN'S SUCCESSOR.

It is now settled that Colonel G. Bomford succeeds Sir Benjamin Franklin, as Director-General of the Indian Medical Service next month.

INDIA AND AFGHANISTAN.

KABUL AND CALCUTTA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, DEC, 22.

The members of the British Mission at Kabul are comfortably housed in quarters provided by the Amir.

Sirdar Inayat Ullah Khan is staying as the guest of Colonel Deane in the official residence of the Chief Commissioner. He leaves by special train for Calcutta to-morrow afternoon.

LATER.

A squadron of the 2nd Prince of Wales Cavalry will escort Sirdar Inayat Ullah Khan to Hastings House, Calcutta, on his arrival here next Monday. The Sirdar will receive a salute of 21 guns.

BOXING AT CALCUTTA.

A COMING CONTEST.

A twenty-round fight with six ounce gloves takes place in Calcutta, next Monday, between Sergeant Smith who claims to be the Champion of India and C. St. Clair described as Middle Weight Champion of Brooklyn, New York, and Heavy Weight Champion of the Far East and Burma. The General Officer Commanding has given his patronage to the contest. The advertised stakes are ten thousand rupees.

THE INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

SIR B. FRANKLIN'S SUCCESSOR.

It is now settled that Colonel G. Bomford succeeds Sir Benjamin Franklin, as Director-General of the Indian Medical Service next month.

THE PROSECUTION OF MR. ROLT.

INDIGNATION IN CALCUTTA.

The Rolt case continues to excite much feeling in Calcutta. The "Englishman" speaks of the prosecution as shameful and calls upon the Government to put the law in motion against its originators.

The "Indian Daily News" says the first thing, that occurs to every non-official in India, is that the same thing might happen to himself. It adds that the liberty and livelihood of every tea planter, or indigo planter, or contractor, or colliery manager, or other person who carries on business outside Calcutta depends absolutely on his getting on with the District Magistrate.

TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT'S ACTIVITY.

RESULT OF THE FOUR-ANNA MESSAGES.

CALCUTTA, DEC. 22.

The following interesting memorandum has been received from the Telegraph Department :—

The introduction of the four-anna telegrams has occasioned an enormous increase in the number of messages and a corresponding increase in the wires has been necessitated this year. The Telegraph Department are erecting nearly 7,500 miles of new wires throughout India and Burma. Two new wires are being erected between Calcutta and Rangoon, and these wires are taken through Assam, Manipur and Mandalay, a route which, though passing through a very wild country, has proved very reliable for telegraphic purposes. From Calcutta a new wire is being erected to Cuttack. Agra is now a busy telegraph centre, and new wires are in course of erection from there to Lahore, Simla, Meerut and Beawar. From Allahabad new wires are being extended to Bhusawal and to Saidpur.

The increase of traffic in Southern India has been very marked and new wires are being erected between Madras Coconada, Salem, Trichinopoly Calicut, Cochin, and also between Belgaum, Bellary and Bangalore. In the new wheat producing tracts beyond Lahore, where the canals have turned the desert into thriving colonies, the telegraph traffic has steadily increased, and new wires are being run up from Lahore to Warzirabad ; Lahore to Umballa and in the Chenab Canal districts. From Bombay a new wire has been run up to Surat.

A WEDDING IN POONA.

POONA, DEC. 22.

A fashionable marriage took place at St. Mary's this afternoon, the contracting parties being Miss Kathleen E. A. Hooper and Major James Jackson I. M. S., Inspector-General of Prisons, Bombay Presidency. There was a large gathering present in the Church to witness the nuptials. The service was fully choral and was conducted by Rev. Mr. Coetlogen.

The Church began to fill shortly after 4 p. m. The bridegroom attended by his best-man, Captain Kennedy, R. A., arrived, and shortly after, the bride, who had recently come from England, drove up attended by two bridesmaids, Miss Leslie Rose and Miss Bromfield, who carried bouquets. After the ceremony and the signing of the register, the happy couple walked down the aisle to the strains of the wedding march from the organ.

The whole party drove to No. 5, Queen's Gardens, where a reception was held. The guests were received by the bride's mother, Mrs. Hooper. A pothograph was taken, after which the party adjourned to the drawing room. Colonel Bromfield, an old friend of the family, stepped forward and proposed the health of the bride and bridegroom. The toast was received with cheers. The newly married couple then left for Mahableshwar for the honeymoon,

DON'T BUY a Motor Car until you have had a free trial on a Clement.—Sole Agent for the whole of India, E. J. LEE, 28, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

LORD LAMINGTON'S TOUR.

DURBAR AT HYDE RABAD.

QUESTION OF RAILWAY CONNECTION.

SERIOUS ADVICE TO MUNICIPALITY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, DEC. 22.

On the afternoon of the 20th inst., the Governor held a great Durbar at the Collector's Kacheri, Hyderabad. The ceremony was very imposing. the Hall being beautifully decorated with magnificent embroideries, lent by Mirs and others. A large number of Mirs were present in their festal robes and hats blazing with jerwals and pearls. Four of the chief Mirs sat beside his Excellency on the dais. The Governor received addresses from the District Local Board which was read by Mr. Mules, from the Municipality, read by President Mr. Thakurdas Khemchand and a third from the Jamait Islamia read by Mr. Dehlevi.

The non-commissioned officers, 130th Baluch Regiment, were presented separately by Colonel Southey to his Excellency who touched the hilt of the sword of each as it was held out to him. Certificates and Lungis were then presented by his Excellency to certain members of the Police, and the Durbar was brought to a close after the principal persons present had been presented to his Excellency. In the evening a dinner and reception were given by Mr. Mules, the Collector of Hyderabad, at which all Hyderabad society were present.

LATER.

Replying to the addresses of the District Local Board and the Municipality of Hyderabad (Sind), H. E. the Governor said the question of linking up, by a broad gauge railway, the province of Sind with the Bombay presidency, was under the consideration of the Government of India, and perhaps at a very early date one of the two routes under consideration will be adopted as the route for a broad gauge line. As regards feeder lines, his Excellency hoped that private enterprise will take up the question and local capitalists will see fit to embark whatever capital they can command on those feeder lines. The Governor thought either of the two suggestions, the Municipality had made for the relief of congestion in the town, impracticable. The removal of the Cantonment would necessitate an expenditure of some twenty lakhs of rupees and the Central Jail site would cost the Municipality five lakhs which, he thought, was quite outside their power to discharge.

As regards the Municipality's request to be allowed to elect their President, Lord Lamington regretted to say that the conduct of affairs in this Municipality has not been such as to justify him in giving a favourable response. In this matter, he would rather ask them to have more efficient administration than they have had in the past, otherwise he was afraid it might be necessary for Government even to appoint an official President, His Excellency hoped they would soon put their affairs on a better footing by close attention and scrupulous avoidance of jealousies or unnecessary rivalries, and secure more proper control over the Municipal administration of this great historic city.

The Governor's reply to the address of the Jamat Islamia was on much the same lines as of the reply to the Mahomedan address presented in Karachi.

GOVERNOR-GENERAL'S COUNCIL.

APPOINTMENT OF TWO NEW MEMBERS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, DEC. 22.

It is announced that his Majesty, the King Emperor has approved the appointment of the Hon'ble Mr. J. P. Hewett to be the Member of the Governor-General's Council in charge of the new Department of Commerce and Industry.

His Majesty has also approved the appointment of Mr. E. N. Baker to be a Member of the Governor-General's Council in succession to the Hon'ble Sir E. F. G, Law.

P W. D. APPOINTMENTS.

Rai Sahib Durga Churn Chackerbutty, Sub-Engineer, is appointed Assist.-Engineer, Provincial Service, Bengal.

Mr. John Ashford M. Inst. M. E. has been appointed by the Secretary of State on a five years' covenant as Superintendent, of the Central Canal Work-Shops, Amritsar Punjab Irrigation Branch.

Mr. F. W. Allum, Executive-Engineer, is posted to the Katihar-Malda-Godavari Railway,

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

Major Caruana, 41st Dogras, is appointed Assistant Judge Advocate-General, Burma Division, vice Major Field whose tenure is about to expire.

Brigadier-General Adams, has assumed command of the Amballa Cavalry Brigade.

Lieut. Weekes, 17th Infantry, has been selected for appointment to the 4th Gurkhas.

Major Grimston, 6th Cavalry, is appointed 2nd-in-Command of that Regiment.

Lieutenant E. H. Bayford, D.S.O., 18th Hussars, Aide-de-Camp to His Excellency the Governor, is granted sixty days' privilege leave in combination with six months' leave out of India on private affairs from the 15th December.

A Corps of Presidency Cyclist and Mounted Scouts is being formed at Calcutta under Captain Laue Anderson, who commands the Calcutta Volunteer Cyclists.

THE BOMBAY SERVICES.

Major F. W. Wodehouse, Political Agent, Fourth Grade, is granted privilege leave for three months combined with furlough for ten months, from the 1st February next or subsequently.

Mr. A. D. Brown, B.A. (Oxon.), I. C. S., is appointed to act as Political Agent, Surat, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. W. T. Morison, I. C. S.,

Azam M. V. Mudbidri, Mahalkari, petha Murgod in the district of Belgaum, is appointed, under section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, to be a Magistrate of the Second Class in that district.

Mr. J. P. Vaughan, I.C.S., has been allowed an extension of one month's furlough.

Mr. E. L. Sale, I.C.S. has been allowed to return to duty within the period of his leave.

Mr. A. D. Brown, B.A. (Oxon.), I.C.S., acts as Collector of Surat and Member and President of the Local Board established for the Surat District during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. W. T. Morison, I.C.S.

Captain C. Easdon has been appointed Superintendent of Panchgani for a period of three years vice Major W. Fearn, permitted to resign.

Mr. N. G. Greensmith is appointed Deputy Shipping Master, Aden.

Mr. S. C. Mould, nominated by the Cambridge University, who has been appointed to this Presidency by the Secretary of State as Assistant Engineer, 3rd Grade, is posted to the Indus Left Bank Division.

His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to order the formation of a special temporary Survey and Construction District in Sind, for the preparation of the project for the extension of the Begari Canal, in the first instance, and to appoint Mr. T. B. Robertson, Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade, as Executive Engineer thereof. The Executive Engineer's headquarters will be at Karachi.

WOMEN'S INTERESTS.

Some Evening Gowns.

DRESS ON THE STAGE.

SEASONABLE GIFTS.

LONDON, DEC. 2.

POMPADOUR silks, soft taffetas, mousselines, and point d'esprit are the popular materials for evening gowns. For picture gowns all sorts of unusual materials will be used, the main requisite being something soft and pliable, which can be draped tucked, and treated with interminable detail. The handsomest gowns are often made of fine net, embroidered or spangled in elaborate patterns or run with silk. For this style of trimming all-over designs are used, with intricate borders of flowers and leaves brought out in natural colours by threading silk in and out of the net meshes, and then heavily buttonholing the edges. Entire gowns of dyed lace made up with silk or velvet appliques are among the novelties of the season. Brown Valenciennes lace is the newest material for gowns of this kind—a rich chestnut brown made over the dullest olive brown. Certain shades of light blue seem to be specially popular for the simple dancing frock, but many lovely shades of yellow, pink, green, and lilac are used. Among the yellows, those light shades having a pinkish flush in them—the apricot, corn, and other yellows of similar tone—are preferred to the more purely yellow tints. One of the daintiest frocks recently seen was of soft, dull finish taffeta in one of these pale pink yellows liberally trimmed with creamy Valenciennes.

There is a decided change in the bodies for this winter's party frock. The pointed bodies is undoubtedly the popular one. Many of the French frocks still blouse slightly all round over a moderately wide girdle, and the easily fitted back and slightly bloused front, with simulated bolero effect is also fashionable. For those who prefer novelty and attempt the new bodice, there are a dozen ways of achieving it. Draping is most used, but odd effects, and long panels that run almost imperceptibly into a pointed girdle, or plain little bodices with old-fashioned darts that make them fit like a glove, are among the bewildering early fashions. Trimming plays an important part. Even in the "simple" little gowns the simplicity is only in appearance—as a mask for the exquisite delicacy and beauty of fine laces. Ruffles are popular—ruffles with "headings" or without ending under tiny puffings, or under long pointed folds. Puffings trim panels, accentuate the bodice lines, or sedately outline (in rows) the neck of a low-cut bodice.

From first to last, the gowns are delightful in the revival of "Lady Windermere's Fan," at the St. James's, and if the critics of the sterner sex have been eloquent in their praises of Miss Marion Terry's performance in the difficult part of Mrs. Erlynne, the feminine section of the audience cannot fail to pronounce an equally enthusiastic panegyric upon her frocks. A beautiful evening gown and cloak are worn by Miss Marion Terry in the third act of the play. The gown is of the richest ivory-white soft satin, perfectly simple, but very effective in design, with a graceful skirt closely pleated below the waist, and crossed by a wide band of insertion in dull gold lace, the formal lines being broken here and there with long trials and clusters of gold tissue roses. The bodice comes to a long point in front, and is trimmed to correspond with lace and gold tissue roses. Over this white and gold gown Miss Marion Terry wears in her great scene with Lady Windermere (Miss Lilian Braithwaite), in Lord Darlington's rooms, the loveliest cloak imaginable. It is made entirely in chiffon, and arranged in rather a vivid shade of sea-green lined with silk gauze in a much paler tone, and trimmed with quantities of soft silk ribbon in the same shade of green as the chiffon. The long floating ends of ribbon are weighted with rosettes, and there is little touch of silver paillette embroidery round the shoulders.

A very dainty and delightful frock of apricot taffetas glace is worn by Miss Lilian Braithwaite in the first act of the play, when we see her arranging her roses in her morning room, while Lord Darlington looks on. The skirts has full draperies of the apricot taffetas, opening down the centre, of the front, as so many of the smartest frocks do at the moment, and revealing an underskirt of ivory-white esprit net arranged over pale pink with many pleats and flouncings. The taffetas draperies are embroidered with heavy silk rings at wide intervals apart, and trimmed with gathered bouillonnes of silk. The bodice has a very deep waistbelt of the same taffetas, while at the throat it is filled in with a transparent chemisette of cream lace. The full short sleeves of silk are quite new with their close-fitting under-sleeves of lace, and full frills of net at the elbow.

Once upon a time, and not so very long ago either, there seemed to be a popular idea that anything was good enough for a waistbelt. Just a two inch band of satin ribbon served every purpose in the case of evening gowns, while the bodices of the day-frocks, when they boasted belts at all, were very simply encircled either with a few folds of the same material as the dress itself, or with what is known technically as a Petersham band, the said Petersham being merely a stoutly-made corded material, very like an extra strong ribbon in appearance. Fortunately, however, for our reputation for good taste, the modistes have lately changed all that, and have come to recognise the fact that there are infinite possibilities in the waistbelt, whether it may happen to be made in soft satin or in Louisine silk, or taffetas glace, or, again, in supple kid or in yielding suede. There is plenty of scope for the exercise of good taste and powers of invention in the waistbelts of the present moment, and it is no longer looked upon as extravagant either, to indulge in separate waistbelts, of a more or less elaborate kind, for every separate blouse and bodice. For morning wear, the perfectly plain belts in fine soft kid are best, with buckles and slides covered with the same kid, the whole belt being arranged to match exactly the colour of the gown with which it will be worn. The belts for afternoon and evening wear embody many quaint and very picturesque ideas. Sometimes they are made in soft leather, simply folded or closely rucked round the figure, and drawn through buckles of dull gold, some of these buckles being elaborately chased, and others set with stones of various colours. Other belts there are in fine elastic in many different shades, studded with steel and fastened with steel clasps, while for smart occasions and for wearing with black gowns, there are soft belts in black velvet lined with kid, and very prettily embroidered with floral designs traced out in narrow ribbon work, and in very pale colourings. Newer even than these, perhaps, are the elastic belts, which measure nearly six inches in depth, and which curve downwards in the centre, both front and back, in a very graceful fashion, so as to avoid that second straight line above the waist which is never becoming, even to the most slim and graceful figure.

Among the novel Christmas presents shown in the shops, the art nouveau designs of the Contingent seem to have influenced the form of many of the decorative articles. This year glass shows the decided influence of these ideas. Vases, almost grotesque in shape, as well as lamps and candlesticks, are displayed in both white, opaque-like ground glass and rose colour. There are other and more normal shapes, with an old-time decoration of engraving in large designs, usually in natural forms, the rose with blossoms and leaves, spreading nearly over the whole of the background, being a favourite motif. These come also in both white and rosetinted glass, and are well formed and pleasing flower holders, especially for roses, whose foliage is at its best in a transparent holder. Glass candlesticks and lamps are in great variety, and both in cut and pressed glass are pretty and useful. Nothing better, that is inexpensive also, can be found for lighting a dining table than these same glass affairs, candles being the simplest and lamps perhaps the most satisfactory in the long run. All table-pressed glass is so superior to that of a few years ago that it is preferred by some people to cut glass, even when the difference in price has not to enter into the question. In basketry there is a new departure this season, and colour is rampant, especially in the tall waste-paper baskets ; the open weave, like cane-seated chairs, is put over a solid green or red background. Octagonal-shaped baskets have a many-hued colouring that is strongly Japanesque in style.

Odd, unconventional designs in metal and enamel brooches are offered for Christmas presents. To harmonise with the prevailing dress colours are large gun-metal beetles, heads of quadrupeds carved in gold ; Egyptian wings, crystals, and dragons in every imaginable contortion. All these are set off by rhinestones, imitation opals, amethysts, cat's eyes, the Scotchpebble—in its reds and purples—and last, the all-pervading peacock eye. To fasten the dainty laces and ribbons for the neck, swallow's small and in flight and various forms of flies and butterflies are used. The swallows have wings of imitation opal in blue, and the body is in white. The butterflies wings are in variegated enamel or opalescent porcelain, with rhinestone bodies. One peacock feather in green and blue has a peacock eye among the fronds at the tip. A single peacock eye the size of a shilling and the same size in cut amethyst or crystal have gold snakes coiled round them.

The new veil has a certain charm of draping that is distinctly Spanish in effect ; while its circular shape is more easily adjusted in graceful lines than the usual straight veil. The Melba, as it is called, is expensive to buy, but it can be made at home or much less. The fortunate possessor of some lacy net or an effective lace edge can make a veil in this new, expensive fashion for next to nothing. The two best colours for these veils are black or white, but they're extremely good as well when they match or contrast in some effective way with the hat. The most fashionable colour just now is a bright blue, which is especially pretty with dark blue or black hats, and brings out that peculiar whiteness of the skin that is characteristic of a blue veil.

We are nothing just now if not hygienic ! Considering the number of accomplished men and women who are devoting their best energies to teaching us the error of our ways, if we are not healthy we ought to be ! One of the most enthusiastic of these crusaders is Mrs. Frances Boult, the foundress of the "Ivy Leaf Society," who spoke at the association's conference last week at Holborn Town Hall on "Mind Culture and Body-Building for the Young." Though I was present as a "mere outsider," being frankly out of sympathy with vegetarian ideals, I could not but heartily endorse the truth of her criticism that the "education is not complete which does not include in its branches physiology, the laws of health and sanitary rules," and one could not but own the almost Franciscan note of her appeal for training children in "kindness and love to all living creatures." Mrs. Boult founded the "Ivy Leaf Society" in 1896, with the aim of promoting "the graces of a gentle life and humane spirit in the young," and to teach them the laws of health, as well as to popularise vegetarian principles. To this end she edits a pleasant little monthly, "The Children's Garden," published at 6, Great James-street, W. C., at the small price of one halfpenny, which is the magazine of the society. I understand, however, that non-vegetarians sympathy is welcomed in this attempt to provide humane literature.

BOMBAY CHRISTMAS, 1904.

T'is hard to remember that Christmas is near
When punkahs are going, and ice is so dear,
But still if this fact we should dare to deny,
All the Christmas advertisements give us the lie.
The Medows Street Booksellers thrust down our throats
Christmas cards of all sorts; and alas, Quaker's oats
Are deserted by Treacher and Phillips who say
"For the real Christmas Novelties please step this way."
Even Thomson and Taylor have put up a bill
Recommending a Ponderous Plum-Pudding Pill,
Which is warranted sweet to the palate and sure
To allow of three helpings and possibly more.
The vendors of ribbons and gentlemen's ties
Are busily occupied framing,—not lies,
But alluring advertisements hard to resist,
A highly seductive and suitable list,
Which proves that an out-of-date collar or shoe
May be easily sold to the public as new.
With a well-written ad. you'll entrap either sex,
But you must not forget to spell Christmas with X.
Even Hair-dressers rival their confréres in zeal,
Finkelstein and Fucile (whom some call Fewseel).
Have on view an assortment of wonderful scents,
Strops, razors, ties, tie-clips :—One really laments
That no man of science has yet taken out
A patent for purses elastic and stout
Whose contents, 'spite of extracts, are always the same ;
One could buy up Bombay from Colaba to Mahim !
But, alas, Christmas presents when once you've begun
Are always expensive. You pay for your fun,
Which makes Christmas *dear* in more senses than one.

F.

BOMBAY NATURAL HISTORY SOCIETY.

A MEETING of the members took place at the Society's rooms yesterday Major C. G. Nurse presiding.

NEW MEMBERS.

The election of the following new members, since last meeting, was duly announced :—Life Member : Meherban Piraji Rao Bapu Saheb Ghote, Chief of Kagal, senior (Kagal S. M. C.). Members : Mr. A. D. S. Arbuthnot, B. E. (Bombay) ; Mr. L. Bagshawe, (Bombay) ; Captain R. H. Griffith, R. F. A. (Kirkee) ; Mr. E. Wilson (Dehra Dun) ; Rev. P. G. Tibbs, (Deolali) ; Mr. W. H. Ruddle, (Secunderabad) ; Mr R. W. D. Ashe, I. C. S. (Nellore, Madras Presidency) ; Mr. E. Pakenham-Walsh I. C. S. (Penukonda, Anantapur District.).

CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE MUSEUM.

Mr. H. M. Phipson, the honorary secretary, acknowledged receipt of the following contributions to the Society's collection :—1 Gadwall (Chaulelasmus streperus), Mr. A. Dunbar-Brander, I. F. S. 1 Hobby (Falco subbuteo), Mr. J. D. Inverarity 1 common Indian Nightjar (alive)(Caprimulgus asiaticus), Mr. J. P. Chrystal ; 1 large pin-tailed sandgrouse ; (Pteroclurus alchata), His H. the Maharaja of Bikanir ; 1 Green-Shank (Totanus glottis), H. H. the Maharaja of Bikanir ; 1 Horsefield's Nightjar (Caprimulgus macrurus) Mr. R. G. Foster; 1 Barn-Owl (alive) (Strix flammea), Rev. J. George, S.J.; 1 Indian Kool, (alive) (Eudinamis honorata), Rev. J. George, S.J. ; some pearls and pearl shells from Coast of Cutch, H. H. the Rao Saheb of Cutch ; 1 Snake (Psammophis leithii) Capt. F. Wall, I.M. S. ; 1 Snake (ycodon streatus) Capt. F. Wall, I.M.S., 3 Snakes Typhlops braminus) Capt. F. Wall, I. M. S.

CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE LIBRARY.

These included 300 Zoological Records from 1893-97 and 1899 to 1902, from the Trustees of the British Museum.

PAPERS READ.

The following papers were then read and discussed :—"Shellfish and their shapes," by E. Comber, F. Z. S. "Descriptions of two new Snakes from Upper Burma," by G. A. Boulenger, F. R. S. V. P. Z. S. "Do wild animals ever die of intestinal obstruction ?" bp Col. W. B. Bannerman, I. M. S. "Melanism in Black-Buck," by Major J. Manners Smith. "On fishes from the Persian Gulf, the Sea of Oman and Karachi," collected by Mr. F. W. Townsend, by C. Tate Regan, B. A.

LIEUTENANT L. B. SCOTT, I. M. S., contributes to the current number of the "Indian Medical Gazette" a very able paper on the Plague at Ferozepore, this year, and some deductions as to the nature of plague. While equally convinced with Captain Liston that plague is essentially a rat disease and that it is from rats, directly or indirectly that human beings are generally infected, and not directly from one another—except in the pneumonic form of the disease—Lieutenant Scott takes a very different view of the mode of infection. He ignores the rat-flea altogether and holds that man is infected by rats (or mice), in which animals plague is almost invariably septicæmic, either directly or through the medium of clothes, grain and other external objects infected by them.

THE BOMBAY EXHIBITION.

FORESTRY SECTION.

A complete survey of this section which forms an important factor in the Exhibition, would entail more than one visit, as the exhibits are very numerous and interesting in every branch. Before detailing the Exhibits we mention briefly the principal produce of the respective circles. The Northern Circle which includes Thana, Surat (including the Dangs) and the Panch Mahals are noted for their production of teak, sisal, ongeinia-Dalvergioides, Tiwas and other woods. The minor produce comprise bamboos of considerable length and thickness, apta and temburrni leaves (used for making beedies) and myrabolams. In the Central Circle which include Poona, Nasik, Ahmednagar, Khandesh, Sholapore, and Satara, the forests bost of an abundance of teak generally, and among the minor produce myrabolams and pasture lands. Hay and grass, etc. is found in abundance. The Southern Circle, comprises Kanara, Belgaum, Colaba, Dharwar; Bijapur and Ratnageri, are also noted for teak, sandal wood and various other trees, but this circle lacks in minor produce. Dealing with the Sind Circle (Sukkur, Nanshahro, Hyderabad, and Jerruck) we find that lac is obtained from here in enormous quantities. It also yields a fair amount of teak and other timbers.

Turning now to the Exhibits, the visitor before entering the pavilion is attracted by a gigantic forest trophy, placed outside, which has been constructed of no less than 31 varieties of wood from the Thana forest. Then there is the tallest bamboo ever seen in Bombay from the Dangs forest, which measures in length a little over 75 feet. Also to be seen is a charcoal kiln, with a Kathodis hut adjoining (with Kathodis in it), a Thakore's hut (with a Thakore in it), some rare thick bomboos from the Dangs forest, while on the ground each evening is demonstrated a method of catching hare and birds by the wild tribes, charcoal making, &c. On entering the pavilion, you first come to a large hay press (made by Messrs. Richardson and Cruddas) for which letters of patent have been submitted. This press is reputed with the easiest method of hay pressing existing. Among the timbers are logs from Surat (Dangs), Thana, Nasik and the Kanara forests, over 65 logs being on exhibition. A very interesting feature is the display of manufactured articles which embody models of a Kunbi's and Warli's huts—Warlis are a wild tribe and Kunbis are agriculturists. —a native strap cot, mats made of palmyra and date palms, and bamboos, (chiefly manufactured in Thana and Ahmednagar), bamboo baskets and boxes, bamboo flower pots, fans, cradles, and bottles, measures made of various kinds of wood, rat traps, cages, ploughs, rainhoods made of "Palas" leaves, fishing nets, tobacco pouches, (made of fibre) bows and arrows, musical instruments, forest implements for felling trees, etc., grass and straw articles, grass ornaments, etc., a large drum called "Dhol," prepared entirely by wild tribesmen (Warli) of the Thana District, and notably a "Fire Drum" from the Surat Forest Division. This drum is used to announce a fire in the Forest to villagers who may be some distance off. The fire season commences after the rains and extends up to June. During this period special fire guards are entertained and the area to be specially protected is surrounded by a fire trace. There is no less than sixteen exhibits of gums among the economic products. Most useful among these may be mentioned babul, khair, dhavda and dikhamali which are largely used for the medicinal and other purposes. There is again a variety of rubbers sent in by Colonel Wyllie, Cantonment Magistrate, Belgaum. The show of lac, which include lacquered ware in cradles, flower pots, plates, snuff boxes and numerous other articles, is large. Dealing with barks, there are the ain, chilari, babul, tharwad, and awla-barks used as leather-tanning materials. In all there are over a dozen specimens. Some 24 assortments of fibres are exposed including ghypat, sui, kawdar (wild plantain), &c., used for various purposes. Silk cotton is represented by the Bherlimad and Sawar ("Bombax Malabaricum"), while leaves comprise apta, temburni (used for making beedies) and cinnamon leaves. These latter are chiefly from Thana and Belgaum. Twenty-seven varieties of flowers and about a dozen varieties of pods and seeds are also to be seen. The most important product among the flowers and seeds is the "mowrah" which is largely consumed in manufacturing country liquor. The visitor then observes a variety of honey, honey-combs and honey-wax (rough and prepared). Oils are principally from Thana and Khandesh. Among the variety is the well known "Rosha oil" which is extracted from a scented grass called "Rosha," used in manufacturing "attar" (a common scent used locally, chiefly by the Hindus), while there are other oils used for medicinal purposes. Other exhibits include Tubers (cultivated and wild). Of the cultivated tubers suran, khonphul, allukhan, and khangar are eaten by Hindus on fast days and also as vegetable. Most of the wild tubers are poisonous; but are made palatable by some process by the wild tribe and condemned as food during famine. The Roots exhibited include "Chitrak" (used as a remedy for plague) vala (cuscus), so widely used for making chicks and screens during the hot season. From the latter is also prepared a kind of scent used by Hindus. The other roots are for medicinal purposes. Over fifty varieties of herbarium specimens are on view, forest maps, photos, minerals, bears' skins, birds' nests, etc. The photos include a representation of tree-cutting loading, exploited coups, charcoal manufacturing, Kathodis at work in forests, Kathodis squaring teak in logs, superintending felling operations, loading timber in carts in a coup, timber being loaded in transit, the various palms grown in Bombay, weighing firewood, method of carrying long beams, river scene in the Deccan (the Mulla River), the garden scene in the compound of the College of Science (Poona) and several others. Lac and how it is formed is explained each evening. Among the large number of plants there is the quinine, cotton and rubber, the sisal plant from which fibre is extracted and carpets made (sent in by Rev. R. Winsor from Sirur). Professor Gammie of the Poona College of Science has sent in over fifty herbarium specimens, a peculiar model representing a Forest Library is centrally placed, the books and the whole structure being made of wood of different specimens, set up by a Government Contractor in Kanara. Then there is a model of Juggannath's car, street paving blocks from Surat, and Andaman timber pieces (over 20 varieties).

Under the head of "Waters" the Forest Department have on view several liquids to which a deal of interest attaches. One of these, called Harbaryachi Amb or Khati, is collected from the leaves of the gram plant (Cicer Arictum) in a curious way. A piece of cloth is tied to a long pole in the form of a flag and this in the early morning is swept over the field of grain whose leaves are all bedecked with dew. The moisture thus captured is wrung out and bottled. This fluid is said to be effective in curing stomach ailments even to the extent of cholera. Another liquid on show is the water from cocoanuts. This liquid has been erroneously considered injurious, producing a pre-disposition to dropsical complaints. It would be interesting however for ladies who fear taking the liquid internally to note that the liquid of the green cocoanut is ascribed that inestimable property to it, of clearing the face of all wrinkles and imperfections and imparting to it a rosy tint. The sugar-cane water is obtained from the leaves of the plant and is administered in stomach complaints. The water from wild fig ("Ficus Glomarata") is a specific for sunstroke, while the ukshi ("Calycopteris Floribunda") liquid is extracted from the stem of the Ukshi climber (creeper) and is drunk to quench thirst by forest villagers. Besides these there are several other waters of lesser importance.

The Bansda and Baroda States have sent a large variety of their forest produce which are on exhibition. Those include various kinds of grasses, gums, pods, fibres and fruits, &c.,

The whole of the Forestry Section is in the capable hands of Mr. G. M. Ryan, Deputy Conservator of Forests, who is ably assisted by Mr. A. L. Tembe.

MR. R. SHEEPSHANKS, C. S., Registrar of the High Court of Calcutta, will, it is understood, be appointed Deputy Secretary in the Legislative Department in succession to Mr. Greeven.

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION RESULT.

MATRICULATION EXAMINATION.

THE results of the Matriculation Examination of the Bombay University were announced yesterday.

Ramchandra M. Joshi gets the first Jugonnath Sunkersett scholarship.

Moro H. Krare gets the second Jugonnath Sunkerset scholarship.

Joseph C. P. D'Andrade gets the Cowasji Jehangir Latin scholarship.

Vithaldas K. Bhuta gets the Ellis prize.

Framji B. Shroff and Venkat N. Sirur get the Bai Manekbai Byramji Jijibhoy prize.

Veiji L. Merchant gets the first Rao Sir Pragmulji scholarship and the Kutchi Divan Bahadur Manibhai prize.

Ali M. Mirza gets the second Rao Sir Pragmalji scholarship.

Abdul M. Belgrami gets the Jairazbhoy Peerbhoy and the Sir Frank Souter scholarships.

Ramrao G. Gadkari gets the Divan Bahadur L. G. Vaidya Scholarship.

Violet Machado ets the Lady Reay Medical Scholarship.

Navajbai N. Kharegat gets the Pestanji Hormasji Cama Scholarship.

Sultanally M. Chinoy gets the R. M. Sayani Khoja Testimonial Scholarship.

Jehangir H. Modi gets the Dosabhai Framji Cama Scholarship.

Kalyanji N. Joshi gets the Uttamram Memorial Scholarship.

Sonubai David gets the Chatfield Prize.

Hariram H. Lobana gets the Rao Bahadur Karamsi Damji Scholarship.

Trivickram D. Bhat gets the Miss Yamunabai Atmaram Dalvi Scholarship.

Dhanjishah N. Buchia gets the B. N. Koyaji Scholarship and Silver Medal.

Maneklal M. Sha gets the Rajaram Govindram Scholarship.

Maneksha B. Katrak gets the Sir D. M. Petit (First Baronet) Scholarship.

Karmali F. Banatvala gets the Dr. Ismail Jan Mahomed Scholarship.

The following are the successful candidates :—

PASS CLASS.

BOMBAY CENTRE.

SANSKRIT.

Abhyankar Shankar Y
Adhikari Yashvant P
Agharkar Parshram P
Apte Vasudeo Mahadeo
Ashtekar Ramchandra D
Athavale Ramchandra G
Ayte Shankar A
akray Narayan B
Balji Narayan B
Bapat Keshav N
Bapat Raghunath V
Barve Narayan H
Barve Vasudev R
Bedarkar Ganpat A
Bendigiri Hanmat K
Bhagvat Gopal K
Bhagvat Narayan B
Bhagvat Shridhar A
Bhagvat Vishvanath V
Bhandare Mangesh S
Bhandarkar Janardhan B
Bhangle Yashvant S
Bhat Gajanan B
Bhat Ganesh A
Bhat Narayan V
Bhatkalkar Laxminarayan R
Bhatt Natvalal R
Bhatt Vitbalray M
Bhave Vinayak M
Bhayani Chunilal T
Bhise Ramchandra M
Bidaye Vishnu N
Chandavarkar Prabhakar N
Chandorkar Ramchandra V
Chaubal Shitram N
Chitale Prabhakar V
Chitnis Trimbak V
Chitre Tribak B
Dabholkar Shrirang V
Dabke Ganesh M
Dadkar Lakshuman N
Dalvi Nilkanth A
Dalvi Shivram V
Damle Bhikaji S
Damle Dattatraya V
Damle Lakshman G
Damle Muralidhar G
Dange Ganesh V
Daru Shrinivas P
Daruvala Framroz S
Datar Gopal B
Date Shridhar V
Desai Ganesh R
Desai Gopalji P
Desai Gulabchai K
Desai Jekisondas M
Desai Narayan P
Deshmukh Martand Y
Deshmukh Parshuram R
Deshpande Deodatta R
Devashar Gajanan R
Dharap Gopal G
Digambari Mohanlal H
Digha Vinayak A
Dikshit Naudkrishnashankar T
Divekar Anant P
Divekar Bhaskar S
Divekar Ramchandra J
Doshi Keshavji D
Doshi Motilal D
Ekbote Vishnu Y
Ektare Raghunath B
Gabha Trimbak G
Gadgil Vasudev R
Gadkari Ramrao G
Gadre Purushottam H
Golvankar Yashvant J
Garud Pandurang M
Ghanasu Chintaman S
Ghaisas Sadashiv V
Ghanekar Janardan N
Ghare Hanmant V
Gharpure Vasudev B
Ghate Purushottam R
Ghatpande Sadashiv K
Gokhale Chintaman V
Gokhale Dattatraya K
Gokhle Vasudev C
Gole Govind H
G le Purushottam B
Gugune Ganesh B
Gupte Damodhar B
Gupte Shantaram N
Hcoli Chanabasappa B
Jani Tribhovan T
Jani Venishankar B
Jatar Nilkanth S
Jayakar Gopal M
Jayavant Gangadhar R
Jasavant Prabhakar R
Jhala Champrasad N
Jogiekar Damodar B
Jogiekar Lakshman G
Jogiekar Masadev G
Joshi Bhalchandra L
Joshi Prabhanchandra V
Joshi Bhaku B
Joshi Damodar S
Joshi Dattaram R
Joshi Janardan S
Joshi Kalyanji N
Joshi Lakshman N
Joshi Narayan B
Joshi Narayan S
Joshi Purushottam G
Joshi Ramchandra G
Joshi Ramchandra M
Joshi Sakharam V
Joshi Shridhar T
Joshi Vishnu G
Kadkol H cho G
Kaikini Shesha ri M
Kamat D tto A
Kamat Venkatrao V
Kane Ramchandra V
Kapadia Chunilal M
Karmarkar Mahadev D
Karnik ovind V
Katti Panturang S
Katti Shrinivas T
Katvi Ra thau D
Kayal Gangadhar G
Kelkar Ramchandra N
Kelkar Vasudev C
Khare Moro H
Khedekar Apa D
Kher Vishnu G
Kirpekar Dattatraya H
Kotbhaskar Narayan G
Kotnis Ramchandra D
Kulkarni Bhaskar S
Kulkarni Dattatraya J
Kumbhare Vishnu N
Kuntay Yashvant K
Limaye Ganesh D
Mahkar Atmaram B
Mankad Rangildas N
Mankar Amritram N
Marathe Parashuram V
Mawalangkar Dattatraya R
Mehta Dhrupadram H
Mehta Manubhai P
Mhaske Alandrao V
Moghe Govind G
Mogre Vasant B
Mone Ramchandra V
Mujumdar Shankar P
Mujumdar Mahadev A
Muley Lakshman N
Mulgaokar Shankar G
Nabar Vaman K
Nadkarni Shantaram J
Naikarni Sitaram K
Naik Hanumant P
Natu Gajanan T
Navalkar Shamrao M
Oka Muralidhar N
Oka Vinayak L
Oka Yashvant R
Onkar Krishnarao B
Pachpe Dhanprasad B
Pai Keshav N
Pande Sadashiv P
Pandit Anant V
Pandit Gajanan B
Pandit Mangesh G
Pandit Nagesh P
Pandit Shridhar B
Parasnkar Dhanrajj S
Paranjpe Bhaskar R
Paranjpe Dattatraya G
Paranjpe Krishnaji S
Paranjpe Narayan B
Parchure Vasudev V
Paresh hunilal C
Parekh Prabhidas N
Parulekar Ramchandra V
Patel Venilal D
Patil Sadanad D
Patvardhan Hari G
Patvardhan Ramchandra
Patvardhan Trimbak V
Pendharkar Gopal R
Pendharkar Jagannath G
Peradiee Narayan D
Phadke Vaman R
Phadke Yashvant D
Phalke Sadashiv S
Phatak Vishvanath D
Pillay Thiruvenkatam N
Pitre Vasudeo N
Ponkshe Dinkar R
Pote Ramchandra G
Pradhan Krishnaji V
Pradhan Shankar Y
Pradhan Vaijanath V
Puraadare Atmaram V
Pusalkar Vaman S
Rajadhyaksha Dhondo G
Ramade Narsinha S
Ranade Shankar N
Rangari Trimbak B
Rangnekar Babulnath A
Rangnekar Vinayak M
Rathod Nanji B
Rege Gajanan L
Rege Vinayak N
Rege Vinayak V
Rele Ghanashyam H
Rishi Vishvanath D
Sabnis Achut V
Sabnis Gajanan D
Salwi Govind H
Samant Balkrishna R
Saraia Lakshmidas J
Sathe Jagannath R
Sathe Vasudev G
Satokar Anant A
Savalrikar Ramgo G
Save Maniram M
Shah Chandulal P
Shaligram Vishnu V
Shastri Shivrao S
Shenvi Narayan R
Sheth Monidas V
Sheth Ranchhoddas G
Shevde Trimbak L
Sodha Mohanlal J
Sohoni Vasudev M
Soparker Govar handas B
Talkar Abraham B
Thakar Chhotalal S
Thobbi Ganesh G
Tilak Gangadhar V
Tilak Mahadev G
Tornay R dnakrishna L
Trivedi Shankarlal G
Tulla Shankar G
Ugale Atmaram D
Unakar Janardan V
Upadhye Dattatraya K
Uponi Anand D
Vachhrajani Mahipatrai A
Vaidya Dattatraya K
Vaidya Gopal S
Vaidya Hariprasad G
Vaidya Ramchandra G
Vaidya Sitaram P
Vangankar Shyamsundar G
Vardo Shripad M
Warty Shantaram G
Weling Dattatraya B

PERSIAN.

Ajinkya Narayan V
Arklesaria Gustad C
Arklesaria Nadirsha D
Arsiwala Postonji P
Banaji Jehangir M
Banatwala Karmali F
Belgrami Abdul M
Bhatp ria Ardeshar H
Bhedwar Bapooji B
Bhedwar Framji B
Captain Sorabji J
Chinivalla Dinshawji H
Chohan Nathu K
Coopersmith Framji C
Dalal Framroze R
Dalal Mazarlal P
Dalal Shivlal B
Dallas Nadir D
Damania Sorab B
Daruwala Jehangir S
Dastur Jamshed K
Dastur Manekji N
Dastur Minocher J
Dastur Rustamji E
Dastur Shapurji S
Davar Framji J
Desai Barjorji N
Deshmukh Maikarjun V
Deshpande Shridhar H
Dhurandhar Vamanrao V
Doctor Nanabhoy M
Driver Ardeshir R
Dubash Nusserwanji P
Gandhi Dinshaw H
Gezler Manekji G
Geriwalla Rangildas T
Ghee ala Jal P
Gobhai Kavasji M
Haldankar Shankar V
Irani Ardesir J
Jassawala Aspandiar C
Jassawala Pirojshah M
Joshi Manilal U
Kanga Dinsha D
Kanga Framroz D
Kapadia Jal S
Katgara Merwanji P
Katrak Burjorji S
Master Firoz R
Master Shavaksha D
Mehta Lakshmiprasad V
Merchant Chandulal D
Merchant Gamaliel V
Merchant Gulam H H
Merchant Vallibhoy T
Mirchandani Vishindas K
Mirza Ali M
Mistry Navroji C
Mobedjina Jehangir A
Mori Rustamji R
Mody Rustonji B
Motivala Framanshaw B
Mulla Kaikhushroo C
Mulla Firoze Darabsha K
Munshi Dorabji P
Nanavati Dhanjishah H
Nanavati Jamshedshah H
Narmen Kaikobad F
Nerurkar Krishnaji D
Nicholson Burjor K
Pania Narayan K
Pardiwala Framroz H
Parditvala Horamsji T
Parekh Kaikhasru R
Parekh Nagindas H
Parekh Thakordas T
Patel Mohamed I
Pochara Framroze L
Pune Gejanan B
Rustom Kaikhashroo R
Salvi Punamchand M
Santani Raghunath T
Sanzgiri Kamalnath Y
Sayed Abdul S
Saiyad Azimuddin B
Seervai Jehanbax F
Shah Surajmal C
Shah Syed A R
Shaikh Fakharuddin M
Shaikh Mahomed A S
Sharikmallat Jainudin I
Sheth Girdharlal A
Shroff Thakordas M
Signor Shavaksha P
Stationmaster Rastamji M
Sunjana Bhikaji B
Sunjana Jalejar B
Surveyor Minocher C
Syed Vazeer Syed B
Talati Manekdas C
Tankariwalla Ardeshir N
Tarachand Ardeshir J
Teria Maneksha J
Umrigar Dinshawji S
Ustad Cawasji F
Vachha Dinshaw R
Vajifdar Nadirshaw P
Wadia Jehangir R
Wadia Nacroji N
Wadia Sorab R H
Waghe Pandurang G

FRENCH.

Marolia Cowasji J
Master Framroze K
Master Mancherji N
Master Nadirsha R
Master Pirojsha B
Meherli Kaikobad H
Mehta Ardeshir D
Mehta Darabshah S
Mehta Girdharlal D
Mehta Meherbhai B
Melling william F
Merchant Devidas N
Merchant Devji D
Merchant Valabhdas G
Meyers S
Mistre Raghunath K
Mistry Bhimjibhoy D
Mistry Erachshaw P
Mistry Kharshetji R
Mistry Nusserwanji R
Modgil Bhagvandas J
Mowdawalla Framroz N
Mowforth M
Murgaokar Govind V
Nabar shivram V
Nasgamvala Jhamshed J
Navalkar Shivshankar V
Navalkar Vamanrao S
Nazar Harsukhram A
Oomer Nasar Jamshed B
Padgaokar Ganpat V
Palkar Kashinath G
Pandole Darabshaw S
Parakh Nadirshaw R
Pascal Goolbai S
Patel Jehangir B
Patel Jehangir D
Pitaile Nokant A
Plunkett Norah M
Poona Pochaji J
Prabhakar K
Pradhan Balkrishna B
Pradhan Khanderao V
Printer Jhamshedjee M
Rao Vinayak G
Rath Vasant J
Ravale Shantaram B
Rayner Lionel Benjamin A
Registrar Dadabhoy J
Saigbar Shripad N
Seervai Burjor P
Seth Jamnadas T
Shroff Framji B
Shroff Jehangir F
Sirur Venkat N
Spenser Hormasji B
Stewart M
Taoaakra Behramjee E
Talpade Balaram N
Tanavde Shankar S
Thanawalla Goolabdas M
Thorley Ethel L
Toddywala Sorabji F
Tolat Kanchanlal B
Vajifdar Kaikhashroo M
Vazifdar Jehangirji S
Vazifdar Sorabji J
Vesavevala Rustomji C
Wadia Hormasji N D
Wadia Jehangirji M N
Wadia Jehangir P

GUJARATI

Ambani Hirachand G
Bakshi Chhotalal M
Bhatt Harilal N
Bhatt Manishankar K
Bhuta Vithaldas K
Cama Shirinbai H
Chhaya Mansukhrai H
Chinai Mongaldas C
Chinmiai Ervad M
Chinoy Suitanally M
Clerk Chamanlal L
Dalal Chandulal N
Dalal Narsilal P
Dalal Shirji P
Dalal Vithaldas M
Dantvalla Shivashanker N
Desai Bhikubhai N
Desai Gulabbhai D
Desai Khandubhai B
Desai Manibhai G
Desai Manibhai M
Desai Ranchhodji S
Desai Ruderji K
Dhoria Mahadeo A
Gandhy Manoohandas P
Ghaswala Joram T
Gogte Purushottam V
Gupte Ramchandra G
Jhala Ramprasad N
Kantharia Hariprasad C
Kothari Shivlal D
Landiger Amratrao B
Matroja Prabhatsingji S
Mehta Chandulal K
Mehta Gunvantrai S
Mehta Jetashankar M
Mehta Jethalal M
Modak Krishnaji V
Modak Narayan V
More Pandharinath K
Nerurkar Mahadeo V
Paranjpe Ganesh V
Purulekar Krishna R
Patil Anantrao
Patwardhan Parashuram P
Pitale Yeshwant A
Pradhan Vaman K
Pursnik Vishnu G
Raja Bhaskar Sitaram V
Rane Shridhar R
Ravtu Narayan H
Sadhale Shivram G
Sahasrabudhe Govind G
Sapre Shankar Pandharinath V
Sarnaik Shankar S
Sathe Maheshvar D
Savant Mahadeo B
Senaikar Keshav M
Tambankar Krishnaji V
Tilak Kashinath S
Tipnis Vinayak S
Warerkar Bhaskar V

LATIN.

Acquilla Amrit S
Agaskar Anantrao B
Balfour Arthur L
Clubwala Nariman H
Creato Joseph
Critchell Douglas
D'Andrade Joseph C P
D'Cunha Joseph A
DeSouza Manuel Fr
Dewoolkar Vasant N
D'Gama Pinto O
Idamkotty Samuel R
D'Mello John M
D'Silva Alexantara
D'Silva Henri
D'silva Michael A
D'souza Joseph M
D'souza Transfiguration
D'Souza Victor B
Duarte Manuel
Dwyer H r ld
George William Ayrton S
Gokharkar Gopalkrishna R
Hanson Albert D
Henques Andrew
Jassawala Jehangir R
Kail Ernest
Le Riviere Ernest L
Madon allorjee K
Martin B sil
Mascarenhas Ubaldo M
Merchant Velji L
Milton Cyril
Modi Jehangir H
Moolla Jehangir N
Nazareth NicoMedes A
Pereira Joseph M
Pinto Chrysostom C
Rozalia Albert
Sampson Ephraim
Sassoon Nissim
Sequira Kpiphanio
Solomon Jacob E
Spiers Z ph
Swingier George A
Taleyarkhan Pheroz M
Taleyarkhan Sorabshah M
Talpade Gajanan V
Vajifdar Pirojshaw M
Valladares Louis J
Vaz Caetano B
Wade Hugh
Wagle Balvant K
Welkar Methabhoy B

KANARESE.

Kamat Govind M
Kodagkli Krishnaji R
Mudbhakal L M
Mudbhikal Shripad V
Parvati Bhiji J
Tadas Venkatesh N
Talageri Mangesh S
Vali Shiddappa V

HINDUSTANI.

Datar Burzor E
Paropkari Govind K
Vaidya Shankar S

PORTUGUESE.

Noronha Augustus C

POONA CENTRE.

SANSKRIT.

Agashe Digambar K
Agashe Vinayak S
Akut Kashinath D
Alt Shaik M
Antrolikar Narhar G
Antr likar Vishnu B
Apte Sakharam V
Avati Amanna P
Bapat Pandurang V
Bapat Vishnu C
Bhave Damodar K
Bhave Narayan N
Bhide Ramchandra B
Bhide Rame andra K
Bhusari Prabhad V
Bodas Damodar K
Chhatre Gopal R
Bhhatre Krishnaji N
Chiplunker Gopal M
Datar M ro S
Deodhar Moreshvar K
Deshpande Krishnaji R
Deshpande Narayan G
Deshpande Narayan V
Deulkar Vinayak R
Devdhar Vinayak K
Divan Govind D
Doegre Mandeo P
Gadgil Venkatesh V
Gadre Ramchandra B
Gaikwad Bhujang T
Gapule Saikant S
Ghaisar Gangadhar H
Ghate Sitaram N
Godbole Ganesh N
Godbole Keshav A
Gokhale Balkrishna V
Gokhale Dinkar V
Gokhale Narhar K
Gore Narayan D
Gujar Govardhan V
Hudlikar Satyabodha B
Jadhalkar Anant N
Jog Sadashiv B
Joglekar Gopal G
Joglekar Vireshvar P
Joshi Ganesh N
Joshi Hari L
Joshi Saibai
Kale Shridhar G
Kanade Bhargav R
Kanetkar Shantaram B
Kanetkar Vishvanath S
Kanitkar Narayan V
Kanitkar Sankar R
Karandikar Vinayak M
Karmarkar Janardan D
Karmarkar Vithal V
Karve Mahdeo V
Kathar Ramchandra G
Kavyaratnam B S
Vani Ramchandra V

MARATHI.

Cholkar Anant R
Chandikar Jevan M
Date Ganesh M
David Sonubai
Deshkulkarni Narayan B
Deshmukh Mahadeo B
Deshpande Madhav R
Divekar Vishnu R
Ekalshare Dareodher M
Garde Shankar G
Girme Tookaram N
Gokhale Dattatraya H
Jadhav Vasant M
Jadhav Vithabai
Joshi Anant D
Joshi Narhar B
Mohadiker Ganesh B
Molay Dattatraya T
Naik Raoji R
Ogale Gurunath P
Obol Mahipati B
Oka Jagannath G
Palsule Vasudeo R
Patil Anna D
Patil Baburao R
Phatak Pandurang V
Phatak Waman L
Prabhawalkar Shantaram A
Purandare Krishnaji V
Purandare Shripad R
Salve Bhaskar R
Saraph Keshoo R
Sathe Bhaskar R
Sinnarkar Keshav R
Tophakhane Ganesh V
Vartak Dattatraya N
Velbankar Vishnu V

PERSIAN

Aaklesaria Jehangir D
Ashtekar Govind K
Dabeer Mohamad R
Engineer Jehangir J
Gupte Yashwant P
Irani Kaikhoshru K
Khan Mahboobali N
Merchant Jamshed C
Mir Faqeeh A
Moulvi Muniruddin S
Nicholson Framarez D
Palkiwalla Muncherji B
Shah Chamanlal R
Shaikh Abdulgani M S
Shaikh Nizamuddin M U
Thanawala Jehangir N
Thatte Govind K

LATIN

Barrett Cathrine B
D'Athoguias Simplicio J
DeSouza Cajetan B
Dias Bailey G
D'Souza Ambrose J
Fernandez Anthony J
Keskar Aaron S
Lobo Mathew
Mackenzie Rothesay
Mchete John I
Nanavutty Burjor M
Nazareth Thomas I
Pires Alexander J
Rajanayakun Grace M
Royappa Charity D
Shavaksha Banoobai
Stephens Stephen B
Thanavala Meher F
Toussant High W

FRENCH

Bailie Louisa B
Ford Maude
Fredericks Gretrude I
Gay Gladys
Jamsetjee Dustomjee J C
Moodliar Vinayek B
Otley May
Palin Theresa E
Pavri Mehra B H
Pavri Rati B H
Thorley Amanda

HINDUSTANI

Khare Keshav S
Marti V K

KANARESE

Jemkhandi Bhimaji V

AHMEDABAD CENTRE.

GUJARATI.

Acharya Kripashankar P
Adhiya Dayalji H
Amin Jivabhai D
Baksbi Himatlal K
Bhachech Bhagwatprasad D
Bhagat Mohanlal A
Bhakta Vasudev M
Bhat Bhanushankar V
Bhat Harilal A
Bhatt Ambashankar D
Bhatt Chimanlal D
Bhatt Chunilal M
Bhatt Gavrishankar A
Bhatt Harilal G
Bhatt Jaziram D
Bhatt Manishankar K
Bhatt Someshwar J
Bhatt Suryaram M
Bhatt Vajeshankar J
Buch Bapubhai P
Buch Paupatrai M
Budani Tribhovan M
Camdar Ambalal F
Chapnaary Bapulal B
Chhaya Mohanlal V
Chhaya Trimbaklal K
Chhaya Vallabhrai L
Choksi Gordhanlal K
Choksi Sundarlal N
Christian Joseph Jerome
Christian Manasseh H
Dalia Malchand V
Dalal Bapalal V
Dalal Gamanlal L
Dalal Gokal K
Dalal Jagabhai M
Dalal Mangaldas K
Dave Ambalal R
Dave Harilal P
Dave Hiralal L
Dave Sadashankar S
Desai Ambalal M
Desai Babas M
Desai Balvantrao M
Desai Bhagvantrao A
Desai Bhailal N
Desai Chanoulal R
Desai Chatrabhuj G
Desai Chhotalal H
Desai Chumilal N
Desai Devipratad D
Desai Dolatrai G
Desai Hiralal K
Desai Jabhai M
Desai Kantishankar M
Desai Mangal Gokal G
Desai Manishankar U
Desai Nitchabhai H
Desai Ochhavlal H
Desai Pranjivan G
Desai Sakerai V
Desai Satiandralal D
Desai Shankarbhai P
Desai Thakorlal K
Dhebar Pranlal P
Dholakia Bhaskar R
Dholakia Bhogilal M
Dholakia Vaman R
Dhru Sripad R
Dikshit Dinkarlal N
Dikshit Harsukh K
Doshi Chunilal K
Doshi Motichand D
Doshi Shoonlal P
Dwivedi Bholanath M
Dwivedi Ranchhodlal C
Erulkar Ellis I
Gamadia James D
Gandhi Ambalal G
Gandhi Mohanbhai P
Gandhi Narandas K
Gandhi Shivlal B
Golwala Chimanlal C
Goradia Purshotamdas B
Haji Sarabhai N
Harsoty Dahyabhoi P
Hansoty Gheiabhai C
Jadav Ramji M
Jhala Lalji V
Jhala Ctatrabhuj K
Joshi Ghelabhai V
Joshi Madhavji C
Joshi Tribhovan C
Kairian Chimanlal K
Kamdar Bhagvanlal H
Kinariwala Narandas T
Kothari Shantilal D
Kotungar Chimanlal V
Majmudar Ambuprasad B
Majmudar Jaykrishna H
Majmudar Kanaiyalal J
Malleeha Wagji M
Malek Mohammad N
Mankad Bholanath D
Menkad Chunilal M
Mankad Hematlal K
Mavlankar Gajanan K
Mazmudar Hiralal C
Mehd Navaltrai N
Mehta Chandulal A
Mehta Gordhan M
Mehta Kanishankar D
Mehta Narmadashankar M
Mehta Nishaker C
Mehta Ramchandra C
Mehta Samaldas V
Mehta Rikhautbhai V
Mehta Samaldas V
Metha Sukhvant D
Metha Vallbhadas N
Munsif Mangaldas C
Nansuati Balabhai J
Nanavati Chotalal J
Nanavati Jagmohandas N
Nanavati Kalyanbhai C
Nanavati Praulal M
Nanavati Somabhai D
Nikte Waman A
Oza Manivantrai S
Oza Ramprasad K
Padhya Kapilashankar A
Pandit Nagardas C
Pandit Narayan P
Pandya Mahilal H
Pandya Muishankar B
Parekh Balubhai C
Parekh Maichand P
Parikh Ambalal H
Parikh Chunilal C
Parikh Himatlal N
Parikh Hiralal C
Parikh Manekial M
Parikh Mohanlal P
Parikh Nagarchand L
Parikh Naradas L
Parmar Tribhovan H
Patadia Jadavji L
Patel Amratlal K
Patel Ashabhai M
Patel Bechorbhai A
Patel Chaturbhai V
Patel Dayabhai B
Patel Dayabhai H
Patel Dayabhai K
Patel Dayabhai S
Patel Gordhanbhai M
Patel Gordhanbhai S
Patel Jamnadas G
Patel Jotalal P
Patel Nandlal M
Patel Narandas V
Patel Purshottam J
Patel Raijal M
Pathak Nanalal A
Pawar Mahadevrao B
Pradhan Yeshwantrao M
Purani Manilal M
Raja Narsing G
Raval Amridal G
Raval Chandulal M
Raval Bhagvanlal H
Raval Karunashankar T
Sanghvi Kirchand G
Shah Amratlal M
Shah Balabhai C
Shah Bhikbhai P
Shah Bhogilal J
Shah Bhogilal S
Shah Chimanlal C
Shah Chotalal C
Shah Chunilal K
Shah Gokaldas A
Shah Harikrishna G
Shah Harilal K
Shah Hiralal M
Shah Hiralal T
Shah Jagmohundas C
Shah Jamnadas G
Shah Manekbai A
Shah Manekial K
Shah Mangalchand K
Shah Mahilal P
Shah Mansukhlal L
Shah Muljibhai G
Shah Muljibhai K
Shah Muljibhai M
Shah Narottam H
Shah Pranjivandas B
Shah Prabhulal M
Shah Ranchhodlal H
Shah Ratilal V
Shah Talakshi V
Shah Trambaklal U
Shah Vadilal B
Shah Vrajlal M
Shelat Chunilal R
Sheth Bhagubhai F
Sheth Dahyabhai V
Sheth Harsadrai B
Sheth Vadilal S
Shukla Narbheshankar P
Shukla Ramlal V
Soni Khodidas H
Swadia Valkunthrai H
Swaminarayan P J
Thacker Henry J
Thacker Jamnadas
Thakar hunilal P
Thakore Jivanial M
Thakore Ranchhodlal N
Trivedi hunilal M
Trivedi Mulshankar J
Trivedi Narbaidashanker V
Trivedi Vishnuprasad D
Upadhyaya Manishankar I
Upadhyaya Shivshankar V
Vadera Shivlal M
Vaidya Ravishankar U
Vaid a Uttamram S
Vaishnav Chhelshankar J
Vakil Purshotam V
Vijapurra Gokaldas K
Vora Amritlal H
Vora Janardhan C
Vora Krishnashankar K.
Vora Tryambakrai M
Vora Vinayakrai K
Vyas Chunilal C
Vyas Manilal B
Vyas Shankarlal M

PERSIAN.

Almaula Motilal U
Anklesaria Kaiku A
Charting Agent D B
Contractor Jehangirji D
Contractor Ratanshaw E
Damri Merwanji B
Dave Dhanprasad L
Desai Ampram J
Desai Hiralal N
Desai Ichhashankar V
Desai Kantiprasad N
Desai Nagarji V
Desai Sultanhan K
Dhedhi Jatashankar B
Doongaji Harjorji A
Dotivala Shavaksha D
Engineer Gustadji S
Ghoda Manekial R
Guard Dhunjibhoy F
Hakimji Abdurrahman A
Ilavia Jamshed K
Jadeja Mumbha N
Jetly Thakorlal P
Kamdar Revashankar P
Kamdin Rustomji D
Kanooga Mustafa N
Kapadia Pestonji P
Khokher Bahadurkhan B
Kothari Chhotalal M
Kothari Keshavlal M
Lalkaka Nasir S
Loohar Motilal M
Malek Hisamuddin N
Mehta Ghanshyam N
Mehta Manharji D
Mehta Sakerlal M
Menta Vadilal G
Narmawala Abdul R M
Oza Manilal D
Pathan Majidkhan A
Pestwala Rustomji M
Randsha Erachshaw S
Raval Thoglilal A
Shah Motilal D
Shaikh Abdulrahman P
Shaikh Faizuddin S H
Shaikh Numia H
Sheth Chhotalal F
Syed Ebasat H A H
Tewari Ramadhar R
Thakkar Manilal M
Thakkar Naranji V
Tirmizi Sayad M H
Uraizi Saiyad M S A
Veragi Chandulal C

SANSKRIT.

Adivarekar Shridhar P
Baxi Mulvinrai P
Bhachech Narsinhrao M
Bhat Bhupatrai J
Bhat Madhavlal M
Bhatt Prabhakankar G
Bhatt Kalneshwar B
Buch Shambhuprasad M
Chavda Manji P
Chhaya Avantrai S
Chhaya Kachra M
Dalal Chimanlal D
Dave Damodar R
Dave Jatashanker M
Dave Kailanji G
Dave Navalshankar J
Desai Shantishankar
Joshi Dattatraya J
Jo hi Vishvanath H
Joshipara Vaikunthprasad C
Kapadia Uttamchand G
Karnik Ganpatrao B
Kharod Harirai T
Khidkikar Narhar B
Lalani Jaichand L
Mankad Venilal H
Mavlankar Ganesh V
Mehta Trambaklal C
Nathwani Sundarji B
Pandya Jethalal R
Pandya Savailal G
Parekh Shantilal P
Parikh Manilal K
Patel Anubhai C
Pathak Ramnaraya V
Pathak Shivshankar C
Prabhudesai Rajaram Y
Raval Chatar J
Raval Shivshanka B
Shah Hematram T
Shah. Muljibhai G.
Shah, Nathalal K.
Shah, Tribhovan O.
Sharangpani, Shankar G.
Shilwant, Shankar B.
Shukla, Prabhulal D.
Tawker, Waman C.
Telivala, Manchand T.
Tendle, Ganesh V. H
Tripathi, Harishanker H.
Udhasb, Desabhi P.
Vachhrajani, Biharilal C.
Vaidya, Vaikunth N.
Vakil, Harmukhaam M.
Vakil, Manmukhram M.
Vyas, Durlabhji K.
Ankleseria, Khorsedbai D.
Karanjawala Rashanbanu A
Shroff, Vaejivan C.
Tarapurwala, Serene. F.
Kale Narharrao Y.
Oke, Ganesh T.
Pradhan, M. P.

BELGAUM CENTRE.

SANSKRIT

Apte, Vithal P..
Asundi, Mahadev T.
Vapat, Ganeshatesh T.
Bewur, G. V.
Bhedasgaonkar N, G.
Bhujle Keshav S.
Korlhalli S. V.
Lagu Bhondo V.
Mahabal Bhaskar B.
Majali D. R.
Moghe Vaman B.
Mujumdar L. V.

(Concluded on page 3.)

BABIES ON FIRE

With Itching, Burning, Scaly Humours

Find Instant Relief and Speedy Cure

In Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment

When All Other Remedies and the Best Physicians Fail.

Instant relief and refreshing sleep for skin-tortured babies, and rest for tired, fretted mothers, in warm baths with Cuticura Soap and gentle anointings with Cuticura Ointment, the great skin cure, and purest of emollients, to be followed in severe cases by mild doses of Cuticura Resolvent. This is the purest, sweetest, most speedy, permanent and economical treatment for torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, bleeding, scaly, crusted and pimply skin and scalp humours, eczemas, rashes and irritations, with loss of hair, of infants and children, as well as adults, and is sure to succeed when all other remedies and physicians fail.

Millions of the world's best people now use Cuticura Soap, assisted by Cuticura Ointment, for preserving, purifying and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening and soothing red, rough and sore hands, as well as for all the purposes of the toilet, bath and nursery. Thousands of women recommend Cuticura Soap, assisted by Cuticura Ointment the great skin cure, for annoying irritations, chafings and weaknesses, or too free or offensive perspiration, for ulcerative conditions, and for many sanative, antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves.

Cuticura Resolvent, liquid and in the form of Chocolate Coated Pills, Cuticura Ointment and Cuticura Soap are sold throughout the world. Depots: London, 27 Charterhouse Sq.; Paris, 5 Rue de la Paix; Australia, R. Towns & Co., Sydney; Boston, 137 Columbus Ave. Potter Drug & Chemical Corp., Sole Proprietors.

Send for "Cuticura Skin Book."

R. SCOTT & Co. M.R.C.V.S.

VETERINARY AND COMMISSION STABLES AND COACH BUILDERS.

GIRGAUM AND GOWALIA TANK ROAD.

Oldest Established Firm in Bombay.

CHARGERS, Polo Ponies, Hacks and carriage Horses selected with the greatest care for Local and Up-country Constituents.

HORSES shod on the most approved principles with Shoes made on the premises of specially imported iron, under the immediate supervision of a first class ENGLISH FARRIER.

ARABS and C.-BREDS broken to Single (Rs. 15) and Double Harness (Rs. 30), and Saddle (Rs. 15) Wplers broken to Single Harness or Saddle (Rs. 25) Double Harness (Rs. 50.) Troublesome horses charged extra.

HORSES standing at Livery on Commission Sale or for treatment, Rs. 35 per mensem including Syce. Stable rent charged on all horses, fed by owners, at Rs. 5 per mensem, Commission on horses bought and sold Rs. 17. Examination and Certificate Rs. 10. Verbal opinion as to Soundness, Rs. 5.

CRUSHED HORSE FOOD best in the markets, Rs. 5 per cwt, delivered free in Bombay. Special Mixtures, Bran, Gram, Barley New Zealand Oats, Australian Chaff, Pressed Hay, etc., supplied at lowest rates consistent with good quality.

ESTIMATES given, and Carriages of every description built of the very best materials, under personal supervision, by skilled workmen.

REPAIRS neatly executed with promptitude and despatch. Rubber tyres of finest quality only supplied. Carriages by greased contract. Satisfaction guaranteed, Correspondence invited.

MINERAL WATERS.

TRADE REQUISITES

LARGE STOCK of Codd's patent glass ball Bottles, Soluble Fruit Essences, Oils and Colourings from well known English manufacturers. Sulphuric Acid and other acids

REFINED

SACCHARIN

and every article connected with Aerated water factory; also machinery with their parts can be had at moderate price from

CURRIMBHOY JALLALBHOY & Co.

General Merchants and Commission Agents

No. 104, Bhosari Moholla, BOMBAY.

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL...£1,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL £500,000
RESERVE FUND.....£500,000

HEAD OFFICE:
17, BISHOPSGATE STREET WITHIN LONDON, E.C.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta,	Delhi,	Cawnpore,	Tuticorin,
Lahore,	Bombay,	Colombo,	Zanzibar,
Amritsar,	Madras,	Mandalay,	Mombassa,
Kurrachee,	Rangoon,	Newera Elya,	Nairobi,
Steamer Point,	Aden.	Kandy,	

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 100,000, but no Interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 10 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

ROBERT R. ROSS,
Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECI

PURELY PERSONAL.

When King Edward, as Prince of Wales, says "M. A. P." visited the monks of St. Bernard many years ago, he was struck by the monotony of the life in the Alpine convent, and presented them with a piano, to their great delight. Not long since it reached the King's ears that the old piano was worn out, so, with his accustomed generosity, he ordered another to be despatched immediately. The new instrument had to be taken by sleigh, across the dangerous mountain paths, and only reached its destination after much difficulty. Few people can understand how greatly this gift is appreciated by the lonely, snow-bound Samaritans; shut away, as they are, amidst eternal winter and eternal snows, they could receive no present more welcome than King Edward's piano. This is but one more instance of the King's tact and forethought.

The Earl of Pembroke, who is to entertain the Prince and Princess of Wales next week at Wilton House, his interesting Wiltshire seat, is a handsome and still young-looking man of fifty or thereabouts, who has had the distinction of being held up to admiration in the "Tailor and Cutter" as the best-dressed man in the House of Commons. It is nearly ten years now since he quitted that Assembly (in which he was chief Conservative whip in Lord Salisbury's two first Administrations,) for the Upper House, succeeding his brother as fourteenth Earl of Pembroke and eleventh of Montgomery. It was his predecessor—said to be the tallest living Peer—who was the joint author of a book of travels, "By the Earl and the Doctor," which made some stir a generation or so ago.

There is more interest about the associations than about the architecture of Wilton House—"Pembroke's princely dome," as Wharton called it; for the original Elizabethan house has been sadly pulled about in the past three centuries, being first classicised by Webb, then Gothicised by Wyatt in his own fashion, and having been almost rebuilt within recent years. Sir Philip Sidney wrote his "Arcadia" in the original house designed by Holbein, and it is associated in the minds of many people still living, with Sidney Herbert, the famous War Minister of mid-Victorian days, and presumably a man of extraordinary charm and attractiveness of mind and person.

It was Sydney Herbert, who built a year or two before his marriage to the lady who still survives as one of the most prominent members of the Catholic aristocracy of to-day, the sumptuous Lombardic church close to his mansion. With its tall campanile, fine old stained glass, hanging lamps of embossed brass, rich mosaics, and splendid marble and alabaster tombs, the church at Wilton was considered fifty years ago a marvel of ecclesiastical art. There is greater beauty perhaps (as most people would agree nowadays) about the distant glimpses one gets of the grey, weather-beaten walls of Salisbury Cathedral from the beautiful park, with its noble cedars and immemorial lieges.

According to the Paris correspondent of the "Daily Telegraph," Philippe, the mesmerist, who was patronised some years ago by the Tsar, is continuing his wonder-working at Lyons. His praises are being sung by a fellow magician, one Papus, who describes the miraculous cure of a well-known journalist's son. The Tsar has made an intimate friend of Philippe, who frequently stays at Tsarkoe Selo. When his Majesty was last in France, he called the mesmerist to Compiegne, and had an interview with him of several hours' duration. Philippe is reported to have foretold the birth of the Tsarevitch. He has taken a medical degree in Russia, and is captain of a local fire-brigade near Lyons. Added to all this, papers states that Philippe has no mean control over the elements. He predicted that a thunderbolt would fall at certain moment in a certain place, and strange to relate it happened just as he had foreseen. "If we do not believe in Philippe after this, says the "Telegraph," Papus is sorry for us.

We are all interested in the spectacle of one of his Majesty's judges setting the law at naught, but Sir William Grantham's offence pales before the heinous crime which has been attributed to the Lord Chancellor. In a lovely, old coast village, where the sea is fast encroaching, there is a by-law to prevent further damage to the cliffs at the hands, of man—or boy. The villageres relate how Lord Halsbury, when spending a recent holiday there, set a bad example to all the small boys in the neighbourhood by tobogganing down the cliff in a most unjudicial attitude. His enjoyment may have been heightened by the knowledge that he was breaking a by-law stringently enforced against less exalted personages.

It was at the London Hospital some years ago (writes a former student) that I heard Sir Frederick Treves, then known to students as the genial "Freddie," give the following realistic and energetic description of how to perform the operation of tracheotomy: "Well, gentlemen," said the King's surgeon, "it is one of the simplest operations on the face of the earth. All you have got to do is, obtain a piece of coloured chalk, mark out your lines so be careful to avoid so and so, and so and so, then, especially if any of you gentlemen feel at all nervous, run round the corner and fetch a policeman; he will do it for you."

While chatting recently with Sir Hiram Maxim, who has had fitted up a private experimental laboratory at West Norwood, and whose airship ideas are rapidly maturing, I asked (writes a correspondent) the inventor how he came to make England the scene of his labours, and received the following quaint explanation: "Had it not been for the attention shown me by a gentleman of the blackmailing fraternity, who lives on the other side of the fishpond, I should probably have adhered to my American nationality during my life time, but I was so disgusted with the American blackmailers, and the numerous bogus lawsuits that they brought against me, that I saw the advantages of becoming a British subject. And when at last it came to abstracting and destroying court records, relating to a case which had already been decided in my favour, in order that the blackmailers might work it over a second time, I fully made up my mind to become a British subject, and to live in a country for the rest of my life where court records cannot be abstracted and destroyed, and where a blackmailer is looked upon as being worse than a thief."

Rumours fly fast and furious as to the resignation of Mr. Choate, the man who, according to the New World journalists makes the American eagle scream on British soil. Confirmation of the impending resignation, so far, there has been none, and those who know the tact and geniality of the Ambassador earnestly hope that London may still hold him for many a day.

"I want to see Mr Choate." Mr. Choate is a very busy man—er—ah—won't someone else do? No; I positively must see him on important business. If you visit the American Embassy at Victoria Street you will hear the above conversation repeated about forty times a day. From eleven, when the Embassy opens, until three in the afternoon a constant stream of visitors pours into the offices. There are people with business and people without business; women wanting to know all about London from the cheapest boarding houses to the most stylish hairdressers; travellers asking for passports to Russia, Austria, and other European places; and, lastly, but by no means least in annoying importance—there is the man whose remittance has somehow failed to come on the last boat from the States, and could Mr Choate lend him £20, or—er—10s. would do. Though there is no official name for it, the staving off department of the Embassy is one of its most important functions. Tact, skill, and the highest order of international diplomacy are often required in order to eject with ease yet firmness, the countless numbers of persons who besiege the Embassy on all manner of business. It is seldom that the Ambassador himself falls a victim to the adventurer; but there are times when Mr. Choate finds himself face to face with someone who has managed to elude the vigilance of the outer sentinel and has penetrated into the sanctum sanctorum.

Not infrequently the sad tale evokes from the kindly representative of the United States substantial aid which comes from the ambassadorial pocket, and cannot be charged against the salary of £4,000 which the American Government pays its representative to the British Empire. It has been often said that Mr. Choate is a very inaccessible ambassador. This is anything but true. It is a very simple matter to see the Ambassador if you have anything to see him about. He is not a waster of time, however, and he does not care to be bored. Many American visitors go up to the Embassy to see Mr. Choate because they regard him as "a servant of the United States," put there especially to shake hands with them, and discuss the weather. Properly introduced visitors and persons with real business find ready access to Mr. Choate. He sits in a large room, furnished with an extreme business-like simplicity. His desk is close to the window, looking on Victoria street. If you are ridding on the top of a 'bus you can look right into the private office of the Ambassador.

Such an anniversary as that which the Marquis of Clanricarde kept on his seventy-second birthday last week can scarcely be a festal one. The Marquis has hardly a relative left in the world (his only near relation, indeed, is his sister, Lady Cork and Orrery,) and he must see the prospective extinction of his name and most of his honours in the not very remote future. Lord Clanricarde (who himself spells his title, by-the-way, Clanrickarde) has never married, and all his peerages will expire at his death excepting only his Irish earldom, which will pass to his remote kinsmen the Marquis of Sligo. Lord Clanricarde owns some fifty thousand acres in the wild west of Ireland, and was dubbed "Lord Clanrackrent" in the stormy days of agrarian agitation in Galway some years ago. His mansion there, Portumna Castle, was built after a fire which entirely destroyed the ancient seat of the family in the reign of George IV. The noble owner lives little on his property, passing most of the year in London, where he has chambers in the Albany.

Lea and Perrins' Sauce.

By Royal Warrant to His Majesty the King.

THE ORIGINAL AND GENUINE WORCESTERSHIRE.

Used for Years.

St. Jacobs Oil

CURES RHEUMATISM, SPRAINS, STIFFNESS, NEURALGIA, SORENESS, CHEST COLDS. And all Bodily Aches and Pains.

Conquers Pain.

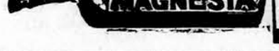
1/1½ and 2/6 sizes.

DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA

The Universal Remedy for Acidity of the Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Sour Eructations, Bilious Affections.

The Physician's Cure for Gout, Rheumatic Gout and Gravel.

Safest and most Gentle Medicine for Infants, Children, Delicate Females, and the Sickness of Pregnancy.



MAGNESIA

MARIE BRIZARD AND ROGER'S

Fine Pale and One Star Brandies.

THAT'S ALL!!!

FINE PALE .. Rs. 29 per dozen bottles.

ONE STAR .. Rs. 31 per dozen bottles.

H. J. RUSTOMJEE & Co., Bombay and Karachi; KRIEG & Co., Calcutta.

NOTICE.

TO PRINTERS, NEWSPAPER PROPRIETORS AND PUBLISHERS:

WE have been APPOINTED AGENTS in BOMBAY for Messrs. V. & J. FIGGINS, Type Founders, London, and respectfully beg to call the attention of Printers, Newspaper Proprietors and others to their SPECIMENS of TYPES which comprise the most useful assortment of BOOK, NEWSPAPER, JOBBING and ORNAMENTAL TYPES in the Trade.

LARGE STOCK READY FOR DELIVERY.

H. J. RUSTOMJEE & Co

THE BEST FOOD for all HOT CLIMATES.
UNTOUCHED BY HAND.

Horlick's Malted Milk

Made of Pure, Rich Milk and an Extract of Choice Malted Grain condensed to Powder Form. Takes the place of Mother's Milk in Infancy. Is the Best Food for Growing Children. Is Excellent for all Ages, but especially for Dyspeptics and Sleepless People. A Delicious and Invigorating Food-Drink, which suits Everybody. Is prepared instantly with water.

OF ALL AGENTS IN INDIA, BURMAH AND CEYLON.

Price 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

Or of HORLICK'S FOOD CO., 34, Farringdon Road, London, England.

ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT.'

INVALUABLE IN ALL FUNCTIONAL DERANGEMENTS OF THE LIVER.

The value of ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT' cannot be told. Its success in Europe, Asia, Africa, America, Australia, and New Zealand proves it. THERE IS NO DOUBT THAT where it has been taken in the earliest stages of a Disease, it has, in innumerable instances, PREVENTED what would otherwise have been A SERIOUS ILLNESS.

CAUTION.—*See Capsule marked* ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT.' *Without it you have a WORTHLESS IMITATION.*

Prepared only by J. C. ENO, Ltd., 'FRUIT SALT' WORKS, LONDON, ENG., by J. C. ENO'S Patent.

Sold by Chemists, &c., everywhere.

X'MAS, 1904, and New Year, 1905.

Customers are Respectfully Requested to note in Registering their Orders for X'MAS.

X'MAS CAKES, Plain	from As. 12 to Re.	1	0	Per pound.
X'MAS CAKES, Decorated	at	1	0	"
X'MAS CAKES, Chocolate Iced	"	1	4	"
X'MAS CAKES, Almond Iced	"	1	8	"
X'MAS CAKES, Superior Quality and Extra Decorations	"	Rs. 2	0	"
PLUM PUDDING,	"	Re. 1	0	"
SMYRNA FIGS, Best Quality, quite Fresh in boxes of 2½ lbs., Rs. 1-8 per box.				

English Plum, Madeira, Seed, Pound, Currant, &c., &c.
Italian Pastry and Small Cakes prepared daily.
Fondants, Comfits, and many other kinds of Sweets.

Nougats, Almond, Chocolates, &c.
Crystallized Fruits.
Ice Creams, Ice Puddings.

All of the Best kind and prepared at Shortest Notice.

All up-country orders will be sent per V. P. P. system and with prompt and careful attention.
SPECIAL QUOTATIONS GIVEN FOR LARGE ORDERS ON APPLICATION.
N. B.—Our X'MAS CAKES will all bear our Stamps—"PEARSE & Co."

THE OLDEST AND THE ORIGINAL FIRM ESTABLISHED **1872.**

BY APPOINTMENT TO H. E. THE GOVERNOR.

PEARSE & CO.,

Apollo St., NO. 1, SIRDAR'S PALACE, FORT, BOMBAY.

THE QUEEN OF CRÊME DE MENTHE

PIPPERMINT

GET FRÈRES.

A HIGH CLASS TONIC & DIGESTIVE LIQUEUR.

A PROPHYLACTIC TO NERVOUS GASTRIC DISORDERS.

Sold in Quarts (litre bottles) and Pints (half-litre bottles)

BY WINE MERCHANTS AND CHEMISTS.

THE TRADE supplied through their BUYING AGENTS in ENGLAND.

SOLE AGENT FOR UNITED KINGDOM AND BRITISH COLONIES:

B. LAURIEZ, 6, Fenchurch Buildings, LONDON, E.C.

WILKINSON'S

ESSENCE OR FLUID EXTRACT OF RED JAMAICA

Estd. since 1829.

SARSAPARILLA

Pronounced by the HIGHEST MEDICAL AUTHORITIES the most

WONDERFUL PURIFIER OF THE HUMAN BLOOD

THE SAFEST AND MOST RELIABLE REMEDY FOR TORPID LIVER, DEBILITY, ERUPTIONS, WEAK AND LANGUID FEELINGS, &c.

Over 60 Years' WORLD-WIDE REPUTATION.

IMPORTANT EVIDENCE.

"We cannot speak too highly of it."—LANCET.
"We recommend your Red Jamaica Sarsaparilla."—MEDICAL REVIEW.
"The only preparation for removing what may be called the sequelæ of a mercurial course."—Sir R. MARTIN.
The Late Lord Clyde said:—"I am never without it, for, when feeling depressed or out of sorts from anxiety or fatigue, a dose or two animates me."
"It cured me of Torpid Liver after all other remedies failed."—Earl of Aldborough.

REFUSE ALL SUBSTITUTES. BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

N.B. Indispensable to Residents Abroad.

A Celebrated Physician says:—"I always prescribed it with almost universal success in those complaints which are engendered in Tropical Climates, and no one should be without it."

WILKINSON'S (Established since 1829.) HAS STOOD THE TEST OF TIME, AND THE SARSAPARILLA VERY HIGHEST AUTHORITIES pronounce it THE BEST.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS AND SUBSTITUTES.

Be sure you get N.B. the signature of the Proprietor and Trade Mark, thus W — *Thomas Wilkinson* — are upon every GENUINE bottle.

WILKINSON'S

To avoid impositions the Public are respectfully asked to notice this. (Any imitation is a felony.)

Fortify the System against Disease with PURE BLOOD.

AGENTS:—TREACHER & Co., Limited; PHILLIPS & Co., Limited KEMP & Co., &c., &c.

The Remington Typewriter.

By Royal Warrant

To H. M. The King.

Provides prompt, adequate and willing service.
This is what you must have in your office if you desire to increase and extend your business.
A progressive policy is the mainstay of a successful business.
The REMINGTON Typewriter is a progressive Typewriter.
That is why you cannot afford to do without it.

. . Price List and full particulars upon application to . .

REMINGTON TYPEWRITER CO. 00, CRACECHURCH STREET, LONDON, E.C.,

Or to WARDEN & CO., Bombay. 11

MAKES THE SKIN AS SOFT AS VELVET.

BEETHAM'S LAIT Larola Regd

KEEPS THE SKIN COOL AND REFRESHED IN HOT CLIMATES, AND PREVENTS IT BECOMING PARCHED and DRIED UP from Exposure to the Sun.

PREVENTS THE ATTACK OF MOSQUITOES, etc. When frequently used.

IT IS UNEQUALLED AS A DELIGHTFUL SKIN TONIC & EMOLLIENT.

M. BEETHAM & SON, Cheltenham, England.

Bombay Agents:—Messrs. TREACHER & Co., Limited.
Messrs. THOMSON & TAYLOR, Bombay.

Horses, Dogs, Birds, Cattle

ELLIMAN'S EMBROCATION

190,000 OWNERS OF ANIMALS Have secured a copy of the

Elliman First Aid Book

For HORSES, DOGS, BIRDS, CATTLE, 192 pp., Illustrated.

Per 1/- Copy.

BUT

If the Label affixed for the purpose to the outside of the wrapper of 2/-, 2/6, and 3/6 bottles of ELLIMAN'S ROYAL EMBROCATION be sent to us with an address duly filled in, then a Copy of the Elliman First Aid Book is sent POST FREE. Foreign stamps accepted.

ADDRESS—
ELLIMAN, SONS & Co., Slough, Eng.

RUBBING EASES PAIN.

ACCIDENTS & AILMENTS.

The Elliman R.E.P. Book.

FIRST AID in ACCIDENTS & AILMENTS, HYGIENE OF THE ATHLETE, MASSAGE, &c. 256 pp., Illustrated.

Price 1/- post free throughout the World, stamps or postal order (Foreign Stamps accepted), or upon receipt of booklet covers from 3 bottles of ELLIMAN'S Universal Embrocation, or sight of bills showing purchase of three 1/1½ size, or one 2/9 or 4/- bottle.

ELLIMAN'S EMBROCATION.

For Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sprains, Bruises, Fresh Cuts, Sore Throat from Cold, Cold at the Chest, Neuralgia from Cold, Chilblains before Broken, Corns when Painful, Cramp, Stiffness, Soreness of the Limbs after Cycling, Football, Rowing, &c.

Bottles 8½d., 1/1½, 2/9, 4/-.

ELLIMAN, SONS & Co., Slough, England.

Always order Liebig as

LEMCO

The Liebig Company's initials LEMCO are placed on every wrapper and jar of the genuine Liebig Company's Extract to protect you from substitutes.

KEEPS ANY TIME IN ANY CLIMATE.

"APENTA"

NATURAL HUNGARIAN APERIENT WATER

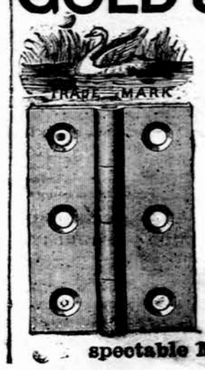
Bottled at the Springs, Budapest, Hungary.

THE BEST AND MOST RELIABLE HOUSEHOLD APERIENT

For continuous use by the BILIOUS, DYSPEPTIC, CONSTIPATED, GOUTY, and OBESE.

192

GOLD & CO.'S



BIRMINGHAM, ENGLAND, WROUGHT IRON HINGES ARE THE CHEAPEST AND BEST IN THE MARKET.

Indentors can obtain same through all respectable Merchants.

The HOUSE of COMMONS—AN IRISHMAN'S PROTEST.

TO ENGLISHMEN, SCOTCHMEN, IRISHMEN, and OUR COLONIES

AN IRISHMAN'S ELOQUENT PROTEST.—Richard Lalor Shiel once startled the House of Commons and the country when the word "alien" was applied to him as an Irishman "On the field of Waterloo," he exclaimed, 'the blood of Englishmen, Scotchmen, and Irishmen flowed in the same stream and, drenched the same sod—when the cold grey morning dawned they lay stiff and stark together; in the same trench their bodies were laid; the green corn of spring bursts even now from their commingled dust; the dew falls from heaven upon their union in the grave. Partakers in every peril, are we not to be partakers in glory? Are we to be told we are aliens from that noble country for whose salvation our life blood was poured"? The effect of the speech both inside and outside the House was electrical.

THE MORAL.

need not be missed if another succeed me;
To reap down those fields which in spring I have sown.
He who ploughed and who sowed is not missed by the reaper,
He is only remembered by what he has done."

The misery of Life is immensely increased in these days of Fevers, if you miss such a single precaution as Batliwalla's Ague-Mixture and Pills.

Most powerful remedies for Malarious, Intermittent, Bilious Fever, Influenza and Mild form of Plague.

Equally useful to Men, Women, and Children of all ages.

Guaranteed not to contain Aconite, Antimony, Arsenic, Mercury, Opium, Strychnia or any poisonous salts.

Why be miserable? Why not be wise instead

Take the right remedy at the right time, and get rid of that nasty fever, by using Batliwalla's Ague Pills or Mixture.

EXTRACTS out of numerous testimonials of BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE and PILLS, I REMEDIES FOR MALARIAL FEVERS and INFLUENZA. Surg.-Maj. Jaykar:—It is a safe and reliable remedy. Surg.-Maj. Reporter:—I have found it very efficacious. J. Y. Lang, Esq., (Dep. Grand Master of all Scottish Free Masonary in India):—Derived immediate benefit from its use. Very Rev. B. Fernand Vicar de Vara:—It is most efficacious. G. S. Risti, Esq., Lic. of Civ. Engr.:—I tis a safe and immediate remedy. P. J. Daily, Esq., Chief Guard. S. M Railway:—It is really a dying man's Gold Drop.

BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE or BATLIWALLA'S AGUE PILLS & BATLIWALLA & Co's CHOLERAL (specific for Cholera) may be had from Treacher & Co., Kemp & Co., Phillips & Co., Boynon & Co., &c., &c., &c. or from the Sole Manufacturers, Dr. H. L. Batliwalla, Worli, Dadar, Bombay, at Re. 1 per Bottle.

DISCOUNT TO THE TRADE.

THE LONDON DIRECTORY.

CONTAINING over 2,000 pages of condensed commercial matter, enables enterprising traders throughout the Empire to keep in close touch with the trade of the Motherland. Besides being a complete commercial guide to London and its Suburbs, the London Directory contains lists of:—

EXPORT MERCHANTS
with the Goods they ship, and the Colonial and Foreign markets they supply;

STEAMSHIP LINES
arranged under the Ports to which they sail, and indicating the approximate sailings;

PROVINCIAL APPENDIX
of Trade Notices of leading Manufacturers, Merchants, etc., in the principal provincial towns and industrial centres of the United Kingdom.

A copy of the 1905 edition will be forwarded, freight paid, on receipt of Post Office Order for £1.

THE LONDON DIRECTORY CO., LTD
25, Abchurch Lane, London, E. C., ENGLAND

BY APPOINTMENT
TO H. E. THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY

D. M. DUKLE & Co.
PHOTO DEALERS,
5 Hummum Street, Fort,
BOMBAY.

THE GREAT ENEMY

of your System is an attack of Cough and Cold. Be it simple or intricated, it is always dangerous after neglect. At the outset begin at once with our BASAKARISTA—the Cough Linctus, of world-wide reputation. Many a life has been dragged from the brink of the grave, in most serious cases. It is specially a household necessity in this cold season.

Price per Phial ... ... Rs. 1 0 0
Packing and Postage ... ... Rs. 0 4 0

Do you Enjoy Food?

Can I ask you this pertinent Question? Do you go to your table with a really healthy appetite! Do you leave the table with a feeling that your food is properly digesting and thoroughly nourishing your body? You will unhesitatingly answer "No." Why do not you extricate yourself from this difficult position by using our AGNIDIPAK, an infallible remedy for Indigestion, Bad Liver, and Dyspepsia.

Price per Phial ... ... Re. 1 0 0
Packing and Postage... ... ... As. 0 5 0

ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUES containing full accounts of diseases and medicines, transmitted on application. PRESCRIPTIONS with or without Medicine sent to every part of India, Burma, Ceylon, Straits Settlements, Cape and the British Isles, on receipt of concise condition of disease.

KAVIRAJ NAGENDRA NATH SEN,
Govt. MEDICAL DIPLOMA HOLDER, 18-1 & 19, Lower Chitpur Road, Calcutta.

TRY! TRY!! TRY!!!

DR. SPOONER HART'S

1. PREPARED MEAL No. 1 for DOGS. 2 PREPARED MEAL No. 2 for PUPPIES
3. BISCUITS for DOGS. 4 PREPARED FOOD for POULTRY.
5. "NUTRIENT" (a rich Fluid Food given with the ordinary Food for HORSE and CATTLE).

1. Every Dog owner should use Dr. Spooner Hart's Prepared Meal No. 1 for Dogs, a staple diet of great value and equally suitable for all classes.

Re. 1-0 per 10-lb bag.

2. PREPARED MEAL No. 2 for PUPPIES.—This will be found "par excellence" the Food for them. Being soft and nutritious, Puppies thrive and fatten upon it and there is no fear of worms developing in the bowels (which Puppies are so liable to when fed on other materials) whilst they are on this food

Re. 1-0 per 10-lb. bag.

3. BISCUITS for DOGS.—An appetising staple diet for Sporting and other Dogs, and of great value to Shikar Parties, being easy of transport.

Rs. 2-0 per 10-lb. bag.

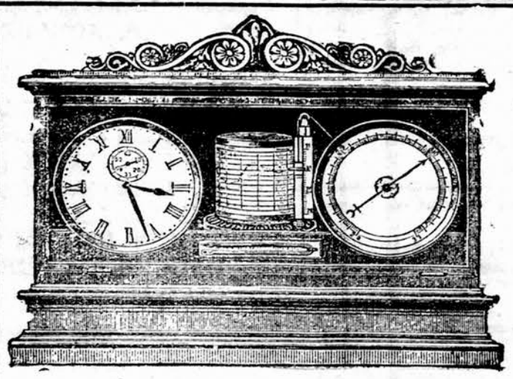
4. PREPARED FOOD for POULTRY.—Will double the profit of laying Birds and quickly increase the weight of Birds for the table, and is protective against disease.

Re. 1-0 per 20-lb. bag.

5. "NUTRIENT."—A fattening, conditioning fodder adjunct of distinction and unequalled value for maintaining condition. Horses and Cattle will fatten on it in a few days.

Rs. 3-0 per Gn. with full directions.

R. S. HART BROS.,
CALCUTTA.



THE BAROGRAPH.
OR SELF RECORDING ANEROID BAROMETER,

OF SCIENTIFIC ACCURACY. Rs. 565 ADJUSTED & TIMED.

Dimensions: Height 21½ in., Width 27½ in.

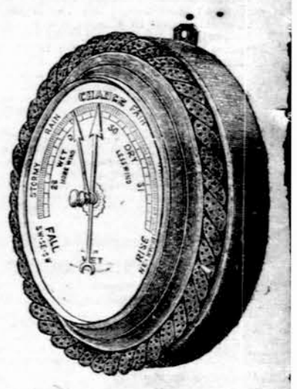
REGISTERS THE SLIGHTEST VARIATION IN PRESSURE.

This instrument is designed to show the various fluctuations which may have taken place in the Barometer in the interval between any stated hours of observation. It consists of an Aneroid Barometer and an eight-day clock, each with eight-inch dials between which is placed a vertical cylinder, four inches in diameter, carrying a paper band, ruled to coincide with the Barometer scale, and divided vertically into seven principal and seven minor divisions, indicated by darker and lighter lines. The darker lines represent the noon, and the lighter lines the midnight of each twenty-four hours. The paper thus lasts one week, the cylinder turning on its axis once in that time. Near the paper is an even-pointed pencil, guided by a metal rod, which rises or falls as the action takes place in the Aneroid, and at every hour the pencil is made to mark the paper by simple mechanism connected with the clock. A system of levers in connection with the clock produces a smart tap or blow on the Aneroid movement, three times in every hour, to overcome any slight friction, and insure a due response to the pulsations of the vacuum chamber.

By this means a black dotted curved line is produced, showing at a glance the pressure indicated by the Barometer—whether it is falling or rising—for how long it has been doing so, and at what rate the change is taking place, whether at the rate of one-tenth per hour or one tenth in twenty-four hours, facts which could only be obtained by very frequent and regular observations from an ordinary Barometer, but which are nevertheless essential to a trustworthy "weather forecast." The marked paper bands may then be filed so that a continuous record of pressure is always available.

The instrument has the advantage of freedom from complication, and is designed especially to suit the general public; it is handsome in appearance, and not easily put out of order, being admirably adapted for public libraries, the reading-rooms of clubs, &c., as well as for use by meteorological observers generally.

ANEROID BAROMETERS.



The most sensitive Instrument on the market for the accurate registration of the slightest passing change.

As illustrated, or with visible escapement, solid oak frame, rope pattern. Enamelled dial.
In four sizes—4" Rs. **15-8**; 4½" Rs. **18**; 5" Rs. **22**; 6" Rs. **30**.—In four sizes.

HALL-BAROMETER.—Carved and polished, pendant Barometer and Thermometer combination, Banjo shape visible movement, bevelled glass front. Length 20 inches. Extreme diameter 7½"; dial, 3½". Price Rs. **18**.

HALL-BAROMETER.—Carved antique pattern with pierced leaf design. Pendant Barometer and Thermometer combination. Banjo Shape. Visible movement. Raised brass bezel to Barometer and bevelled glass. Length 18½ inches. Extreme Width 9". Dial diameter 3½". Price Rs. **18**.

ASSORTED BAROMETERS in Fancy Cases, fitted carefully and adjusted. From Rs. **20** to Rs. **50**.

The Barometer and how to use it: by a Fellow of the Meteorological Society. Price Annas **8**.

MARCKS & Co., Limited.
JEWELLERS, WATCHMAKERS, OPTICIANS,
BOMBAY & POONA.

"THE HANDY."
THE LATEST AND MOST EXCELLENT
HURRICANE PROOF LANTERN.

Rs. 3-4 only.

NO HOUSEHOLD
SHOULD BE WITHOUT
"THE HANDY."

CLOSED.

OPEN

R. DITMAR BOMBAY.

'GRAND PRIX," PARIS, 1900. The highest possible Award.

JOSEPH GILLOTT'S PENS

Of Highest Quality, and Having Greatest Durability are Therefore CHEAPEST.

BIG TRADE MARK

CURES MEN & WOMEN

BIG G is a non-poisonous remedy for any unnatural discharge and inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Painless. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion.

SOLD BY CHEMISTS.

Circular mailed on request.

MANUFACTURED BY
The Evans Chemical Co.
CINCINNATI, O.
U. S. A.

LANGUID WOMEN
PALE CHILDREN
OLD PEOPLE, INVALIDS

VIN CHAPOTEAUT
(CHAPOTEAUT'S WINE OF PEPTONE)
A DELICIOUS NUTRITIVE STIMULANT

This alimentary wine is easily assimilated when no other solid or liquid food will remain on the stomach, Indicated in constitutional weakness and lack of digestive power, for the Aged, Anæmic, Dyspeptic, and Convalescent

It helps sufferers from Consumption, Dysentery, Cancers, and Ulceration of the Stomach.

CHAPOTEAUT PARIS

Milkmaid
BRAND
Milk

As a guarantee of Quality, see the MILKMAID on every Tin.

LARGEST SALE in the WORLD.

TRADE MARK

WE SEND ON APPROVAL and guarantee safe delivery Highest grade Cycles fully warranted. Latest Rates **£2.10 to £5.5.0**
Dunlop Tyres, Vestwood Steel Rims, Free Wheels; Mud Guards, Brakes.
CARRIAGE PAID to any port
Motor Cars and Motocycles Tyres, Accessories, Sporting Goods & Sewing Machines Half Usual Prices. Write for Catalogs and Special Offer using sufficient foreign postage.
MEAD CYCLE CO., Dept. 338 CHICAGO, U.S.A. and LUDGATE HILL, ENGLAND.

Published by the Proprietor, GRATTAN GEARY, at the Bombay Gazette Offices at No. 121, Meadow Street, Fort, Bombay, and printed at the Steam Press and Jobbing Office, Armenian Lane, Rampart Row, Fort.
AGENTS.—LONDON: GEORGE STREET & Co., 30, Cornhill, E. C.; Messrs. D. J. KEYMER & Co.; 1, Whitefriars Street, London, E.C.; Messrs. WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co.; 31, Fenchurch Street, London, E. C.; Messrs. GALIGNANI & Co., Publishers, Rue de Rivoli; CALCUTTA: Messrs. THACKER SPINK & Co.

Bombay Gazette.

SECOND EDITION

BOMBAY GAZETTE FRIDAY, DECEMBER 23, 1904.

GROSSLY INADEQUATE SENTENCES.

JUDGMENT OF THE HIGH COURT.

Mr. Bhawanishankar Venkappa, third class Magistrate Ankola, convicted Govind bin Hanma and two others of voluntarily causing hurt, and sentenced Nos 1 and 3 to pay a fine of one rupee each, or in default to suffer two days' rigorous imprisonment: and No 2 to pay a fine of two rupees or in default to suffer four days' rigorous imprisonment. A reference in the case by Mr. G Monteath District Magistrate, Kanara, was considered at the High Court on Tuesday before the Hon Mr Justice Russell and the Hon Mr Justice Aston.

Mr S V Palekar appeared for the accused, Mr Nilkanth Atmaram for the complainant and Rao Bahadoor V. J, Kirtiker, Government Pleader, for the Crown.

Mr. Monteath, District Magistrate, Kanara, in making the reference to the High Court in September last, stated the facts of the case to be these. One Rami made a complaint charging the accused with have voluntarily caused her serious hurt. She pointed out her injuries to the Magistrate, and stated in the course of the trial that she was injured by blows dealt with the back of a sickle and that she was in severe bodily pain and unable to follow her ordinary pursuits for a long time. The Magistrate himself found that she was very severely beaten. The case was "prima facie" one not of simple, but of grievous hurt Mr. Monteath considered that, in the first place, the Magistrate was not competent to try the case. It appeared that the complainant pointed out to the magistrate the evidences of the injuries caused to her, on her clothes and person, and stated that she was even then unable to walk. The Magistrate therefore ought to have stayed further proceedings and reported the case for orders. Moreover, the punishment appeared to Mr. Monteath to be in any case quite inadequate. For, whether it was ultimately found that the offence committed was technically one of grievous hurt or not, the evidence left no doubt that severe hurt was caused to the complainant, and the Magistrate also found that she was beaten very severely. The reasons given by the Magistrate for inflicting a nominal punishment were utterly insufficient. The discussion of the question of possession or title, into which the Magistrate had entired at length, was irrelevant to the issue in the cases. Mr. Monteath therefore recommended that the proceedings in the case might be quashed, or that a retrial be ordered, or that the sentence be enhanced, and the Magistrate's remarks regarding the question of possession and title be declared "ultra vires."

Their lordships, after hearing the arguments of the pleaders, passed the following order:—The Court being of opinion that the sentences passed on the accused aforesaid are grossly inadequate, enhances the sentence of each of the accused to three months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs.50 each, out of which Rs 75 are to be paid to the complainant in compensation for the injury caused by the offence committed. In default of payment of fine, each of the accused to suffer further rigorous imprisonment for three months. The Court is further of opinion that there is nothing in this case to suggest private defence on the part of the accused.

INCOME-TAX.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE"

Sir,—The levy of the income-tax is an unmixed evil, but as it is a necessary one it has to be put up with. When the Government of India last year in a spirit of generosity exempted from its operation annual incomes of Rs. 1.000 and under, the whole country rejoiced at the unwonted liberality shown by the Government. The subordinate tax-gatherer however, has nullified to some extent the generous policy. and the Imperial Government has drawn the attention of the local administrators to the harshness with which apparently the tax is collected from parties who ought to be exempt. In Bombay they have a method of assessing incomes which I do not like. One would think that the tax should be levied on the income actually earned; but it is not so. For instance, I am a property-holder. One of my houses was erected during the past official year and was let to tenants for only 4 months which fact was duly shown in the schedule presented to me for filling. The Income-Tax Collector has however, assessed the income from that property as though the house was let for a whole year. Then again I live in a house of my own which brings me no income whatever; nevertheless, the Income-Tax Collector assesses the hypothetic income according to the Municipal assessment. I think it is very hard upon small property holders. The object of Government is to levy the tax on the actual income of parties liable to the tax and not on hypothetic incomes. As I failed to get redress at the office of the Income-Tax Collector, I appeal to the public.—Yours, &c.

INCOME-TAX.

Bombay December, 22nd

THE TIBET MEDAL.

We trust, says the "Pioneer" that as a special medal is to be granted to all who shared in the Tibet affair there will be at least two clasps given to add to its distinctive value. The troops who made the historic march to Lhassa should have something more than the bare medal, and so should those units which bore the brunt of the fighting in and about Gyantse. Otherwise they will be on the same level as the men who worked at the base at Siliguri and alonn the line of communcations to Chumbi. We do got want in any way to depreciate the labours of those engaged in transport and supply, for upon their efforts much of the success gained necessarily depended; but still there must be some differentiation in these matters. Clasps are usually given for actions, and it may therefore be urged that one for the march to Lhassa would be irregular; but it may be remembered that for the march from Kabul to Kandahar in 1880 something more than a clasp was given—a special star was struck and there was a clasp for the battle of Kandahar in addition. It is quite true that the troops which formed the escort of the Mission were never formally made a Field Force, but it would be an ungenerous proceeding to emphasise a minor point of this kind. They had to march and fight desperately on occasion and all the conditions obtaining were those of active service. When men have to defend an entrenched camp for weeks on end, to attack an enemy holding strong positions and eventually to storm a fort—not to mention skirmishes at odd moments—they can well claim that they have been engaged in military operations. The indiscriminate granting of rewards for small Frontier expeditions is undesirable, but this Tibetan expedition was another affair, and the honours have certainly not been overdone. Colonel Macdonald, for instance, has only received a Knighthood in a Civil Order instead of the customary K. C. B., though he had the conduct of military operations and was not concerned in the political work of the Commission. If the medal is given without any clasp, it will lose much of its value in the eyes of those who looked upon Lhassa after they had done their share of the fighting at Gyantse.

EMERGENT WORK: WHAT IS IT?

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

Sir,—It has been published in the latest Government Gazette—that all public offices will be closed from 24th December to 3rd January both days inclusive; and that heads of offices will make arrangements for the despatch of any emergent business that may arise during the interval. On the strength of this publication the City Magistrate Surat, has fixed a Criminal Case for hearing on the 26th December in spite of the protest of all the parties and pleaders engaged on either side who desire to go out for recreation during the Christmas holidays. The accused in the case are on bail, the offence with which they are charged being a bailable one. The case was originally fixed for hearing no the 7th December, but as the said Magistrate had to go out on a week's casual leave even before that date (7th Dec.) it was adjourned to 17th. It had to be adjourned to 26th December again because one of the accused was ill on the 17th. Had any arrangements been made to proceed with the hearing of the "case" as an emergent matter—if it were so regarded—by his "locum tenens" then it would have been finished here long.

A joint motion by all the parties and their pleaders was made before the said Magistrate to adjourn the case to any other day after the holidays, as it was improper to compel pleaders to work during close holidays, and he asked for an authoritative ruling on the point. We know of no such ruling; as there could not have been any occasion for such a ruling. Will any of your numerous readers come to the help of moffusil pleaders like ourselves and let us know if there has been any ruling on a matter like this or will the Government be graciously pleased to define accurately what they mean by "emergent work" that "may arise during the interval," so that subordinate Magistrate may learn to understand things better, and being satisfied with an authoritative pronouncement from Government may not trouble us to cite an authority for our humble and respectful request to be allowed to enjoy the Christmas holidays at the end of a year of hard and continued work?—Yours &c.

C. M. GANDHI,
High Court Pleader.

Kinari Bazar, Surat.

Pity the sorrows of the man who lives at the foot of a dangerous hill! Mr. Winckley lives at the foot of Grove Hill, Harrow, and so many accidents have happened in ten years to cyclists and motorists (Mr. Winckley's own census of the number comes to over 300) that his house has become—what it is indeed called—a hospital. A Local Government Board inspector was holding an inquiry to decide whether the road should or should not be closed to motor-cars. Abroad dangerous spots are sometimes provided with a building containing first-aid to the injured, whilst at one time on the Riviera a particularly dangerous bridge was provided with a catcher to rescue the unwary cyclist from the tream beneath.

THE WEATHER.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, Dec. 22.

Thursday.—Pressure has fallen briskly in Baluchistan and slightly Upper India. It has risen briskly to rapidly in Kashmir, and slightly to briskly in the Central parts of India, and the South Peninsula. Rain has fallen on the East Coast especially in the northern districts, and a few scattered falls in Central parts of India. The amounts reported are all small, the largest being half an inch at Vizagapatam. Conditions are disturbed in Persia, where light rain has fallen and a feeble disturbance is apparently advancing eastwards. No rain of importance is likely in the Indian region, during next 24 hours though a few scattered showers are probable.

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER AND CROP REPORTS, 22ND DECEMBER.

Amritsar.—Bright, no sign of rain. All rabi crops doing well.

Hissars.—Bright, no sign of rain. All crops doing well.

Delhi.—Bright, no sign of rain. Crop prospects generally good.

Agra.—Bright, no sign of rain.

Cawnpore.—Cloudy, but no rain. Rabi crop prospects generally good.

Beawar.—Cloudy, but no rain. Mornings cold and dewy.

Amraoti.—Bright, no sign of rain. Rabi crop prospects generally good.

Dhulia.—Cloudy, but no rain. Rabi crop prospects generally good.

Broach.—Bright fair; easterly wind. Cotton picking general, but slow.

Viramgam.—Bright, no sign of rain. Cotton plants show bolls rapidly ripening.

Wadhwan.—Bright no sign of rain. Mornings cold and dewy. Seasonable. Cotton plants flourishing, ready for picking, and want fine weather.

Dholera.—Mornings cold and dewy. Cotton picking partially begun.

Bhavnagar.—Bright, no sign of rain. Seasonable. Mornings cold and dewy. Cotton picking general.

Barsi.—Seasonable; hot and cloudy. Dewfall insufficient. Cotton picking general and arriving in small quantities.

Sholapur.—Dewfall insufficient. Food-grains suffering from want of rain.

Hubli.—Bright, no sign of rain. Dewfall insufficient. Rain much needed generally. Dry winds and weather affecting crops adversely.

Bellary.—Bright, no sign of rain. Cotton plants want more rain. Absence of rain causes anxiety.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN AT 8 A.M. ON THURSDAY, THE 22ND DECEMBER.

SUMMARY.

Pressure changes show a brisk rise in Rajputana, Central India and at Ahmedabad, Hoshangabad, Khandwa, Akola, Poona and Negapatam and a slight rise or fall elsewhere. The barometer is in considerable excess of normal in Sind.

Winds are very variable in direction and the force has been fresh to strong in Cutch and at Madras and generally light elsewhere.

Temperature.—The greatest variations are:—Maximum 5deg. to 12deg. in defect of normal in the Punjab, United Provinces, Rajputana and at Bhuj, Rajkot, Deesa, Saugor, Jubbulpore, Ratnagiri, Masulipatam, Cuddapah, Madras and Negapatam and 5deg. to 6deg. in excess at Coimbatore and Nagpur; minimum 5deg. to 11deg. in excess in Berar, over the greater part of the Deccan and at Nagpur, Khandwa, Surat, Hoshangabad, Jubbulpore, Allahabad and Cawnpore and 5deg. to 6deg. in defect at Neemuch and Karachi. The highest temperature in the shade was 90deg. at Cochin and the lowest 36deg. at Jacobabad.

Cloud and Humidity.—The sky is cloudy to overcast at Negapatam, Coimbatore, Bellary, Masulipatam, Cuddapah, Bangalore, Mangalore, Calicut, Raipur, Khandwa, Jubbulpore and Indore.

Rain in light showers fell at Madras, Nagpur Saugor, Indore and Allahabad.

Weather is becoming fine but is slightly favourable for light local rain in the Madras Presidency and the Central Provinces.

N. LESLIE,
Meteorological Reporter for Western India.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.
Bombay, 21st December 1904.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 6 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 dex. Fah. ... inches	29 925
Temperature of the air ... degrees	76·6
Wet Bulb Thermometer ...	72·3
Dew Point ...	70 6
Relative humidity of Air ...	0·842
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded = 10) ...	0 6
Maximum temperature of air (read at 8 a.m.) next day ... degrees	83 7
Minimum do. do. (read at 8 a.m.) ...	71 3
General Directions of Wind.*	...NE, ENE, WNW, NW, NNW.
Movement of Wind in 24 hours* miles ...	202

* From midnight to midnight.

N. A. F. MOOS,
Director Government Observatory.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 June, 2017

INDIAN CROP PROSPECTS.

BENGAL BHADOI CROPS.

The final forecast of the "bhadoi' crops of Bengal, 1904, is as under :—

The chief bhadoi food crops of Bengal are—(a) Cereals including millets : bhadoi paddy, maize or makai, great millet or jowar, spiked millet or bajra and the minor millets marua, kodo, cheena kaon and shama. (b) Pulses : bhadoi kalai and mung; cowpeas or barbati; also other pulses as mothi or bhringi, etc. The chief bhadoi non-food crops are jute, indigo and cotton, for which separate forecasts are issued. Bhadoi til is included in the oil-seed forecast. Bhadoi paddy occupies nearly 60 per cent. of the total area under bhadoi crops in the Province, and it is the chief of the bhadoi-food crops of Bengal Proper, and of the Bhagalpur Division. In the Patna Division maize and the millets jowar, bajra, mandua are extensively grown, there being more maize north of the Ganges, and more jowar south of the river. These crops are also much grown in some districts of the Bhagalpur and Chota Nagpur Divisions. Maize alone occupies 30 per cent. of the total bhadoi cropped area in Bihar and 20 per cent. of that in Chota Nagpur. Practically there is no maize or any of the millets in Bengal Proper or Orissa.

As reported in the preliminary forecast, the rainfall in March was generally scanty throughout the Province, except in Chota Nagpur Division. In April the rainfall was very heavy in Dacca and Chittagong Divisions but was practically normal in the rest of the Province. In May the fall was fairly heavy, being excessive in North and East Bengal, and about normal in Orissa. In June the fall was much below the normal in North and East Bengal, especially the former, while it was slightly in excess in Orissa and Chota Nagpur. In July the fall was excessive in South-West Bengal, Chota Nagpur and Bihar, but deficient in Orissa. In Orissa, Chota Nagpur and North Bengal there was a normal fall in August, while in East and South-West Bengal it was very scanty. In Nadia, Jessore, Khulna, 24-Parganas, Burdwan, Chittagong and Pabna the deficiency being from 30 to 40 per cent. of the normal. The rainfall in September was deficient in all the divisions of the Province, especially in Bihar where the deficiency amounted to over 60 per cent. of the normal. The heavy downpour in July and August, caused floods in Monghyr and did considerable damage to the crops in many parts of Bihar. On the whole, the rainfall was very unfavourable to the bhadoi crops.

The District officers of Jessore, Bogra, Tippera, Singhbhum and Balasore have revised their normal areas. Thus 13,379,400 acres are shown in Appendix I against 13,205,900 acres shown last year. The area reported as sown this year with different bhadoi crops is 12,552,400 acres against 12,151,200 acres reported last year. Of this, the bhadoi food crops occupy 11,913,800 acres against 11,703,900 acres shown last year. The estimate of normal area is based upon ascertained data in 20 districts only which have been surveyed wholly or almost so, and whose normal acreage under this crop is 3,406,293 acres, and the actual area under the bhadoi crops this year in the same districts is estimated at 3300,605 acres.

Only two districts, e. g., Dacca and Faridpur, report a normal crop. Four districts, e. g., Rajshahi, Darjeeling, Bhagalpur and Balasore report outturns varying from 90 to 99 per cent. Ten districts report between 80 to 89 per cent. and 16 districts report between 70 to 79 per cent. Seven districts report between 60 to 69 per cent., while six districts report below 60 per cent., e. g., Hazaribagh (57 per cent.) Muzaffarpur (56 per cent.), Murshidabad and Gaya (each 53 per cent.) Monghr (49 per cent.) and Shahabad (39 per cent). Since the issue of the preliminary forecast in September last, prospects improved in six districts, remained stationary in 19 and deteriorated in 20 districts.

According to the estimates of the district officers, the total outturn of the bhadoi crops for the Province as a whole is 73 per cent. In the preliminary forecast I anticipated the outturn to be not more than 80 per cent., but the continuance of the unfavourable conditions in September, and the consequent further damage brought the outturn, further down, and I am inclined to think the total will not exceed 75 per cent. Taking 80 per cent as the probable outturn of bhadoi paddy, the gross outturn of cleaned bhadoi rice may be estimated at 42,661,600 cwts. against 61. 41,664, 800 cwts. of last year.

BENGAL INDIGO.

The final forecast of the indigo crop of Bengal 1904, is as follows :—

Indigo is grown chiefly in North Behar, i. e., Darbhanga, Muzaffarpur, Champaran, and Chapra, and also in Monghyr, Bhagalpur and Purnea. The character of the season in these districts, therefore, governs the outturn of the crop for the Province generally. As reported in the Preliminary forecast the rainfall from January to April was generally much below the normal in all the important indigo-growing districts. The fall was, however, heavy in May, but below the normal again in June. In July and August the fall was excessive in Behar, but much below the normal in Purnea. September was a very dry month all over the Province, but in Behar the deficiency amounted to over 60 per cent. of the normal. The fall in October was heavy. The rain in July and August caused floods in Monghyr and did considerable damage to the crop in many parts of Behar. The season on the whole was very unfavourable.

Since the issue of the Preliminary forecast the normal area under the crop has been revised by the District Officers of Nadia, Rangpur, Muzaffarpur, and Darbhanga. The normal area for the whole Province now stands at 346,300 acres, against 379,100 acres reported last year. The actual area under the crop this year is estimated at 223,100 acres, against 249,700 acres shown last year. Out of the nineteen indigo-growing districts the figures representing the normal areas for Saran, Champaran, Darbhanga Midnapore, Murshidabad, and Jessore, making a total of 186,800 acres, are derived from survey figures. The actual area for the same districts excepting Champaran, amounting to 473,000 acres, are also based on survey figures.

Of the important districts, Champaran returns an outturn of 54 per cent. of the normal, Saran 44 per cent., Muzaffarpur only 33 per cent., while Monghyr shows 63 per cent., Purnea 70 per cent. Darbhanga 73 per cent, and Bhagalpur 77 per cent. Of the minor districts, Gaya and Malda only show a normal outturn; Shahabad 80 per cent., each; Cuttack, Burwan, and Bankura 75 per cent., the Sonthal Parganas 51 per cent.; Midnapur, Murshidabad, Rangpur 50 per cent, each; Nadia 42 per cent. and Jessore only 30 per cent. Since the issue of the Preliminary forecast the prospects of the crop improved in four districts, was stationary in nine districts and deteriorated in six districts.

The estimated outturn for Lower Bengal, including the minor Bihar districts, is 69 per cent., and that of North Bihar 53 per cent. The average for the Province according to the District Officers' estimate comes to 53 per cent. of a normal crop. In the Preliminary forecast I had anticipated an outturn of 60 per cent.; but owing to the continuance of the unfavourable season in September and October, I am inclined to accept the District Officers' estimate. The total yield in North Bihar may amount to 24,700 factory maunds, against 29,885 factory maunds of last year; and in Lower Bengal including the minor Bihar districts, 8,340 factory maunds, against 11,675 factory maunds of last year; or a total of 33,040 factory maunds, against 41,560 factory maunds of last year. Messrs. Moran and Company estimate 5,000 factory maunds from Lower Bengal and 30,000 factory maunds from Bihar, or a total of 35,000 factory maunds. A factory maund is equal to about 75 lbs.

BURMA RICE.

Summary of the rice-crop forecast for the month of November 1904 is as under :—The area under rice cultivation in the 15 principal rice-producing district, is now reported to be 6,740,069 acres, or a decrease of 21,596 acres below last year's actuals, as reviseds The total fallow area is returned at 422,549 acres, and area destroyed by floods at 207,981 acres, Bassein and Thaton respectively, being mainly responsible for the decrease in the former case and the increase in the latter. The rainfall in the first half of November was most beneficial, but the high winds did some damage in Ma-ubin, while a cyclone reduced the Akyab crop by 2 annas. Prospects generally continue satisfactory, and an outturn of 5 per cent. below normal is anticipated. The surplus available export is estimated at 2,293,300 tons of cargo rice, equivalent to 33,869,492 cwts. of cleaned rice.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

SQUADRON ORDERS, BY MAJOR. T. W. CUFFE A. D. C. COMMANDING Bo. L. H.

Bombay, December 23.

1 There will be no shooting at Santa Cruz until 7th January, 1905.

By Order.
F. A. REDDIE, Lieut,
Acting Adjt. B. L. H.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS, BY LT.-COL. LOUIS P. RUSSELL, COMMANDING B. V. A.

Bombay, December 23.

1 The following member having joined has been taken on the strength of the Corps and posted to No 4—Sub-Div No 2 Company—No 1003 W H King.

2 The following member having rejoined has been taken on the strength of and posted to No 3—Sub-Div No 2 Coy—No 692 Gr J Hatton.

3 The following transfer has been sanctioned Gr T Halse from No 2 Company to the reserve.

4 The following member having resigned has been struck off the strength of the Corps from the 15th inst Gr F Cooper.

By Order
A. STIFFE, Capt. R. A.
Adjt. B. V. A.

NOTICE.

As the lists for the Christmas tree are to be closed shortly Parents are kindly requested to send in immediately the names, ages, and sexes of their children 13 years and under, List will be closed on the 29th instant.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT-COL. E. FERRERS NICHOLSON, V. D. COMMANDING.

Bombay, December 23.

1 The 113th Bombay Infantry Rifle Range at Santa Cruz will be available daily for Class-Firing daily until further orders. The Commanding Officer trusts that members will take advantage of this, and that Section Commanders will get their Sections out to the Range so that their Sections may complete their Class-Firing as soon as possible, and the Range may be reserved for practice for the Rifle meeting.

2 There will be Drill for "F" Company at St Mary's College, Byculla, at 8-15 p.m. to-day (Friday), the 23rd inst.

Dress—Plain Clothes, Rifles and Side Arms.

3 The Head Quarters Office will be closed from the 25th to 27th instant inclusive, for the Christmas Holidays.

4 The following members having joined are taken on the strength of the Corps from this date and posted to "F" Company :—No 5900 Vol A Fraser; No 3901 Vol H Tousaint and No 5902 Vol W Newbold.

By Order,
G. D. PRICE, Captain.
Adjutant, B. V. R.

THE CITY MORTALITY.

THE Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours ending at 6 a. m., yesterday, give the following results :—

Wards.	Plague Attack.	Plague Deaths.	Deaths from all Causes
A Upper, Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern, Fort Southern and Esplanade ...	1	1	7
B Mandvi, Chukla, Oomerkhadi and Dongri	10	5	18
C Market, Dhobi Talao, Fanaswady, Bhuleshwar, Khara Talao, and Kumbharwada	5	3	17
D Khetwadi, Girgaum, Chowpati, Walkeshwar, and Mahaluxmi	1	1	4
E Mazagon, Tarwady, 2nd Nagapada, Kamatipura, Tardeo, Byculla and 1st Nagapada	3	2	17
F Parel, Sewree and Sion	0	0	11
G Mahim and Worli.....	0	0	8
Water Division.....	0	0	0
Non-Resident and Unknown...	0	0	0
Hospitals	0	0	6
Total	20	11	88
Total plague deaths to date ...	277,894	230,033	
Same date last year	12	13	79

THE SCIND AND PUNJAB COTTON PRESS CO.

THE thirty-third annual ordinary general meeting of the shareholders of the above-named Company was held, yesterday afternoon, at the Company's registered office in Tamarind Lane, Fort, Mr. Lukhmidass Walljee, presiding. On the motion of the Chairman the following report of the directors for the year ending the 31st of August last, was approved of and adopted :—

From the annexed balance-sheet and the statement of profit and loss for the year ending 31st August, 1904, it will be observed that the net profit made by the Company during the said year amounts to Rs. 23,931-1-7, including Rs. 114-14-5 brought forward from the last year's account. It is therefore proposed to divide the said profit as under :—To pay a dividend for the year at Rs. 150 per share on 100 shares, which will absorb Rs. 15,000. to carry to depreciation account Rs. 4,000, to carry the amount to meet contingencies Rs. 2,000, to amount set aside for equalisation of dividends Rs. 2 000, to bonus to be paid to Company's employee Rs. 500, to balance carried forward to next year's account Rs. 431-1-7. Total Rs 23,931-1-7 The directors think it necessary to bring it to the notice of the sharesholders that the Bombay High Court has appointed Messrs. Chtterbhoj Morarjee, Laljee Naranjee, and Bhagwandass Waljee, receivers of the firm of Messrs. Mooljee Jaitha and Company, including their business of Secretaries and Treasurers of the Company in a suit filed by Bai Gangabai, widow of the late Mr. Gordhandass Soonderdas against Mr. Bhagwandass Walljee and others.

Mr. Sorabji Cursetjee Sett was re-elected a director while Mr. Govindji Madhowjee was re-appointed an auditor of the Company. The meeting dispersed with a vote of thanks to the Chairman.

ROBBERY ON THE RAILWAYS.

AT the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday, before Mr. P. H. Dastur, second Presidency Magistrate, Frank De Silva, a guard in the employ of the G. I. P. Railway, and his mother Violet De Silva, were charged, the former with misappropriating a box containing currency notes and cash of the value of Rs. 1,000, and the latter with receiving the stolen property. Mr. Rustom D. N. Wadia, instructed by Mr. Pereira, pleader, defended the accused. The evidence showed that on the 29th October last, one Janmahomed, a Mahomedan merchant dealing in timber and onions prepared two boxes one containing biscuits, and the other money. He ordered his servant Ramchandra to despatch the box containing biscuits to Chinchwad; but the servant by mistake sent the box containing the money. The box was lost in transit and the accused, who was spending money lavishly was arrested on suspicion. On enquiries being made gold articles of the value of Rs. 250 were recovered from the accused, while Rs. 650 were found with his mother. It was further ascertained that the very next day, after the box had been consigned, the accused had purchased the articles and handed over the money to his mother. The Magistrate convicted the first accused and sentenced him to six months' imprisonment with hard labour. The second accused was discharged owing to the absence of evidence showing guilty knowledge on her part.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

The "Bombay Government Gazette," December 22.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Maj F W Wodehouse, Political Agent, Fourth Grade is granted privilege leave for three months combined with furlough for ten months from the 1st Feb 1905, or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

The following Notifications by the Govt of India in Forign Dept is republished for general information with reference to Govt Notification No 3071 dated 11th May in this Dept.

With reference to Notification No 1481 E C dated the 5th May 1904 Mr F W Bickol Consul for Sweden and Norway at Bombay, resumed charge of his office on the 19th Nov.

With reference to Notification No 1906 E C dated the 17th June 1904 Monseur W deKlemme Consul for Russia at Bombay, resumed charge of his office on the 22nd Nov.

With reference to Notification No 2516 E C dated the 8th Aug 1904 Mr S W Anderson Consular Agent at Karachi for the Austro-Hungarian Empire has resumed charge of his office.

With reference to Notification No 2696 E C dated the 19th Aug 1904 Mr J G Bendien Consul for the Netherlands at Bombay resumed charge of his office on the 12th Nov.

H Ex the Govr in Council is pleased to appoint Mr A D Brown B A Oxon I C S to act as Political Agent Surat during the absence on privileage leave of Mr W T Morison I C S or pending further orders.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Under the provisions of Rule 3 of the Rules framed under section 60 r and t of the Prisons Act, 1894 H Ex the Govr in Council is pleased to appoint Mr Purshottamral Vasantra Desai to be a non-official visitor of the Godhra Subsidiary Jail vice Maj Jagjivandas Shivlal deceased.

In modification of Govt Notification No 6385 dated the 7th Dec 1904 so far as it relates to the appointment of Mr Vishnu Vasudev Phadke the Govr in Council is pleased to make the following appointment—Mr Vishnu Vasudev Phadke First Class Subordinate Judge Karwar to be First Class Subordinate Judge Dharwar and Mr Raghavendra Ramchandra Gangolli First Class Subordinate Judge Dharwar to be First Class Subordinate Judge Dhulia.

H Excy in Council is also pleased under section 28 of the Bombay Civil Courts Act 1869 as amended by section 6 of Bombay Act I of 1900 to invest the First Class Subordinate Judges Mr Vishnu Vasudev Phadke First Class Subordinate Judge Dharwar and Mr Raghavendra Ramchandra Gangolli First Class Subordinate Judge Dhulia within the local limits of the ordinary jurisdiction of the Courts specified against their names as now fixed or as hereafter altered by any notification for the time being in force under section 2 A of the former Act with the jurisdiction of a Judge of a court of small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such Courts up to the amount of Rs 500.

The Gov in Council is pleased to invest Mr R E A Elliot I C S Assist Judge Khandesh with the appellate jurisdiction described in section 17 of the Bombay Civil Courts Act 1869.

Mr Mahadev Raghunath Nadkarni First Class Subordinate Judge under the Dekkan Agriculturists Relief Act for the district of Poona Satara and Sholapur is granted privilege leave for one month from the date on which he availed himself of it.

Printed at the "Bombay Gazette" Steam Press.